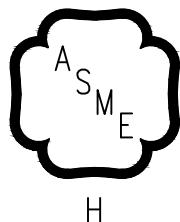


# INSTALLATION, OPERATING AND SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS FOR

## V9A WATER SERIES BOILER



### ⚠WARNING

This manual must only be used by a qualified heating installer/service technician. BEFORE installing, read all instructions in this manual and all other information shipped with the boiler. Post all instructions and manuals near the boiler for reference by service personnel. Perform steps in the order given. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

### ⚠ADVERTISSEMENT

Ce manuel ne doit être utilisé que par un installateur de chauffage / technicien d'entretien qualifié. AVANT l'installation, lisez toutes les instructions de ce manuel et toutes les autres informations expédiées avec la chaudière. Affichez toutes les instructions et manuels près de la chaudière pour référence par le personnel de service. Effectuez les étapes dans l'ordre indiqué. Le non-respect de cette consigne peut entraîner des blessures graves, la mort ou des dommages matériels importants.



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## **IMPORTANT INFORMATION - READ AND SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR REFERENCE**

All boilers must be installed in accordance with National, State and Local Plumbing, Heating and Electrical Codes and the regulations of the serving utilities. These Codes and Regulations may differ from this instruction manual. Authorities having jurisdiction should be consulted before installations are made. In all cases, reference should be made to the following Standards:

### **USA BOILERS**

- A. Current Edition of American National Standard ANSI/NFPA 31, "Installation of Oil Burning Equipment," for recommended installation practices.
- B. Current Edition of National Fuel Gas Code, NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1.
- C. Current Edition of American National Standard ANSI/NFPA 211, "Chimneys, Fireplaces, Vents, and Solid Fuel Burning Appliances," For Venting requirements.
- D. Current Edition of American Society of Mechanical Engineers ASME CSD-1, "Controls and Safety Devices for Automatically Fired Boilers," for assembly and operations of controls and safety devices.
- E. All wiring on boilers installed in the USA shall be made in accordance with the National Electrical Code and/or Local Regulations.

### **CANADIAN BOILERS**

- A. Current Edition of Canadian Standards Association CSA B139, "Installation Code for Oil Burning Equipment," for recommended Installation Practices.
- B. The equipment shall be installed in accordance with the current Installation Code for Gas Burning Appliances and Equipment, CSA B149, and applicable Provincial Regulations for the class; which should be carefully followed in all cases. Authorities having jurisdiction should be consulted before installations are made.
- C. All wiring on boilers installed in Canada shall be made in accordance with the Canadian Electrical Code and/or Local Regulations.

### **Hazard definitions**

The following defined terms are used throughout this manual to bring attention to the presence of hazards of various risk levels or to important information concerning the life of the product.

#### **⚠ DANGER**

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death, serious injury or substantial property damage.

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in moderate or minor injury or property damage.

#### **⚠ WARNING**

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death, serious injury or substantial property damage.

#### **NOTICE**

Indicates special instructions on installation, operation, or maintenance which are important but not related to personal injury hazards.

### **Définitions des dangers**

Les termes suivants sont utilisés tout au long de ce manuel afin de souligner la présence de dangers dont le niveau de risque varie ou de mettre en relief de l'information cruciale quant à la durée de vie du produit.

#### **⚠ DANGER**

Indique une situation de danger imminent qui, si elle n'est pas évitée, peut causer la mort, de graves blessures ou d'importants dommages matériels.

#### **⚠ ATTENTION**

Indique une situation de danger potentiel qui, si elle n'est pas évitée, cause la mort, de graves blessures ou d'importants dommages matériels.

#### **⚠ AVERTISSEMENT**

Indique une situation de danger potentiel qui, si elle n'est pas évitée, peut causer des blessures mineures ou de légers dommages matériels.

#### **AVIS**

Indique des directives particulières, importantes, mais sans risque de blessure, lors de l'installation, de l'utilisation ou de l'entretien.

## **! DANGER**

**DO NOT store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors or liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.**

If you smell gas or fuel oil vapors, do not try to operate the burner/boiler system. Do not touch any electrical switch or use any phone in the building. Immediately call the gas or oil supplier from a remotely located phone.

Burner/boiler systems produce steam or hot water in a pressurized vessel by mixing extremely flammable gaseous, liquid or solid fuels with air to produce combustion and very hot products of combustion. Explosions, fires severe personal injury, death and/or property damage will result from improper, careless or inadequate installation, operation or maintenance of fuel-burning and boiler equipment.

## **! DANGER**

**NE PAS entreposer ni utiliser d'essence ou d'autres vapeurs ou liquides inflammables à proximité de cet appareil ou de tout autre appareil.**

**Si vous sentez des vapeurs de gaz ou de mazout, n'essayez pas de faire fonctionner le système brûleur / chaudière. Ne touchez à aucun interrupteur électrique et n'utilisez aucun téléphone dans le bâtiment. Appelez immédiatement le fournisseur de gaz ou de pétrole à partir d'un téléphone situé à distance.**

**Les systèmes de brûleurs / chaudières produisent de la vapeur ou de l'eau chaude dans un récipient sous pression en mélangeant des combustibles gazeux, liquides ou solides extrêmement inflammables avec de l'air pour produire une combustion et des produits de combustion très chauds. Les explosions, les incendies, des blessures graves, la mort et / ou des dommages matériels résulteront d'une installation, d'une utilisation ou d'un entretien inappropriés, imprudents ou inadéquats des équipements de chauffage et de chaudière.**

## **! WARNING**

**Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Failure to follow all instructions in the proper order can cause personal injury or death. Read and understand all instructions, including all those contained in component manufacturers manuals which are provided with the appliance before installing, starting-up, operating, maintaining or servicing this appliance. Keep this manual and literature in legible condition and posted near appliance for reference by owner and service technician.**

**This boiler requires regular maintenance and service to operate safely. Follow the instructions contained in this manual.**

**Installation, maintenance, and service must be performed only by an experienced, skilled and knowledgeable installer or service agency.**

**All heating systems should be designed by competent contractors and only persons knowledgeable in the layout and installation of hydronic heating systems should attempt installation of any boiler.**

**It is the responsibility of the installing contractor to see that all controls are correctly installed and are operating properly when the installation is completed.**

**Installation is not complete unless a safety (relief) valve is installed into the specified tapping on the supply manifold located on top and at rear of appliance.**

**This boiler is NOT suitable for installation on combustible flooring.**

**Do not tamper with or alter the boiler or controls. Retain your contractor or a competent serviceman to assure that the unit is properly adjusted and maintained.**

**Carbon monoxide is an odorless, deadly gas that may be introduced into your building by any malfunctioning fuel burning product or vent system failure. It is recommended that a carbon monoxide detector be installed and interlocked to the appliance limit string. Consult your local jurisdiction for additional requirements.**

**Clean boiler at least once a year—preferably at the start of the heating season to remove soot and scale. The inside of the combustion chamber should also be cleaned and inspected at the same time.**

**Have Burner and Controls checked at least once a year or as may be necessitated. Do not operate unit with jumpered or absent controls or safety devices. Do not operate unit if any control, switch, component, or device has been subject to water.**

**Return water cannot be lower than 135°F for prolonged periods of time. Operation under these conditions will result in sustained condensing within the combustion chamber and potentially reduce boiler longevity.**

**In addition, the return water cannot be introduced into the boiler if it is more than 40°F less than the idle boiler temperature. Continued operation under these conditions may result in premature boiler failure through thermal shock.**

**Example: A boiler that has been idle for some time since the last heat demand cycle may have its boiler water temperature reduced to 150°F. The return temperature from the next zone activation cannot be less than 110°F.**

## **⚠️ ADVERTISSEMENT**

Une installation, un réglage, une modification, un service ou un entretien incorrects peuvent entraîner des dommages matériels, des blessures corporelles ou la mort. Le non-respect de toutes les instructions dans le bon ordre peut entraîner des blessures ou la mort. Lisez et comprenez toutes les instructions, y compris toutes celles contenues dans les manuels des fabricants de composants qui sont fournis avec l'appareil avant d'installer, de démarrer, de faire fonctionner, d'entretenir ou de réparer cet appareil. Gardez ce manuel et la documentation dans un état lisible et affiché près de l'appareil pour référence par le propriétaire et le technicien de service.

Cette chaudière nécessite un entretien et un entretien réguliers pour fonctionner en toute sécurité. Suivez les instructions contenues dans ce manuel.

L'installation, la maintenance et le service doivent être effectués uniquement par un personnel expérimenté, qualifié et installateur compétent ou agence de service.

Tous les systèmes de chauffage doivent être conçus par des entrepreneurs compétents et seules les personnes connaissant la configuration et l'installation des systèmes de chauffage à eau chaude doivent tenter d'installer une chaudière.

Il est de la responsabilité de l'installateur de s'assurer que toutes les commandes sont correctement installées et fonctionnent correctement lorsque l'installation est terminée.

L'installation n'est pas terminée tant qu'une soupape de décharge de sécurité n'est pas installée dans le robinet spécifié sur le collecteur d'alimentation situé sur le dessus et à l'arrière de l'appareil.

Cette chaudière ne convient PAS pour une installation sur un plancher combustible.

Ne pas altérer ni modifier la chaudière ou les commandes. Faites appel à votre entrepreneur ou à un technicien qualifié pour vous assurer que l'unité est correctement ajustée et entretenue.

Le monoxyde de carbone est un gaz inodore mortel, qui peut s'introduire dans votre habitation suite au dysfonctionnement d'un groupe de chauffe ou d'un circuit d'évacuation. Il est recommandé d'installer un détecteur de monoxyde de carbone pour assurer une veille sur le champ d'action de l'appareil. Consultez les autorités locales faisant juridiction pour prendre connaissance d'éventuelles exigences spécifiques.

Nettoyez la chaudière au moins une fois par an, de préférence au début de la saison de chauffage pour éliminer la suie et le tartre. L'intérieur de la chambre de combustion doit également être nettoyé et inspecté en même temps.

Faites vérifier le brûleur et les commandes au moins une fois par an ou au besoin. Ne pas faire fonctionner l'unité avec des commandes ou des dispositifs de sécurité pontés ou absents. N'utilisez pas l'appareil si une commande, un interrupteur, un composant ou un appareil a été exposé à l'eau.

L'eau de retour ne peut pas être inférieure à 135 ° F pendant des périodes prolongées. Le fonctionnement dans ces conditions entraînera une condensation soutenue dans la chambre de combustion et réduira potentiellement la longévité de la chaudière.

De plus, l'eau de retour ne peut pas être introduite dans la chaudière si elle est inférieure de plus de 40 ° F à la température de ralenti de la chaudière. Un fonctionnement continu dans ces conditions peut entraîner une défaillance prématurée de la chaudière par choc thermique.

Exemple: Une chaudière qui a été inactive pendant un certain temps depuis le dernier cycle de demande de chaleur peut voir sa température de l'eau de chaudière réduite à 150 ° F. La température de retour de l'activation de zone suivante ne peut pas être inférieure à 110 ° F.

## **⚠️WARNING**

Appliance materials of construction, products of combustion and the fuel contain alumina, silica, heavy metals, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, aldehydes and/or other toxic or harmful substances which can cause death or serious injury and which are known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm. Always use proper safety clothing, respirators and equipment when servicing or working nearby the appliance.

This boiler contains very hot water under high pressure. Do not unscrew any pipe fittings nor attempt to disconnect any components of this boiler without positively assuring the water is cool and has no pressure. Always wear protective clothing and equipment when installing, starting up or servicing this boiler to prevent scald injuries. Do not rely on the pressure and temperature gauges to determine the temperature and pressure of the boiler. This boiler contains components which become very hot when the boiler is operating. Do not touch any components unless they are cool.

This appliance must be properly vented and connected to an approved vent system in good condition. Do not operate boiler with the absence of an approved vent system.

This boiler needs fresh air for safe operation and must be installed so there are provisions for adequate combustion and ventilation air.

The interior of the venting and air intake systems must be inspected and cleaned before the start of the heating season and should be inspected periodically throughout the heating season for any obstructions. Clean and unobstructed venting and air intake systems are necessary to allow noxious fumes that could cause injury or loss of life to vent safely and will contribute toward maintaining the boiler's efficiency.

This boiler is supplied with controls which may cause the boiler to shut down and not re-start without service. If damage due to frozen pipes is a possibility, the heating system should not be left unattended in cold weather; or appropriate safeguards and alarms should be installed on the heating system to prevent damage if the boiler is inoperative.

This boiler is designed to burn No. 2 fuel oil, natural and/or LP gas only. Do not use gasoline, crankcase drainings, or any oil containing gasoline. Never burn garbage or paper in this boiler. Do not convert to any solid fuel (i.e. wood, coal). All flammable debris, rags, paper, wood scraps, etc., should be kept clear of the boiler at all times. Keep the boiler area clean and free of fire hazards.

Probe and Float type low water cutoff devices require annual inspection and maintenance. Refer to instructions in Section V, Paragraph C for inspection and cleaning instructions.

## **⚠️AVERTISSEMENT**

Les matériaux de construction de l'appareil, les produits de combustion et le carburant contiennent de l'alumine, de la silice, des métaux lourds, du monoxyde de carbone, des oxydes d'azote, des aldéhydes et / ou d'autres substances toxiques ou nocives qui peuvent causer la mort ou des blessures graves et qui sont connues de l'État de Californie causer le cancer, des anomalies congénitales et d'autres troubles de la reproduction. Utilisez toujours des vêtements de sécurité, des respirateurs et de l'équipement appropriés lors de l'entretien ou du travail à proximité de l'appareil.

Cette chaudière contient de l'eau très chaude sous haute pression. Ne pas dévisser les raccords de tuyauterie ni tenter de déconnecter les composants de cette chaudière sans s'assurer que l'eau est froide et n'a pas de pression. Portez toujours des vêtements et de l'équipement de protection lors de l'installation, du démarrage ou de l'entretien de cette chaudière pour éviter les brûlures. Ne vous fiez pas aux jauge de pression et de température pour déterminer la température et la pression de la chaudière. Cette chaudière contient des composants qui deviennent très chauds lorsque la chaudière fonctionne. Ne touchez aucun composant à moins qu'il ne soit froid.

Cet appareil doit être correctement ventilé et connecté à un système de ventilation approuvé en bon état. Ne pas faire fonctionner la chaudière en l'absence d'un système de ventilation approuvé.

Cette chaudière a besoin d'air frais pour un fonctionnement en toute sécurité et doit être installée de manière à ce que l'air de combustion et de ventilation soit adéquat.

L'intérieur des systèmes de ventilation et d'admission d'air doit être inspecté et nettoyé avant le début de la saison de chauffage et doit être inspecté périodiquement tout au long de la saison de chauffage pour déceler toute obstruction. Des systèmes de ventilation et d'admission d'air propres et dégagés sont nécessaires pour permettre aux vapeurs nocives qui pourraient causer des blessures ou la mort de s'évacuer en toute sécurité et contribueront à maintenir l'efficacité de la chaudière.

Cette chaudière est fournie avec des commandes qui peuvent provoquer l'arrêt de la chaudière et ne pas la redémarrer sans entretien. Si des dommages dus à des tuyaux gelés sont possibles, le système de chauffage ne doit pas être laissé sans surveillance par temps froid; ou des dispositifs de sécurité et des alarmes appropriés doivent être installés sur le système de chauffage pour éviter tout dommage si la chaudière est inopérante.

Cette chaudière est conçue pour brûler du mazout n ° 2, du gaz naturel et / ou du GPL uniquement. N'utilisez pas d'essence, de vidange de carter ou de toute huile contenant de l'essence. Ne brûlez jamais de déchets ou de papier dans cette chaudière. Ne pas convertir en combustible solide (c.-à-d. Bois, charbon). Tous les débris inflammables, chiffons, papiers, chutes de bois, etc., doivent être tenus à l'écart de la chaudière à tout moment. Gardez la zone de la chaudière propre et exempte de tout risque d'incendie.

Les dispositifs de coupure de bas niveau d'eau de type sonde et flotteur nécessitent une inspection et un entretien annuels. Reportez-vous aux instructions de la Section V, paragraphe C pour les instructions d'inspection et de nettoyage.

## NOTICE

This boiler has a limited warranty, a copy of which is printed on the back of this manual.

It is the responsibility of the installing contractor to see that all controls are correctly installed and are operating properly when the installation is complete. The warranty for this boiler is valid only if the boiler has been installed, maintained and operated in accordance with these instructions.

## AVIS

Cette chaudière a une garantie limitée, dont une copie est imprimée au dos de ce manuel.

Il est de la responsabilité de l'installateur de s'assurer que toutes les commandes sont correctement installées et fonctionnent correctement lorsque l'installation est terminée. La garantie de cette chaudière n'est valable que si la chaudière a été installée, entretenue et utilisée conformément à ces instructions.

## NOTICE

All V9A Series cast iron boilers are designed, built, marked and tested in accordance with the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IV, Heating Boilers. An ASME Data Label is factory applied to each V9A jacket, which indicates the boiler Maximum Allowable Working Pressure (MAWP). Each cast iron section is permanently marked with the MAWP listed on the boiler's ASME Data Label. Those values for the V9A are as follows:

MAWP, Water - 80 psi

It is common and acceptable practice to install these boilers in lower pressure systems, below the boiler MAWP. Therefore, Burnham offers safety relief valves set at or below the MAWP of the boiler. See Table 1 for available safety relief valve set pressures.

## AVIS

Toutes les chaudières en fonte de la série V9A sont conçues, fabriquées, marquées et testées conformément au code ASME sur les chaudières et les appareils sous pression, section IV, Chaudières de chauffage. Une étiquette de données ASME est appliquée en usine à chaque enveloppe V9A, ce qui indique la pression de service maximale admissible (MAWP) de la chaudière. Chaque section en fonte est marquée de façon permanente avec le MAWP figurant sur l'étiquette de données ASME de la chaudière. Ces valeurs pour le V9A sont les suivantes:

MAWP, eau - 80 psi

Il est courant et acceptable d'installer ces chaudières dans des systèmes à basse pression, sous le MAWP de la chaudière. Par conséquent, Burnham propose des soupapes de sûreté réglées à ou en dessous du MAWP de la chaudière. Voir le tableau 1 pour les pressions de réglage des soupapes de sûreté disponibles.

## Important Product Safety Information

### Refractory Ceramic Fiber Product

#### **DANGER**

The Repair Parts list designates parts that contain refractory ceramic fibers (RCF). RCF has been classified as a possible human carcinogen. When exposed to temperatures above 1805°F, such as during direct flame contact, RCF changes into crystalline silica, a known carcinogen. When disturbed as a result of servicing or repair, these substances become airborne and, if inhaled, may be hazardous to your health.

#### AVOID Breathing Fiber Particulates and Dust

#### **Precautionary Measures:**

Do not remove or replace RCF parts or attempt any service or repair work involving RCF without wearing the following protective gear:

1. A National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) approved respirator
  2. Long sleeved, loose fitting clothing
  3. Gloves
  4. Eye Protection
- Take steps to ensure adequate ventilation.
  - Dampen used RCF with light water spray prior to removal to prevent airborne dust.
  - Wash all exposed body areas gently with soap and water after contact.
  - Wash work clothes separately from other laundry and rinse washing machine after use to avoid contaminating other clothes
  - Discard used RCF components by sealing in an airtight plastic bag. RCF and crystalline silica are not classified as hazardous wastes in the United States and Canada.

#### **First Aid Procedures:**

- If contact with eyes: Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention if irritation persists
- If contact with skin: Wash affected area gently with soap and water. Seek immediate medical attention if irritation persists.
- If breathing difficulty develops: Leave the area and move to a location with clean fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention if breathing difficulties persist.
- Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Drink plenty of water. Seek immediate medical attention.

# **Informations importantes sur la sécurité du produit**

## **Produit en fibre de céramique réfractaire**

### **DANGER**

La liste des pièces de rechange désigne les pièces contenant des fibres céramiques réfractaires (RCF). Le RCF a été classé comme cancérogène possible pour l'homme. Quand exposé à des températures supérieures à 1805 ° F, comme lors d'un contact direct avec une flamme, Le RCF se transforme en silice cristalline, un cancérogène connu. Lorsqu'elles sont dérangées à la suite d'un entretien ou d'une réparation, ces substances deviennent en suspension dans l'air et, si elles sont inhalées, peuvent être dangereuses pour votre santé.

### **ÉVITEZ de respirer les particules de fibre et la poussière**

#### **Des mesures de précaution:**

Ne retirez ni ne remplacez les pièces RCF et ne tentez aucun travail d'entretien ou de réparation impliquant RCF sans porter l'équipement de protection suivant:

1. Un respirateur approuvé par le National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH)
  2. Vêtements amples à manches longues
  3. Gants
  4. Protection des yeux
- Prendre des mesures pour assurer une ventilation adéquate.
  - Humidifiez les composants RCF usagés avec un léger jet d'eau avant de le retirer pour éviter la poussière en suspension dans l'air.
  - Laver délicatement toutes les parties du corps exposées avec du savon et de l'eau après contact.
  - Lavez les vêtements de travail séparément des autres vêtements et rincez la machine à laver après utilisation pour éviter de contaminer d'autres vêtements.
  - Jeter les composants RCF usagés en les scellant dans un sac en plastique hermétique. Le FCR et la silice cristalline ne sont pas classés comme déchets dangereux aux États-Unis et au Canada.

#### **Procédures de premiers soins:**

- En cas de contact avec les yeux: rincer à grande eau pendant au moins 15 minutes. Consulter immédiatement un médecin si l'irritation persiste.
- En cas de contact avec la peau: laver délicatement la zone affectée avec du savon et de l'eau. Consulter immédiatement un médecin si l'irritation persiste.
- Si des difficultés respiratoires se développent: quitter la zone et se déplacer vers un endroit avec de l'air frais et propre. Consulter immédiatement un médecin si les difficultés respiratoires persistent.
- Ingestion: ne pas faire vomir. Boire beaucoup d'eau. Cherchez une attention médicale immédiate.

SORT OUT ALL CARTONS, BUNDLES, AND SECTIONS AND CHECK AGAINST SHIPPING LIST CHART BELOW TO BE CERTAIN THAT YOU HAVE ALL THE MATERIAL REQUIRED TO ASSEMBLE THE BOILER YOU ORDERED.

V9A BOILER SHIPPING LIST  (KNOCKDOWN ONLY)	BOILER MODEL	(1)	(2)	(2)	(3)															
		FRONT SECTION	"C" CENTER SECTION	"CT" CENTER SECTION	BACK SECTION	BOILER ASSEMBLY CARTON	CARTON NO.	TARGET/WALL CTN.	CANOPY CARTON	FLUE OUTLET CARTON	JACKET CARTON	BAFFLE CARTON	WATER TRIM CARTON	BNR. MTG. PLATE CTN.	BNR. ADP. PLATE CTN.	REAR OBSERVATION PORT COVER CTN.	BURNER CARTON	RTC CARTON (OPTIONAL)		
						3	4	5	6	7	M	7	8	10	12	903/905A	906/909A	910/912A		

- (1) INDICATES MAXIMUM POSSIBLE USAGE OF "CT" SECTIONS PER BOILER SIZE.
  - (2) BOILER ASSEMBLY CARTON AND TARGET WALL CARTON NOT REQUIRED WHEN SECTIONS ARE FACTORY ASSEMBLED.
  - (3) REAR FLUE OUTLET IS STANDARD, TOP OUTLET AS SPECIFIED ON ORDER.

#### **OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT:**

- V9-2 TANKLESS HEATER (QUANTITIES AS ORDERED)
  - HEATER OPENING COVER PLATE
  - ADDITIONAL CONTROLS (TYPE AND QUANTITY AS SPECIFIED ON ORDER)

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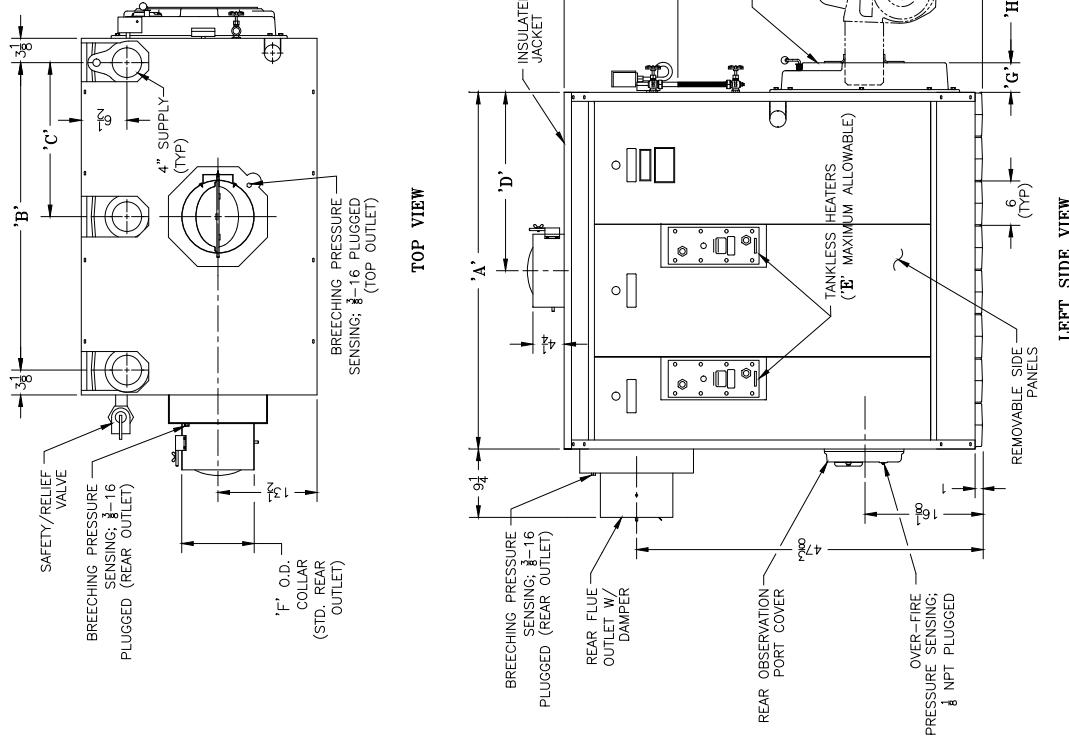
<b>WARRANTY .....</b>	<b>REAR COVER</b>
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## **SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION**

BOILER MODEL SECTION	NUMBER OF SECTIONS	'A'	'B'	'C'	'D'	'E'	'F'	'G'	'H'	'I'	'J'	'K'	'L'	'M'	'N'	'O'	'P'	'Q'	'R'	'S'	'T'	'U'	'V'	'W'	'X'	'Y'	'Z'	NUMBER OF MAXIMUM OUTLET HEATERS	FLUE OUTLET DIAMETER	BECKETT	POWER	FLAME	WEBSTER	DIMENSION*	APPROX. ASSEMBLED SECTION WEIGHT LB.	APPROX. K.D. BIR. SHIPPING WEIGHT LB.**
V903A	3	184	12	—	98	1	7	8 / 94	8 / 208	8 / 208	8 / 30	4 / 25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	908	1278						
V904A	4	244	18	—	124	1	7	8 / 114	8 / 216	8 / 208	8 / 30	4 / 25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1194	1590						
V905A	5	304	24	—	154	1	8	8 / 194	8 / 216	8 / 208	8 / 30	4 / 25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1480	1902						
V906A	6	364	30	—	164	2	8	4 / 208	4 / 216	4 / 208	4 / 30	4 / 25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1766	2218						
V907A	7	424	36	—	214	2	8	4 / 214	4 / 288	4 / 238	4 / 35	4 / 25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2052	2534						
V908A	8	484	42	—	244	2	10	4 / 218	4 / 298	4 / 238	4 / 35	4 / 25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2338	2846						
V909A	9	544	48	—	274	3	10	4 / 218	4 / 298	4 / 238	4 / 35	4 / 25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2624	3227						
V910A	10	604	54	—	304	3	10	4 / 218	4 / 298	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2910	3559						
V911A	11	664	60	—	334	3	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3196	3870						
V912A	12	724	66	30	364	4	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3482	4197						

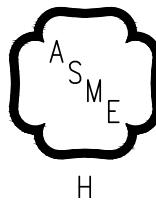
\* BURNER CONTROL PANEL CONFIGURATION MAY CHANGE THIS DIMENSION.  
\*\* DOES NOT INCLUDE BURNER MOUNTING PLATE (SHIPPED SEPARATELY)  
ADD 55 LB. FOR 4" STANDARD BURNER MOUNTING PLATE  
ADD 85 LB. FOR 8" EXTENDED BURNER MOUNTING PLATE  
▲ NOT SHIPPED AS STANDARD

ADD 83 EB. FOR 8 EXIENBED BURNER MOUNTING FEAT



**Figure 1:** Dimensional Information

**Table I: Boiler Ratings / Data**



(1) Boiler Model	Fuel Type	Horse-Power	Gross Output (MBH)	(2) Net AHRI Rating		(3) Burner Input		AHRI Certified Efficiencies (%)		Firebox Volume (Cu. Ft.)	Pressure in Firebox (In. Wtr. Clmn.)	Water Content (Gal.)	Boiler Weight w/ Water (Lbs.)	Vent Dia. (In.)
				MBH	Water	MBH	GPH	Combustion	Thermal					
V903A	Gas	10.0	336	292	400	-	85.4	84.0	3.2	0.95	66.0	1618	7	
	Oil	10.0	336	292	386	2.8	89.1	87.0		0.95				
V904A	Gas	15.2	509	443	606	-	85.3	84.0	4.8	0.97	75.0	1995	7	
	Oil	15.7	527	458		4.3	89.0	87.0		1.01				
V905A	Gas	20.3	679	590	808	-	85.2	84.0	6.4	0.98	84.0	2372	8	
	Oil	21.0	703	611		5.8	88.9	87.0		1.07				
V906A	Gas	25.3	848	737	1010	-	85.2	84.0	7.9	1.00	93.0	2749	8	
	Oil	26.2	879	764		7.2	88.8	87.0		1.12				
V907A	Gas	30.1	1006	875	1198	-	85.1	84.0	9.5	1.01	102.0	3126	8	
	Oil	31.1	1042	906		8.6	88.7	87.0		1.18				
V908A	Gas	34.8	1164	1012	1386	-	85.1	84.0	11.0	1.03	111.0	3503	10	
	Oil	36.0	1206	1049		9.9	88.6	87.0		1.23				
V909A	Gas	42.0	1406	1223	1674	-	85.0	84.0	12.6	1.05	120.0	3880	10	
	Oil	43.5	1456	1266		12.0	88.5	87.0		1.31				
V910A	Gas	47.8	1600	1391	1905	-	84.9	84.0	14.2	1.06	129.0	4257	10	
	Oil	49.5	1657	1441		13.6	88.4	87.0		1.37				
V911A	Gas	53.6	1794	1560	2136	-	84.8	84.0	15.7	1.08	138.0	4634	12	
	Oil	55.5	1858	1616		15.3	88.3	87.0		1.44				
V912A	Gas	59.4	1988	1729	2367	-	84.8	84.0	17.3	1.10	147.0	5011	12	
	Oil	61.5	2059	1791		16.9	88.2	87.0		1.50				

**Notes:**

(1) **Type of Build Prefix:** K = Knockdown, A = Knockdown w/Assembled Sections, P = Packaged, F = Packaged and Firetested

**Trim Suffix:** W = Water Boiler

**Fuel Suffix:** N = Natural Gas, P = LP Gas, O = Oil, C = Natural Gas/Oil, D = LP Gas/Oil, M - Less Burner

**Burner Suffix:** B = Beckett, J = Power Flame JR, P = Power Flame C, W = Webster, L = Less Burner

(2) AHRI net ratings shown are based on a piping and pick-up allowance of 1.15 for water, from the AHRI CBLR Operations Manual. Consult manufacturer for installations having unusual piping and pick-up requirements, such as intermittent system operation, extensive piping systems, etc.

(3) The burner capacity in GPH is based on No. 2 fuel oil having a heat value of 140,000 BTU per gallon.

(4) Firebox volume does not include added volume of 8" extended burner mounting plate (BMP). If 8" BMP is specified (refer to Figure 1), add 0.7 cu. ft. to volume listed above.

(5) Boiler ratings are based on 12.0 - 12.5% CO<sub>2</sub> (oil) and 9.8% CO<sub>2</sub> (natural gas), + .10" (inches) water column pressure at boiler flue outlet. Ratings shown above apply at altitudes up to 1000 feet on oil and 2000 feet on gas.

For altitudes above those indicated, the ratings should be reduced at the rate of 4% for each 1000 feet above sea level.

**Safety (Relief) Valve Set Pressure:** Water Boiler - 50 PSI  
Optional Water Boiler - 30 PSI, 40 PSI, 45 PSI, 80 PSI (special order)

## SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

**A. INSPECT SHIPMENT** carefully for any signs of damage.

1. ALL EQUIPMENT is carefully manufactured, inspected and packed. Our responsibility ceases upon delivery of boiler to the carrier in good condition.
2. ANY CLAIMS for damage or shortage in shipment must be filed immediately against the carrier by the consignee. No claims for variances from, or shortage in orders, will be allowed by the manufacturer unless presented within sixty (60) days after the receipt of goods.

### B. LOCATE THE UNIT

#### 1. RECOMMENDED SERVICE CLEARANCE

— Locate the unit in the boiler room so as to provide ease of venting and adequate clearance for maintenance, serviceability, and installation of piping. Refer to Figure 1 for boiler dimensional data.

FRONT — Provide 43" service clearance for removal, maintenance, and servicing of burner and controls.

REAR — Provide a minimum clearance from the boiler jacket for access to flame observation port, rear flue damper and vent piping, relief valve, and boiler return piping. See Table III.

LEFT SIDE — Provide a minimum clearance from the boiler jacket of 26" for cleaning of flueways and installation and removal of tankless heater(s).

RIGHT SIDE — Provide a minimum clearance from the boiler jacket of 12".

TOP — Provide a minimum clearance from the boiler jacket of 24".

### NOTICE

Recommended clearance for service may be reduced to minimum clearance to combustible material. However, increased service and maintenance difficulty will result.

### AVIS

Le dégagement recommandé pour l'entretien peut être réduit à un dégagement minimum par rapport aux matériaux combustibles. Cependant, il en résultera une augmentation des difficultés de service et de maintenance.

### ! DANGER

Use appropriate equipment to move and place heavy components.

### ! DANGER

Utiliser l'équipement approprié pour déplacer et placer les composants lourds.

### ! WARNING

This boiler is NOT suitable for installation on combustible floor.

Floor construction should have adequate load bearing characteristics to bear the weight of the boiler filled with water (see Table 1). A boiler foundation similar to the one shown in Figure 2 is recommended if the boiler room floor is weak or uneven or if a water condition exists.

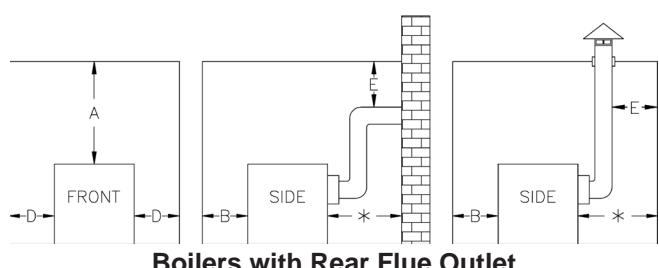
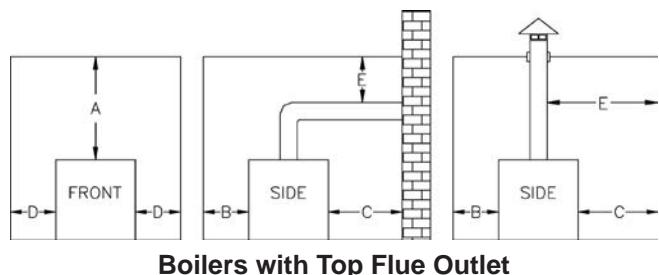
### ! AVERTISSEMENT

Cette chaudière ne convient PAS pour une installation sur un sol combustible.

La construction du plancher doit avoir des caractéristiques de portance adéquates pour supporter le poids de la chaudière remplie d'eau (voir le tableau 1). Une fondation de chaudière similaire à celle illustrée à la figure 2 est recommandée si le plancher de la chaufferie est faible ou irrégulier ou s'il y a une condition d'eau.

2. FOR MINIMUM CLEARANCES to combustible materials, See Table II.
3. PROVIDE ADEQUATE FOUNDATION for the unit. Refer to Figure 2.

**Table II: Minimum Clearances To Combustible Materials (Inches)**



A	B	C	D	E
Above	Front	Rear	Sides	Vent Connector
6	24	6	6	18

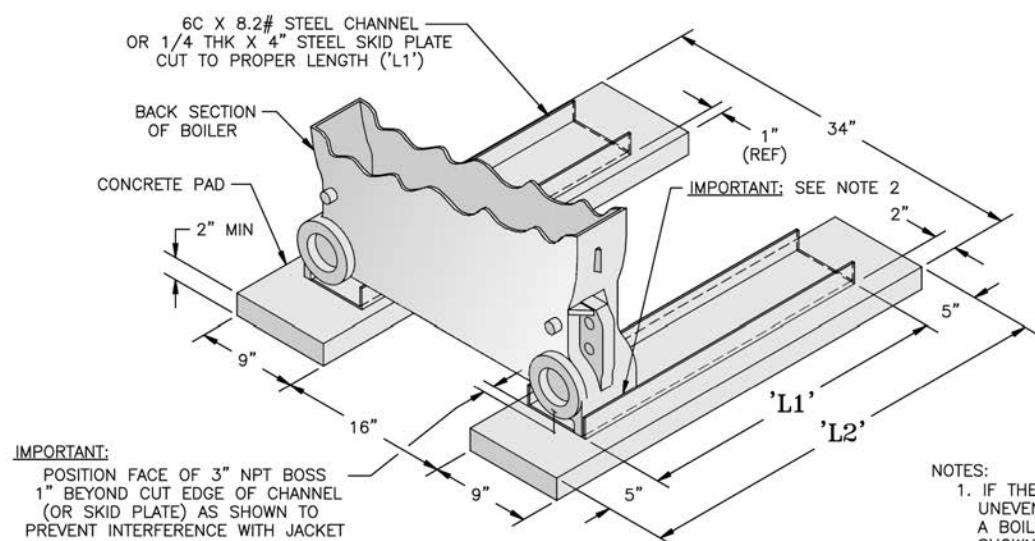
\* See Table III for Recommended Service Clearance to access rear of boiler

#### NOTES:

- Listed clearances comply with American National Standard ANSI/NFPA 31, Installation of Oil Burning Equipment.
- V9A Series boilers can be installed in rooms with clearances from combustible material as listed above. Listed clearances cannot be reduced for alcove or closet installations.
- For reduced clearances to combustible material, protection must be provided as described in the above ANSI/NFPA 31 Standard.

**Table III: Recommended Rear Service Clearance**

Flue Outlet Size	Top Flue Outlet	Rear Flue Outlet	
		Combustible Surfaces	Non-Combustible Surfaces
7" Dia.	18"	37"	22"
8" Dia.		38"	23"
10" Dia.		40"	25"
12" Dia.		43"	28"



#### NOTES:

- If the boiler room floor is weak or uneven or if a water condition exists, a boiler foundation similar to the one shown is recommended.
- Position channel legs up and flat web down as shown. Channel must be tight against casting legs to prevent interference with jacket.

**Figure 2: Boiler Foundation**

#### ! DANGER

Failure to supply adequate air to the boiler will result in unsafe boiler operation.

#### ! DANGER

Le fait de ne pas fournir suffisamment d'air à la chaudière entraînera un fonctionnement dangereux de la chaudière.

#### C. PROVIDE AIR SUPPLY AND VENTILATION

to accommodate proper combustion.

For commercial and industrial equipment, permanent facilities for supplying an ample amount of outside air shall be provided in accordance with the following.

For boiler rooms adjacent to outside walls, and where combustion air is provided by natural ventilation from the outside, there shall be a permanent air supply inlet having a total free area of not less than 1 sq. inch per 4,000 Btu per hr. (35 sq. inch per gallon per hour) ( $5.5 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ per kw}$ ) of total input rating of the burner or

burners and in no case less than 35 sq. inch ( $0.425 \text{ m}^2$ ).

For boiler rooms not adjacent to outside walls, the combustion air shall be supplied in a manner acceptable to the authority having jurisdiction.

- In the absence of local requirements, the confined space shall be provided with two permanent openings, one in or near the top of the room and one near the bottom. The openings shall communicate by means of ducts, with the outdoors or to such spaces (crawl or attic) that communicate with the outdoors.
  - Where communicating by means of vertical ducts, each opening shall have a free area of not less than 1 sq. inch per 4,000 Btu (35 sq. inch per gph) ( $5.5 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ per kw}$ ) of total input rating of all appliances in the enclosure.
  - If horizontal ducts are used, each opening shall have a free area of not less than 1 sq. inch per 2,000 Btu (70 sq. inch per gph) ( $11 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ per kw}$ ) of total input of all appliances in the enclosure.

## **DANGER**

Ensure combustion air does not contain contaminants and is not drawn from an area likely to have contaminants per Table IV. For example, never pipe combustion air from areas near swimming pools or laundry room exhaust vents. Contaminated combustion air will damage boiler and/or venting system, resulting in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

## **DANGER**

S'assurer que l'air de combustion ne contienne pas de contaminants ou qu'il ne provienne pas d'un lieu susceptible d'en contenir (voir Tableau zz). L'air de combustion ne doit par exemple jamais provenir de lieux proches des circuits d'évacuation de piscines ou de blanchisseries. Un air de combustion contaminé peut endommager la chaudière ou le circuit d'évacuation, entraînant des dommages corporels et matériels sévères, voire la mort.

**Table IV: Corrosive Combustion Air Contaminants and Sources**

<b>Contaminants to Avoid:</b>
Spray cans containing chlorofluorocarbons (CFC's)
Permanent wave solutions
Chloride-based snow melt products
Chlorinated waxes/cleaners
Chlorine-based swimming pool chemicals
Calcium chloride used for thawing
Sodium chloride used for water softening
Refrigerant leaks
Paint or varnish removers
Hydrochloric acid/muriatic acid
Cements and glues
Anti-static fabric softeners used in clothes dryers
Chlorine-type bleaches, detergents, and cleaning solvents found in household laundry rooms.
Adhesives used to fasten building products and other similar products
Excessive dust and dirt
<b>Areas likely to have contaminants:</b>
Dry cleaning/laundry areas and establishments
Swimming pools
Metal fabrication plants
Beauty shops
Refrigeration repair shops
Photo processing plants
Auto body shops
Plastic manufacturing plants
Furniture refinishing areas and establishments
New building construction
Remodeling areas
Garages with workshops

## **D. GENERAL VENTING REQUIREMENTS**

### **WARNING**

This boiler operates with low flue gas temperatures likely to condense in the venting system. Boiler must be connected to vent system made from material suitable for condensate and with a means to drain condensate from the vent system.

**Do not use conventional Category I vent materials.**

**Do not vent this boiler into an unlined chimney.**

**Do not connect this boiler to a common vent with any other appliances except when using an engineered vent system designed by a qualified professional.**

**Gas vent installations shall be in accordance with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 (USA), or the Natural Gas and Propane Installation code, CAN/CSA B149.1 (Canada), or applicable requirements from local building codes.**

**Oil vent installations shall be in accordance with Installation of Oil Burning Equipment, ANSI/NFPA 31 and Chimneys, Fireplaces, Vents, and Solid Fuel Burning Appliances, ANSI/NFPA 211.**

**Failure to vent this boiler in accordance with these instructions could cause products of combustion and/or carbon monoxide to enter living space, resulting in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.**

### **ADVERTISSEMENT**

Cet appareil fonctionne avec des températures de gaz de combustion basses susceptibles de se condenser dans le circuit d'évacuation. La chaudière doit être connectée à un circuit d'évacuation constitué de matériaux appropriés pour les condensats et doté d'un moyen de purger ces condensats du circuit d'évacuation.

**Ne pas utiliser de matériaux d'évacuation conventionnels de catégorie I.**

**Ne pas ventiler cette chaudière vers une cheminée non tubée.**

**Ne pas relier cette chaudière à un circuit commun d'évacuation d'autres appareils, sauf s'il s'agit d'un circuit d'évacuation conçu par un professionnel qualifié.**

L'installation du conduit d'évacuation des gaz doit être réalisée conformément au « National Fuel Gas Code », ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 (États-Unis), au « Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code », CAN/CSA B149.1 (Canada), ou aux exigences des autorités locales en matière de construction.

L'installation des conduits d'évacuation de l'huile doit être réalisé conformément aux codes « Installation of Oil Burning Equipment », ANSI/NFPA 31 et « Chimneys, Fireplaces, Vents, and Solid Fuel Burning Appliances », ANSI/NFPA 211.

**Le non-respect des instructions relatives à l'évacuation des gaz de combustion de cet appareil peut provoquer une fuite de monoxyde de carbone et/ou de produits combustibles et entraîner des dommages corporels et matériels sévères, voire la mort.**

1. Use vent system suitable for corrosive flue gas condensate. Listed vent systems are shown in Table V. See Table VI for required boiler adapters.
2. Gas vent materials must be listed for Category II venting via UL 1738, Venting Systems for Gas-Burning Appliances, Categories II, III, and IV in USA or ULC-S636, Standard for Type BH Gas Venting Systems in Canada.
3. Oil vent materials must be listed to UL 641, Type L Low Temperature Venting Systems in USA or ULC-S609, Standard for Low Temperature Vents Type L and PL in Canada.
4. Before installing vent adapter, apply a continuous bead of high temperature industrial grade silicone all around outside diameter of boiler flue collar and along any open seams of vent adapter. Use SIL-BOND RTV 6500 or equivalent.
5. Install vent system in accordance with vent system manufacturer's instructions.
6. Provide means for condensate drainage from vent system. Minimum one condensate drain adjacent to boiler vent connection. Consult vent system manufacturer for appropriate components.
7. Slope vent pipe not less than 1/4 in. per foot (25 mm per m) upwards from condensate drain to vent terminal for condensate drainage.
8. This boiler operates with positive overfire pressure. During operation at high fire, adjust provided breeching damper to provide positive 0.1 in. wc (25 Pa) at breeching pressure port shown in Figure 1.
9. Vent pressure may be negative or positive depending on the vent system.

**Table V: Listed Vent Systems**

Manufacturer	Product	Flue Material	Listed Applications
DuraVent	FasNSeal	AL29-4C or 316L	Gas
DuraVent	DuraSeal	AL29-4C or 316L	Gas or oil (oil DSD & DSID only)
Security Chimneys	SecureSeal	AL29-4C or 316L	Gas or oil (oil SSD/SSID only)
HeatFab	Saf-T Vent	316L	Gas or oil (oil double-wall CI and SC only)
Van-Packer	CS	AL29-4C or VP1738A	Gas
Van-Packer	DW	316	Gas or oil
Metal-Fab	Corr/Guard	AL29-4C	Gas or oil
Z-Flex	Z-Vent	AL29-4C	Gas

**⚠ WARNING**

**Do not mix components from different vent manufacturers unless using an adapter manufacturer has specifically designed for that purpose. Failure to comply with any of the above requirements could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.**

**⚠ ADVERTISSEMENT**

**Ne pas associer de composants provenant de divers fabricants de systèmes d'évacuation à moins d'utiliser un adaptateur conçu spécifiquement dans ce but par un fabricant. Le non-respect des exigences énoncées précédemment peut entraîner des dommages corporels ou matériels sévères, voire la mort.**

**Table VI: Required Boiler Vent Adapters (supplied by vent system manufacturer)**

Boiler Model	V903A - V904A	V905A - V907A	V908A - V910A	V911A - V912A
Vent Dia. (in.)	7	8	10	12
DuraVent DuraSeal	DS7UNIBAOU or DSD7UNIBAOUK	DS8UNIBAOU or DSD8UNIBAOUK	DS10UNIBAOU or DSD10UNIBAOUK	DS12UNIBAOU or DSD12UNIBAOUK
Security Chimneys SecureSeal	SS7UNIBAOU or SSD7UNIBAOUK	SS8UNIBAOU or SSD8UNIBAOUK	SS10UNIBAOU or SSD10UNIBAOUK	SS12UNIBAOU or SSD12UNIBAOUK
HeatFab Saf-T Vent	CCA07ADUV	CCA08ADUV	CCA10ADUV	CCA12ADUV
Van-Packer CS	C07FOAB	C08FOAB	C10FOAB	C12FOAB
Van-Packer DW	D07FOAB	D08FOAB	D10FOAB	D12FOAB
Metal-Fab Corr/Guard	7FCSSBA	8FCSSBA	10FCSSBA	12FCSSBA

## NOTICE

See vent manufacturer's literature for complete list of vent system components.

## AVIS

Consulter la documentation du fabricant pour connaître la liste exhaustive des composants du circuit d'évacuation.

### E. CHIMNEY VENTING

#### ⚠️WARNING

Chimney must be fully lined with listed vent system that is water-tight, provides means for condensate drainage, and is resistant to corrosion from flue gas condensate. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

#### ⚠️ADVERTISSEMENT

La cheminée doit être intégralement tubée avec un circuit d'évacuation homologué étanche, permettant l'écoulement des condensats et résistant à la corrosion des fumées de condensats. Le non-respect de ces instructions peut entraîner des dommages corporels et matériels sévères, voire la mort.

1. Overview: Vent pressure is negative and flue products are likely to condense in vent. Boiler operates with positive overfire pressure. See Figures 3a and 3b for typical chimney vent applications.
2. Minimum chimney height is 15 ft. (4.6 m).
3. Ensure chimney is fully lined with listed vent system.
4. Provide means for drainage of condensate formed in vent system. Follow local codes for condensate disposal, including any requirements for a condensate neutralizer.

## NOTICE

Condensate is corrosive. Use only materials listed by authority having jurisdiction. In absence of such requirements, PVC and CPVC pipe may be used for the condensate drain. Some local jurisdictions may require a condensate neutralizer.

## AVIS

Les condensats sont corrosifs. Utiliser uniquement des matériaux homologués par les autorités faisant juridiction. En cas d'absence de telles recommandations, le PVC et le CPVC peuvent être utilisés pour la purge des condensats. Certaines autorités locales peuvent exiger la présence d'un neutralisant de condensats.

5. Provide sealed access opening to chimney for periodic inspection of chimney interior.
6. Inspect chimney and liner annually.

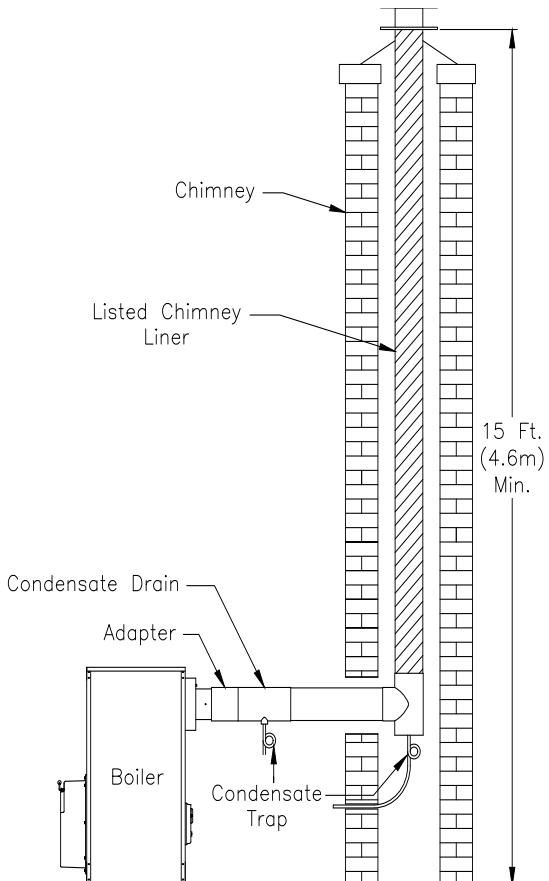


Figure 3a: Typical Category II/Negative Vent Pressure Chimney Venting with Rear Outlet

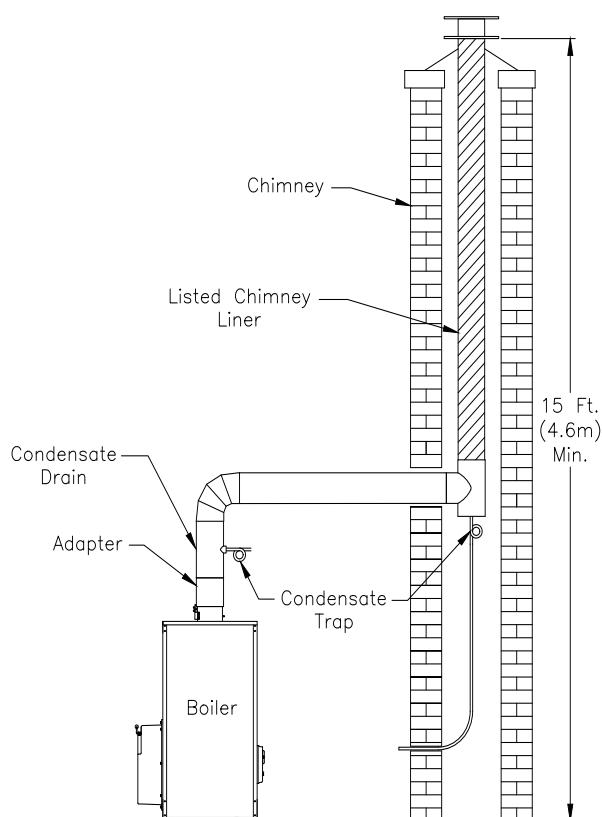


Figure 3b: Alternate Category II/Negative Vent Pressure Chimney Venting with Top Outlet

## NOTICE

If chimney provides excess draft, use a barometric damper adjusted to maintain positive 0.1 in. wc (25 Pa) at breeching pressure port.

## AVIS

Si la cheminée présente un tirage trop important, utiliser un registre barométrique réglé pour conserver une pression de 0,1 po de colonne d'eau (25 Pa) au raccord de l'orifice de pression.

## ⚠ WARNING

Do not use chimney or concentric vent as a chase for combustion air supply. Follow requirements in Section C. Failure to do so may result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

## ⚠ ADVERTISSEMENT

Ne pas utiliser de cheminée ni d'évacuation concentrique comme châssis pour l'arrivée d'air de combustion. Suivre les instructions décrites en Section C. Le non respect de ces instructions peut entraîner des dommages corporels et matériels sévères, voire la mort.

## F. STUB VENTING

## ⚠ WARNING

Vent system must be listed vent material that is water-tight, provides means for condensate drainage, is resistant to corrosion from flue gas condensate, and is designed for positive pressure venting. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

## ⚠ ADVERTISSEMENT

Le circuit d'évacuation est conçu pour un usage en pression positive. Il doit être constitué de matériaux homologués étanches, permettre l'écoulement des condensats, et résister à la corrosion des fumées de condensats. Le non-respect de ces instructions peut entraîner des dommages corporels et matériels sévères, voire la mort.

1. Overview: Vent pressure is positive and flue products are likely to condense in vent. Boiler operates with positive overfire pressure. See Figures 3c and 3d for typical stub vent applications.
2. Limit vent height to prevent negative vent pressure or draft. Minimum vent height 3 ft. (0.91 m) above roof or snow line.
3. Provide means for drainage of condensate formed in vent system. Follow local codes for condensate disposal, including any requirements for a condensate neutralizer.
4. Inspect vent system annually.

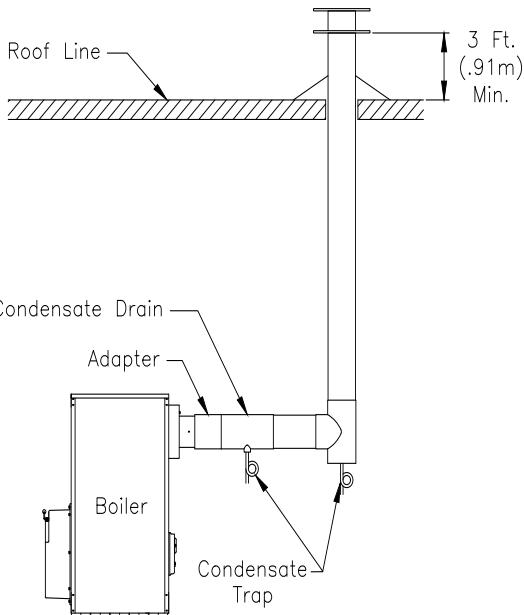


Figure 3c: Typical Category IV/Positive Vent Pressure Stub Venting with Rear Outlet

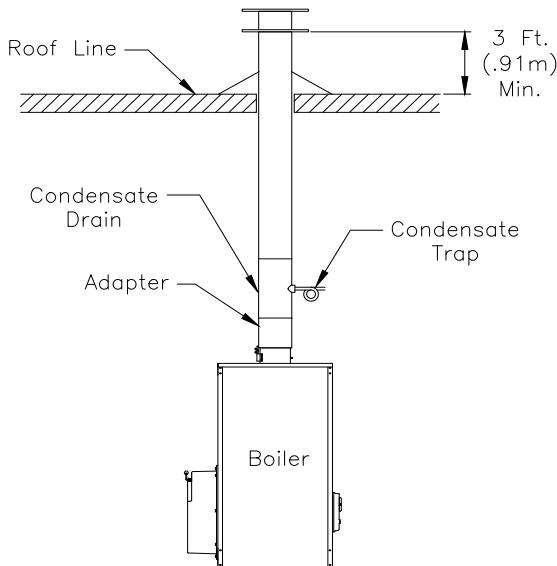


Figure 3d: Typical Category IV/Positive Vent Pressure Stub Venting with Top Outlet

## NOTICE

Condensate is corrosive. Use only materials listed by authority having jurisdiction. In absence of such requirements, PVC and CPVC pipe may be used for the condensate drain. Some local jurisdictions may require a condensate neutralizer.

## AVIS

Les condensats sont corrosifs. Utiliser uniquement des matériaux homologués par les autorités faisant juridiction. En cas d'absence de telles recommandations, le PVC et le CPVC peuvent être utilisés pour la purge des condensats. Certaines autorités locales peuvent exiger la présence d'un neutralisant de condensats.

## **⚠️WARNING**

Condensate drain must provide gas-tight seal at maximum vent system pressure to ensure products of combustion do not leak into living space. Ensure all condensate traps are filled with water before operating boiler. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

## **⚠️ADVERTISSEMENT**

Lorsque plusieurs appareils sont connectés à un circuit commun d'évacuation, celui-ci doit être conçu de manière à empêcher le retour de fumées, et ce quelles que soient les conditions de fonctionnement. Le non-respect des présentes instructions peut provoquer une fuite de monoxyde de carbone et entraîner des dommages corporels et matériels sévères, voire la mort.

## **⚠️ADVERTISSEMENT**

La purge des condensats doit assurer le scellement des gaz à pression maximale du circuit d'évacuation, pour garantir toute absence de fuite des produits combustibles. S'assurer que chaque collecteur de condensats soit rempli d'eau avant de faire fonctionner la chaudière. Le non-respect de ces instructions peut entraîner des dommages corporels et matériels sévères, voire la mort.

## **G. CATEGORY II OR IV ENGINEERED VENT SYSTEM**

## **⚠️WARNING**

Engineered vent systems must be designed by a qualified professional using listed components, accepted best practices, and following local codes.

## **⚠️ADVERTISSEMENT**

Les circuits d'évacuation doivent être conçus par un professionnel utilisant composants répertoriés, les meilleurs procédés et respectant les réglementations locales.

1. Overview: Vent system is designed by a qualified professional. Vent systems with a single boiler connected may be positive or negative pressure depending on the design.
2. Common venting without backflow prevention can allow flue gas from one appliance to interact with the other appliances in the system. Common venting systems must be designed with backflow protection.
3. Typical boiler operating information is provided in Table VII for natural gas and Table VIII for oil. Engineered vent system must maintain vent pressures listed in these tables for all operating conditions.

## **⚠️WARNING**

When multiple boilers are connected to a common vent system, vent system must be designed to prevent the backflow of flue gases under all operating conditions. Failure to comply could cause products of combustion and/or carbon monoxide to enter living space, resulting in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

**Table VII: Natural Gas Water Boiler Venting Information**

Model	Input (MBH)	Vent Connection Dia. (in.)	Vent Flow Rate <sup>1</sup> (ACFM)	Typical Flue Gas Temp <sup>1</sup> (°F)	Vent Pressure at Breech Port <sup>2</sup> (In. Wtr. Clmn.)	Category II Vent Pressure at Flue Outlet <sup>3</sup> (In. Wtr. Clmn.)	Category IV Vent Pressure at Flue Outlet <sup>3</sup> (In. Wtr. Clmn.)
V903A-WN	400	7	121	270 to 300	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V904A-WN	606	7	184	270 to 300	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V905A-WN	808	8	245	270 to 300	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V906A-WN	1010	8	306	270 to 300	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V907A-WN	1198	8	363	270 to 300	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V908A-WN	1386	10	420	270 to 300	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V909A-WN	1674	10	508	270 to 300	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V910A-WN	1905	10	578	270 to 300	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V911A-WN	2136	12	648	270 to 300	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V912A-WN	2367	12	717	270 to 300	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1

**Notes:**(1) Based on nominal 9.8% CO<sub>2</sub> and 300°F flue gas at high fire. May vary with application.

(2) Vent pressure at breech port measured before damper during operation at high fire. See Figure 1.

(3) Vent pressure at flue outlet measured after damper.

**Table VIII: Oil Water Boiler Venting Information**

Model	Input (MBH)	Vent Connection Dia. (in.)	Vent Flow Rate <sup>1</sup> (ACFM)	Typical Flue Gas Temp <sup>1</sup> (°F)	Vent Pressure at Breech Port <sup>2</sup> (In. Wtr. Clmn.)	Category II Vent Pressure at Flue Outlet <sup>3</sup> (In. Wtr. Clmn.)	Category IV Vent Pressure at Flue Outlet <sup>3</sup> (In. Wtr. Clmn.)
V903A-WO	386	7	126	260 to 320	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V904A-WO	606	7	190	260 to 320	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V905A-WO	808	8	254	260 to 320	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V906A-WO	1010	8	317	260 to 320	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V907A-WO	1198	8	376	260 to 320	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V908A-WO	1386	10	435	260 to 320	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V909A-WO	1674	10	526	260 to 320	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V910A-WO	1905	10	598	260 to 320	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V911A-WO	2136	12	671	260 to 320	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1
V912A-WO	2367	12	744	260 to 320	0.1	-0.1 to 0	0 to 0.1

**Notes:**(1) Based on nominal 12.0% - 12.5% CO<sub>2</sub> and 320°F flue gas at high fire. May vary with application.

(2) Vent pressure at breech port measured before damper during operation at high fire. See Figure 1.

(3) Vent pressure at flue outlet measured after damper.

## SECTION II - CAST IRON BLOCK ASSEMBLY

**A. FACTORY ASSEMBLED SECTIONS** — If the boiler was ordered with factory assembled sections, the assembly should be set in the proper location as outlined in Section I. Lifting arrangement and weights are given in Figure 4.

1. Proceed to Paragraph C of this Section, "HYDROSTATIC TEST."

### ⚠ CAUTION

Boiler sections must be drawn-up on level surface or improper assembly may result.

### ⚠ ATTENTION

Les sections de la chaudière doivent être étirées sur une surface plane ou un assemblage incorrect peut en résulter.

**B. FIELD ASSEMBLED SECTIONS** — If the boiler was ordered to be field assembled, follow the assembly procedure outlined on the following pages.

### ⚠ DANGER

Use proper equipment and foot protection to handle heavy objects.

### ⚠ DANGER

Utilisez un équipement et une protection des pieds appropriés pour manipuler des objets lourds.

#### 1. ASSEMBLY OF SECTIONS (MANUAL DRAW-UP USING SHORT DRAW UP RODS)

These sections are designed to be drawn together, one section at a time, using the 9 $\frac{3}{4}$ " long draw-up rods (provided) and ordinary hand tools.

Tools required:

- (1) 3/4" Drive Ratchet
- (1) 1-1/16" Socket
- (1) 1-1/16" Combination or Open End Wrench
- (1) Container of grease, oil or other appropriate lubricant.

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	LIFTING WEIGHT (LBS)	MIN. SLING LENGTH 'L'
3	908	7'
4	1194	7'
5	1480	7'
6	1766	8'
7	2052	8'
8	2338	8'
9	2624	9'
10	2910	9'
11	3196	9'
12	3482	10'

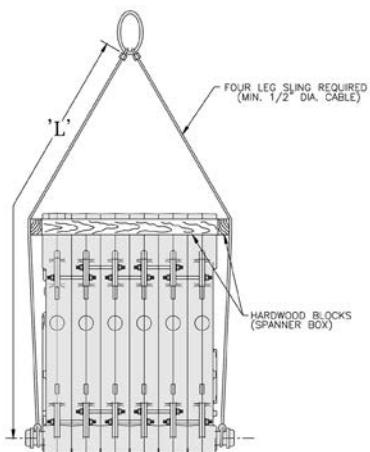


Figure 4: Lifting Instruction

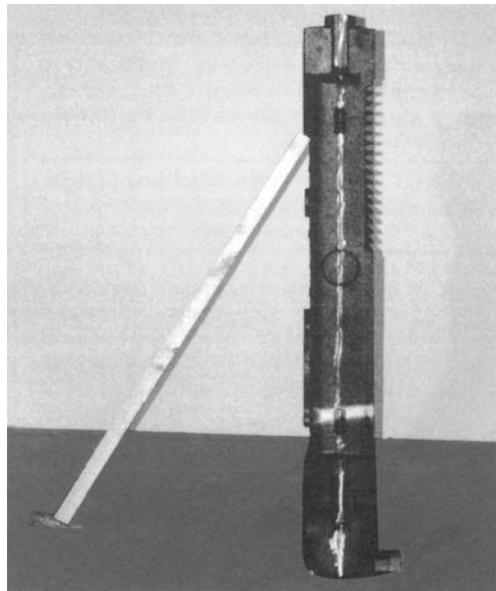


Figure 5: Positioning of Back Section

### NOTICE

Never assemble more than one section at a time.

### AVIS

Ne jamais assembler plus d'une section à la fois.

- Place the rear section in its approximate final position, as outlined in Section I, and support it with a suitable prop and wedges. See Figure 5.
- On size V903A only — Open target wall carton, apply provided silastic sealant to back of target wall and secure target wall to rear section.
- Clean the groove in the ground joint along the edge of the section with the wire brush.
- Open the Boiler Assembly Carton(s) and remove the bottle of adhesive. Using the dauber supplied in the bottle, apply the adhesive to the groove. Be sure to use enough adhesive to sufficiently coat the entire groove surface. If so desired, a multi-purpose spray adhesive (supplied by others) may be used instead. HOWEVER, GREAT CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT THE ADHESIVE DOES NOT COME IN CONTACT WITH THE NIPPLES OR NIPPLE PORTS.
- While the adhesive is becoming tacky, clean nipples and nipple ports thoroughly with a de-greasing solvent. Use Loctite #592 or equivalent to lubricate the nipples and nipple ports. Apply the lubricant to the nipples and nipple ports, then use a brush to disperse it evenly around the nipples and the nipple ports. Use approximately 25 ml of Loctite #592 per flueway [(1) 7" and (2) 3" nipples and their (6) corresponding nipple ports].

- f. Drive nipples squarely into section using block of wood and hammer, or preferably, an aluminum head hammer. (Burnham offers a Polyethylene Block for setting the nipples, part number 8052601). Place block over entire nipple edge and hit the wood with the hammer.

## NOTICE

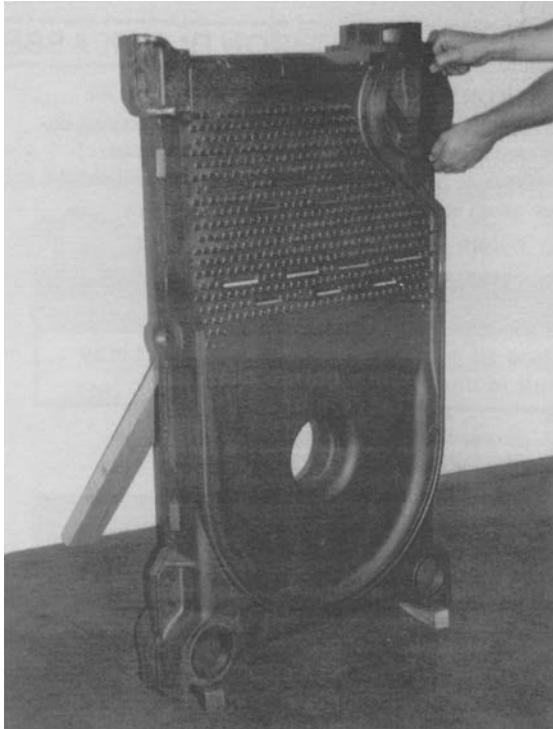
**Nipples must be driven in evenly and to the proper depth to assure tight joints. Most nipple leaks are caused by tilted or cocked nipples.**

**DO NOT use steel/iron head hammer to drive nipples without using a wood block. Nipple damage may result.**

## AVIS

**Les mamelons doivent être enfouis uniformément et à la bonne profondeur pour assurer des joints serrés. La plupart des fuites de mamelons sont causées par des mamelons inclinés ou armés.**

**NE PAS utiliser de marteau à tête en acier / fer pour enfouir les mamelons sans utiliser de cale en bois. Des dommages au mameon peuvent en résulter.**



**Figure 6: Setting of Nipples**

- g. A special nipple setting gauge is provided for the nipples. Gauge nipple at 90° angles to insure that it is driven to the proper depth into the nipple opening (nipple port). Cut-out in gauge must rest on nipple, with legs of gauge touching finished face of section, when nipple is properly driven. See Figure 6.



**Figure 7: Affixing the Fiberglass Rope**

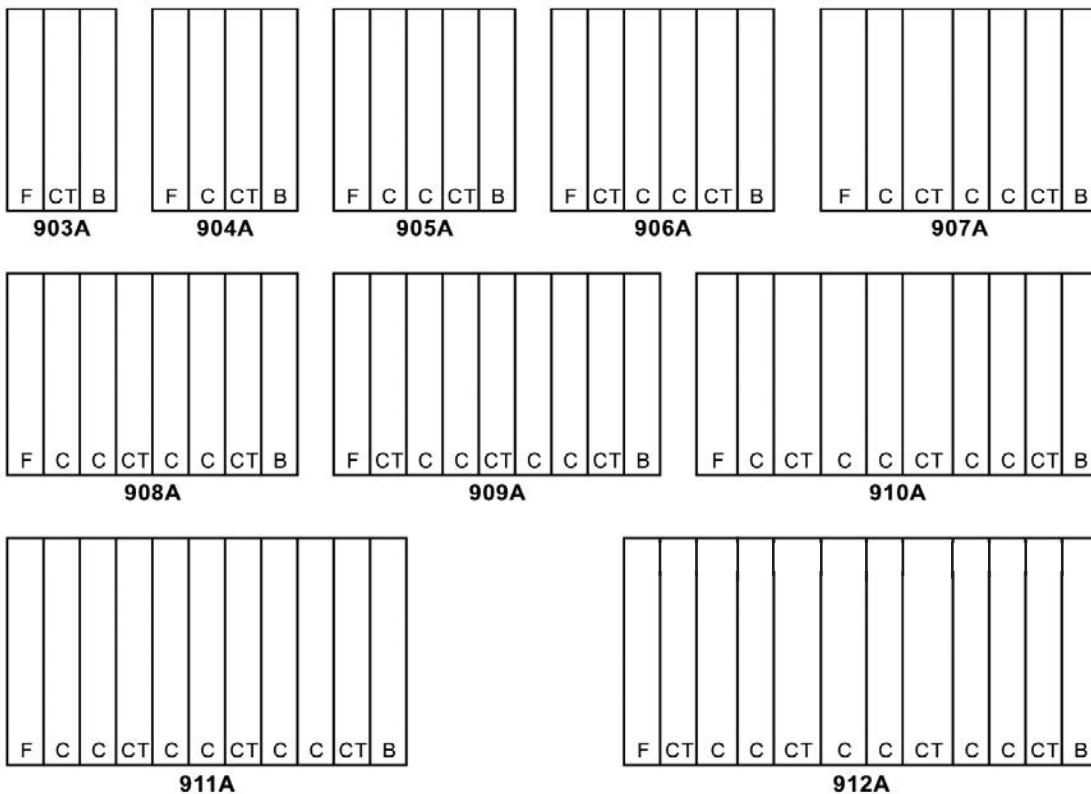
- h. Remove a 96" length of fiberglass rope from the assembly carton. Starting with the area around the upper 7" nipple port, firmly press the rope into the groove, so that the adhesive holds it in place. (If more than 25 minutes have passed since the adhesive was applied, it may be necessary to reapply.) Continue to affix the rope to the groove in this fashion around the perimeter of the section. Make sure that the rope does not droop or hang outside of the groove. When the end of the groove is reached, cut off the excess rope. Push the length of excess rope into the groove at the top corner of the section face (opposite of the 7" nipple port.) Cut off and discard any remaining rope after groove is filled. See Figure 7.

## NOTICE

**The sections must be assembled according to the arrangement shown to ensure proper operation, proper assembly of canopy, jacket and alignment of piping and tankless heaters with jacket knockouts. Start with the back section and work towards the front.**

## AVIS

**Les sections doivent être assemblées selon la disposition illustrée pour assurer un bon fonctionnement, un assemblage adéquat de l'auvent, de la chemise et l'alignement de la tuyauterie et des appareils de chauffage sans réservoir avec des débouchures de chemise. Commencez par la partie arrière et travaillez vers l'avant.**



NOTES: FOR BOILERS LESS TANKLESS HEATER, REPLACE THE "CT" SECTIONS WITH "C" SECTIONS. TANKLESS SECTIONS: IF BOILER CAN TAKE MULTIPLE TANKLESS COILS, BUT NOT ALL TANKLESS COILS WILL BE USED, INSTALL COILS TOWARDS BACK OF BOILER, FOLLOWING SECTION ARRANGEMENT CHART.

**Figure 8: V9A Section Arrangement**

- From the "Section Arrangement" chart, select the next section according to the "Identification Code" at the top of the chart. See Figure 8. Use a wire brush to clean the groove in the face of the next section. Then, using a cartridge of RTV 6500 or RTV 736 sealant in a caulking gun, fill the groove in this section with silastic sealant. Touch-up any missed spots before draw-up. Touch-up after draw-up has no value.

### **WARNING**

Sections must be drawn-up tight immediately after properly applying sealant for best results. Although sections may be joined within two (2) hours of applying sealant, humidity and temperature affect cure time. If a "thick skin" has been formed on the sealant bead, remove and re-apply sealant.

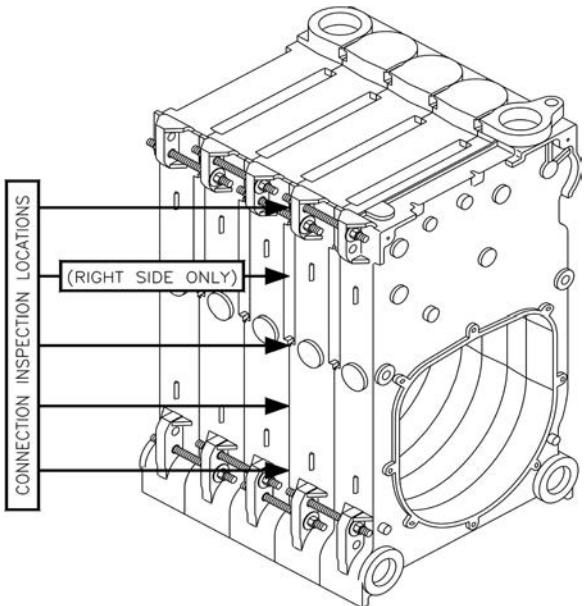
Sealant must be properly applied to ALL boiler joints. Failure to properly seal the boiler joints will result in combustion gas leaks through the joint. DO NOT operate boiler with combustion gas leaks.

### **ADVERTISSEMENT**

Les sections doivent être étirées de manière étanche immédiatement après avoir correctement appliqué le scellant pour de meilleurs résultats. Bien que les sections puissent être jointes dans les deux (2) heures suivant l'application du scellant, l'humidité et la température affectent le temps de durcissement. Si une «peau épaisse» s'est formée sur le cordon de scellant, retirez et appliquez de nouveau le scellant.

Joint de chaudière. Le fait de ne pas sceller correctement les joints de la chaudière entraînera des fuites de gaz de combustion à travers le joint. NE PAS faire fonctionner la chaudière avec des fuites de gaz de combustion.

- Clean and lubricate nipple ports on next section to be assembled and place on nipples previously installed in rear section. To facilitate assembly, it is advisable to enter the upper nipple first in its port. Then enter the lower nipples in their respective ports. If necessary, place a lifting bar (crowbar) under the center of the section and lift the nipple port onto the upper nipple.
- Drive sections in place with a heavy block of wood, striking blows as squarely as possible over nipple port.



**Figure 9: Connection Inspection Locations and Manual Draw-Up Tie Rod Pattern**

1. The large draw-up rod lugs with dual holes are cast in the four (4) corners of each casting. STARTING WITH THE UPPER HOLES, install four (4)  $5/8'' \times 9\frac{3}{4}''$  long draw-up rods along with washers and nuts (see Figure 9).

## NOTICE

To avoid damage to the draw-up rod threads while drawing up sections, apply oil or other lubricant to tie rod threads while assembling sections to prevent stripping of threads on rod and to make assembling easier.

## AVIS

Pour éviter d'endommager les filetages de la tige de traction lors de l'étirage des sections, appliquez de l'huile ou un autre lubrifiant sur les filetages de la tige de traction lors de l'assemblage des sections pour éviter le dénudage des filetages sur la tige et pour faciliter l'assemblage.

## ⚠ WARNING

Do not substitute other material for draw-up rods.

## ⚠ ADVERTISSEMENT

Ne substituez pas d'autres matériaux aux tiges de traction.

- m. DRAW UP SECTION SLOWLY AND EVENLY using an alternating pattern starting with the upper right lug (closest to the 7" port) and proceeding to the lower left, lower right and finishing with upper left lug. When you start, grind surfaces between adjoining sections should be approximately  $3/8''$  apart. Use three (3) or four (4) passes at tightening the four (4) draw-up rods a little at a time so that sections are pulled up evenly. During the last pass, pay close attention to the silastic sealant as

it squeezes when the sections come in close contact. The silastic sealant should continue to squeeze out wafer thin until the sections are connected metal to metal. If the silastic has stopped squeezing out from the connection and the sections still do not appear to be drawn metal to metal, use a feeler gauge to measure any gaps at the locations identified in Figure 9. (Unless specified otherwise, gaps should be measured at these locations on both sides of the sections.) A maximum gap of  $.025''$  is acceptable. Measure gaps at the outer edge of the connection only, making sure not to puncture the gasket created by the silastic and rope.

## NOTICE

When tightening the draw-up nuts, DO NOT EXCEED 150 FT-LB OF TORQUE. If the maximum torque limit has been reached and a gap greater than  $.025''$  still exists between the sections, consult the regional office.

## AVIS

Lors du serrage des écrous de serrage, NE PAS DÉPASSER 150 PI-LB DE COUPLE. Si la limite de couple maximum a été atteinte et qu'un écart supérieur à  $0,025''$  existe toujours entre les sections, consultez le bureau régional.

KEEP NIPPLES ALIGNED WITH NIPPLE PORTS. If necessary, tap edge of nipples lightly with a blunt tool or rod to keep nipples from cocking while sections are being drawn-up. DO NOT DRAW UP SECTION WHEN NIPPLES ARE COCKED. If the torque required becomes excessive, periodically place a heavy block of wood over each nipple port and strike as squarely as possible with several blows to relieve tension on the draw-up rods.

- n. CONTINUE ASSEMBLING SECTIONS IN THEIR RESPECTIVE ORDER alternating draw-up rods from the upper to lower set of holes in draw-up lugs (see Figure 10). Be certain that all sections are drawn up iron-to-iron at all three (3) nipple ports.

BE SURE TO APPLY THE SEALANT to the groove in the ground joints between adjacent sections as the boiler operates with a positive pressure in the firebox and products of combustion will escape between sections unless the sections are properly sealed. The sealant should be applied before each section is placed on the assembly.

- o. If a joint springs apart it must be redrawn tight within four (4) hours of the time of application of silastic sealant to that joint.
- p. EXCESS LENGTH OF DRAW-UP RODS must not extend beyond front and rear section to ensure proper fit of jacket, adjust accordingly.

- q. After all sections have been drawn up, the draw-up rod nuts should be loosened until finger tight and then tightened  $\frac{1}{2}$  turn with a wrench.
- C. HYDROSTATIC TEST** — After the boiler sections have been assembled, it is essential that the boiler be hydrostatically tested before the canopy, flue cover plates, jacket, or piping is installed.

1. Tankless Heater Installation

If boiler is ordered with tankless heaters, install heaters with the gaskets provided. Table IX gives the maximum number of heaters permissible per assembly and the heater ratings.

2. Plug all boiler tappings and fill boiler completely with cold water. Allow cold fill water to reach room temperature before sealing boiler and pressurizing.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**DO NOT** install gauge until after hydrostatic testing the boiler. Gauge failure may result.

**⚠ ATTENTION**

**N'installez la jauge qu'après avoir testé hydrostatique la chaudière. Une défaillance de la jauge peut en résulter.**

3. All completed boilers must satisfactorily pass the prescribed hydrostatic test.
  - a. HOT WATER BOILERS: The assembled boiler must be subjected to a hydrostatic test of not less than  $1\frac{1}{2}$  times the maximum allowable working pressure, as established by the relief valve provided with the boiler. For example, a boiler with a 50 psi relief valve must be subjected to a test pressure of 75 psig to 85 psig.

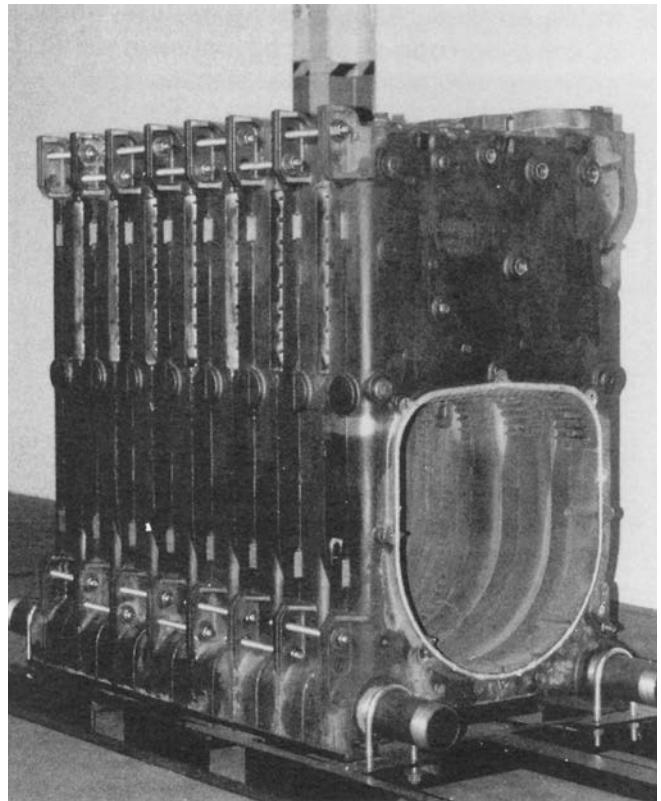
**⚠ WARNING**

**Failure to properly hydrotest all boilers at the correct pressure may result in section assembly failure in operation.**

**⚠ ADVERTISSEMENT**

**Le fait de ne pas hydrotester correctement toutes les chaudières à la pression correcte peut entraîner une défaillance de l'assemblage de la section en cours de fonctionnement.**

4. EXAMINE BOILER CAREFULLY, INSIDE AND OUTSIDE, to insure against leaks from cocked nipples or through concealed breakage caused in shipping and handling. This precaution is for your protection and will simplify handling of necessary replacements and adjustment claims.
5. After making certain that there are no leaks, drain boiler and remove plugs for boiler trim and other connections.



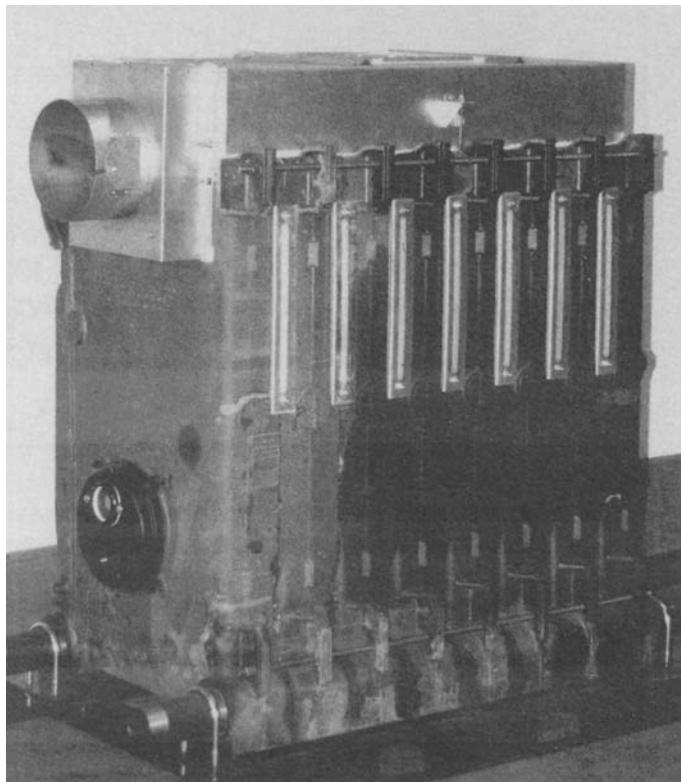
**Figure 10: Boiler Section Assembly**

## **SECTION III - INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS**

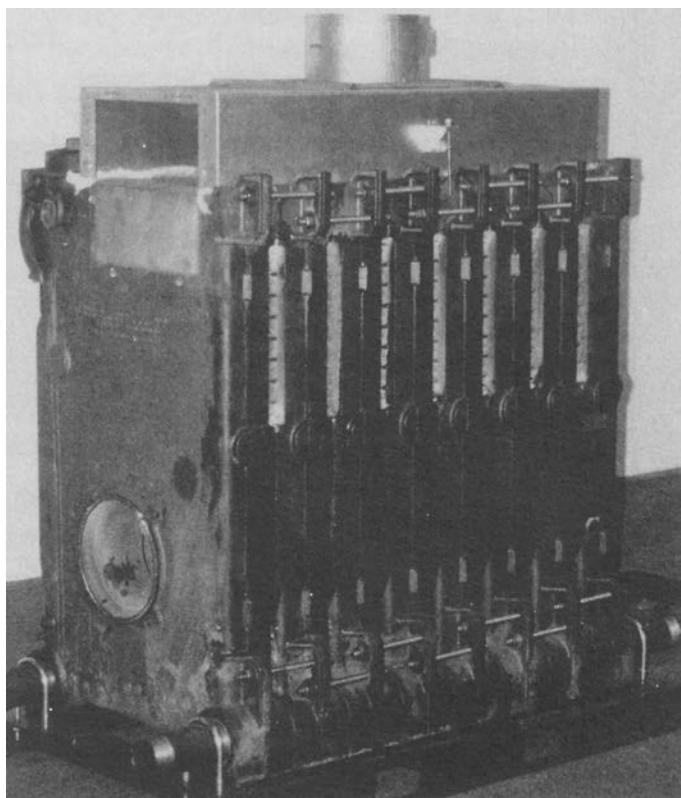
### **A. INSTALL CANOPY/FLUE OUTLET ASSEMBLY,**

Refer to Figures 11, 12 and 13.

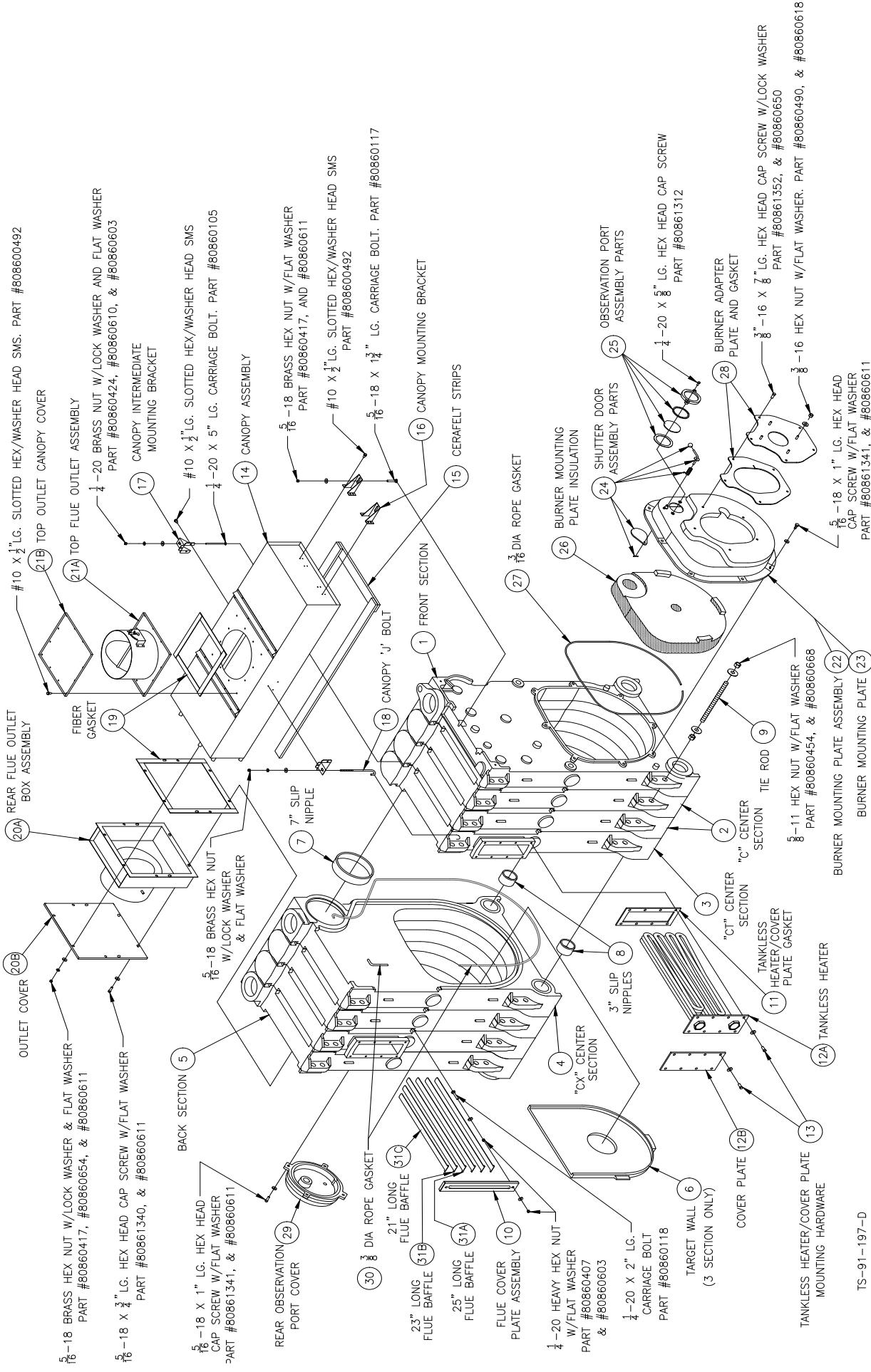
1. Open canopy carton.
2. Attach the two (2) canopy brackets to the front end cap of canopy with four (4) #10 x 1/2" sheet metal screws each.
3. Across the top of the front section and along the top ledges running back each side of the sections, place continuous 2" wide strips of cerafelt and overlap joints at front corners. Cerafelt strip should extend 1/4" beyond rear surface of back section. Cut off excess.
4. Place the canopy on the sections.
5. Position rear flange (end with studs) of canopy flush with rear surface of back section.
6. Loosely attach the canopy brackets to the lugs on the front section of the block assembly with 5/16" carriage bolts, flat washers and locknuts.
7. Check to see if rear flange of canopy is still flush with raised flange on back section.
8. Open either the rear flue outlet carton (standard) or top flue outlet carton (optional).
9. Attach the 1/8" x 1" wide self-adhesive fiber gasket to the surface of either the rear flue outlet damper assembly or rear flue outlet cover that mounts against the canopy and back section. Gasket must be centered over all attachment holes. Do not overlap corners, cut butt joints.
10. Attach either the rear flue outlet damper assembly or rear outlet canopy cover to the canopy with the 5/16" flat washers, lock-washers and brass nuts and tighten securely. Attach the rear flue outlet damper assembly or cover to the back section with the four (4) 5/16" flat washers and cap screws and tighten securely.
11. Tighten front canopy carriage bolt until canopy is secure.
12. On the longer canopy sizes, Intermediate Mounting Brackets are provided, two (2) are required on sizes V907A thru V909A and four (4) are required on sizes V910A thru V912A. Refer to Figures 14 and 15.
  - a. Intermediate brackets are shipped flat. Bend side flanges down approximately 90° as shown. Adjust bends until holes in bracket match hole pattern on canopy.
  - b. Secure brackets to both sides of canopy with three (3) #10 x 1/2" sheet metal screws per bracket.



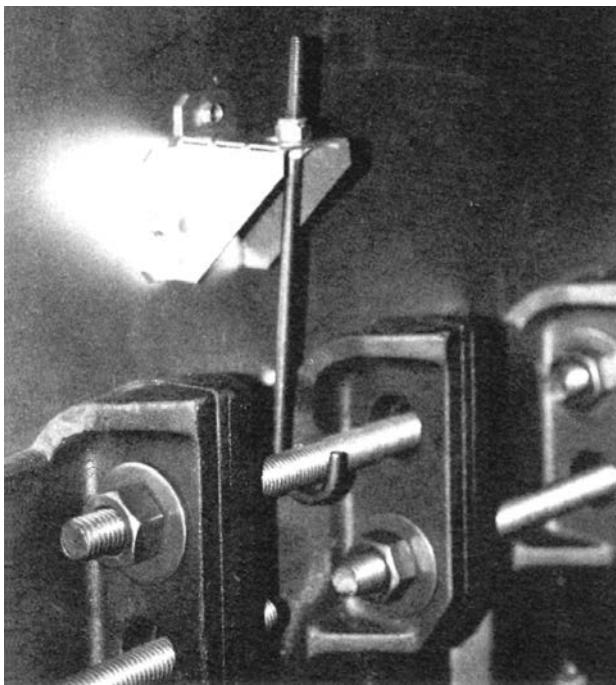
**Figure 11: Canopy with Rear Flue Outlet Damper Assembly (Shown on optional steel shipping skid)**



**Figure 12: Canopy with Top Flue Outlet Damper Assembly (Rear Cover Removed) (Shown on optional steel shipping skid)**



**Figure 13:** Bare Boiler Assembly



**Figure 14: Left Side Canopy Intermediate Bracket**

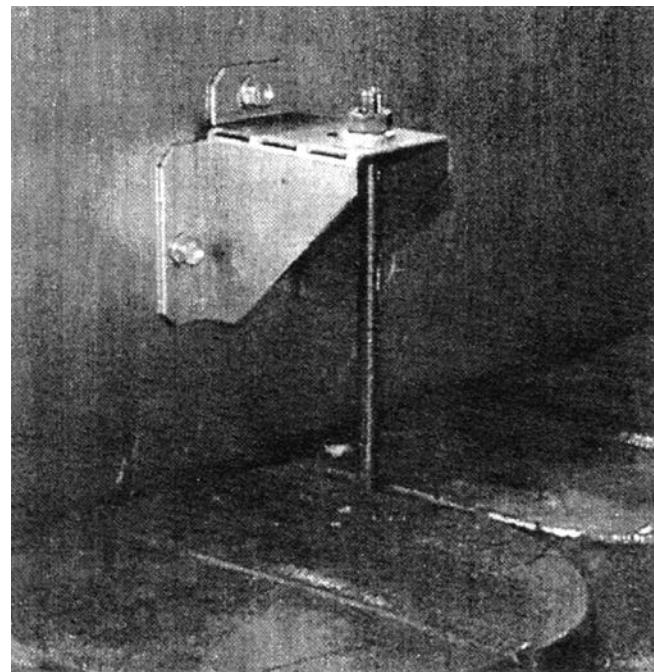
- c. Secure canopy left side bracket(s) with appropriate canopy 'J' bolt(s). Insert threaded end through holes in brackets and hook 'J' bolt on center section draw-up rod (hooks should face outward). Secure canopy with 5/16" flat washers, lock washers and brass nuts. See Figure 14.
- d. Secure canopy right side bracket(s) with  $\frac{1}{4}$  - 20 x 5" lg. carriage bolts. Insert head of carriage bolt between canopy body and casting. Slide carriage bolt into slot provided between castings. Lower carriage bolt until threaded end will pass through hole in bracket. Secure canopy with  $\frac{1}{4}$ " flat washers, lock washers and brass nuts. See Figure 15.
13. Attach the 1/8" x 1" wide self-adhesive fiber gasket to the surfaces of either the top flue outlet damper assembly or top outlet canopy cover that mounts against the canopy. Gasket must be centered over all attachment holes. Do not overlap corners, cut butt joints.
14. Secure either the top flue outlet damper assembly or top outlet canopy cover with #10 x 1/2" sheet metal screws.

## ⚠ WARNING

See Important Product Safety Information on Page 7 of this manual, regarding refractory ceramic fiber product warning.

## ⚠ ADVERTISSEMENT

Reportez-vous aux Informations importantes sur la sécurité du produit à la page 7 de ce manuel concernant l'avertissement concernant les produits en fibre de céramique réfractaire.

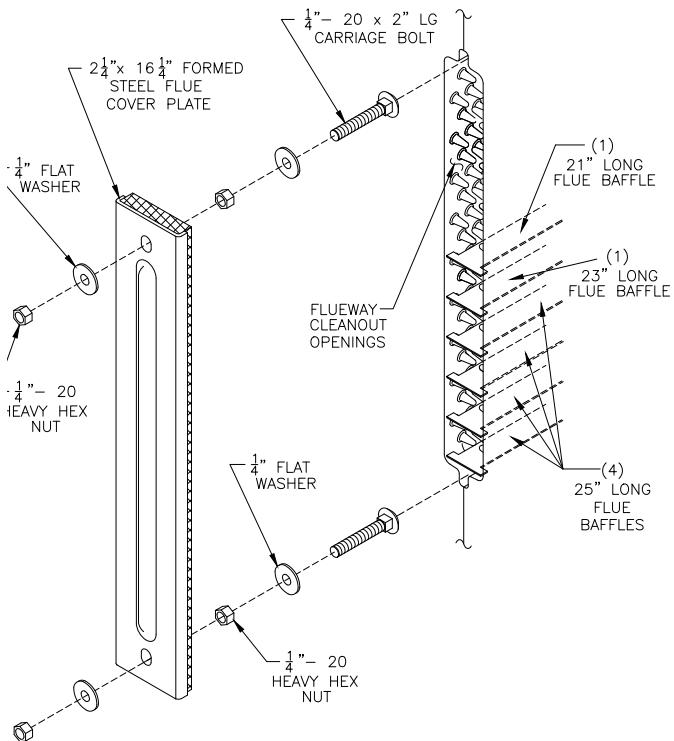


**Figure 15: Right Side Canopy Intermediate Bracket**

## B. INSTALL FLUE BAFFLES AND COVER PLATES

over cleanout openings on left side of boiler as shown in Figure 16.

1. Locate the flue baffle carton. Each flue opening will get four (4) 25" baffles, one (1) 23" baffle, and one (1) 21" baffle.



**Figure 16: Flue Cover Plate Attachment**

2. Insert one 25" baffle, rounded end first, in the very bottom pin row exposed by the flueway cleanout opening.
3. Insert the next 25" baffle two (2) pin rows up from the first 25" baffle.
4. Insert the remaining two (2) 25" baffles, continuing up on every second pin row.
5. Insert the 23" baffle and 21" baffle, continuing up on every second pin row with the 21" baffle being the last to be inserted. The end result should match Figure 16.
6. Locate the cover plates, carriage bolts, nuts and washers in the boiler assembly carton(s).
7. Remove insulation from two (2) 3/8" diameter holes in flue cover plates using a 3/8" drill bit. Rotate bit through insulation by hand.
8. Attach the carriage bolts to the top and bottom of the flue openings with washers and hex nuts to provide a fixed stud.
9. Install flue cover plates over studs with insulation against boiler and secure with washers and nuts. Tighten until insulation on cover plate provides a tight seal to casting. If after tightening, a gap is still evident where the sections join, apply silastic along top and bottom edge of insulation board.
10. Repeat steps 2 through 9 for installing remaining flue baffles and mounting remaining cover plates.

#### C. MOUNT REAR OBSERVATION PORT COVER

Refer to Figure 13.

1. With the silastic sealant, secure the 3/16" diameter rope gasket into the groove around the perimeter of the rear observation port cover.
2. Mount the rear observation port cover onto the rear section (with the word "Top" in the upright position) using the four (4) 5/16" - 18 x 1" lg. cap screws and flat washers provided.

#### D. INSPECT ALL BOILER SEALS

1. A visual inspection should be made of all sealed joints and repairs made as necessary. Darken the boiler room and place a light source in the

combustion space and canopy to observe any gaps or open seals. Poor seals must be repaired and rechecked before continuing.

#### E. JACKET ASSEMBLY

- See Figure 19 for Jacket Assembly Details.

1. Open jacket carton and jacket hardware package. Unless otherwise stated, all jacket components are fastened with #8 x 1/2" hex head sheet metal screws. Do not drive sheet metal screws tight until jacket assembly is complete.
2. On boilers with rear flue outlet damper assembly, remove square knockout from jacket rear panel. To remove knockout, use a single hacksaw blade with handle or aviation snips to cut metal tabs between slotted holes.
3. Attach jacket front panel to front section and jacket rear panel to back section using the eight (8) #10 x 1/2" self tapping screws. Tighten these screws securely.
4. Attach jacket lower tie bar panel (approximately 5-5/8" high) to the bottom of the jacket front and rear panels using four (4) sheet metal screws. Repeat for opposite side.
5. Attach jacket upper tie bar panel (approximately 4-1/8" high) to the top of the jacket front and rear panels using four (4) sheet metal screws. Repeat for opposite side.
6. Jacket Top Panel Attachment
  - a. On boilers with top flue outlet damper assembly, remove octagon shaped knockout. To remove knockout, use a single hacksaw blade with handle or aviation snips to cut metal tabs between slotted holes.
  - b. Remove knockout(s) for necessary supply piping in a similar manner.
  - c. Attach jacket top panel to the front panel, rear panel and upper tie bar panels with sheet metal screws.
7. Install Jacket side Panels
  - a. Snap black thumb hole bushings into all side panel holes.

JACKET LEFT SIDE PANEL USAGE CHART						
Boiler Model	MULTIPLE SIDE PANELS*					FRONT OF BOILER
	Panel No. 1	Panel No. 2	Panel No. 3	Panel No. 4	Panel No. 5	
V903A	L10	L5	---	---	---	
V904A	L10	L11	---	---	---	
V905A	L10	L17	---	---	---	
V906A	L10	L18	L5	---	---	
V907A	L10	L18	L11	---	---	
V908A	L10	L18	L17	---	---	
V909A	L10	L18	L18	L5	---	
V910A	L10	L18	L18	L17	---	
V911A	L10	L18	L18	L17	---	
V912A	L10	L18	L18	L18	L5	

\* NOTE: To install multiple side panels, start at the rear and work forward.  
To remove panels, reverse order of assembly.

Figure 17: Left Side Panel Usage Chart

JACKET RIGHT SIDE PANEL USAGE CHART				
Boiler Model	SINGLE OR MULTIPLE SIDE PANELS*			REAR OF BOILER
	Panel No. 3	Panel No. 4	Panel No. 5	
V903A	---	---	R15 (Single)	
V904A	---	---	R21 (Single)	
V905A	---	---	R27 (Single)	
V906A	---	---	R33 (Single)	
V907A	---	R15	R24	
V908A	---	R21	R24	
V909A	---	R27	R24	
V910A	---	R27	R30	
V911A	---	R33	R30	
V912A	R21	R24	R24	

\* NOTE: To install multiple side panels, start at the rear and work forward. To remove panels, reverse order of assembly.

Figure 18: Right Side Panel Usage Chart

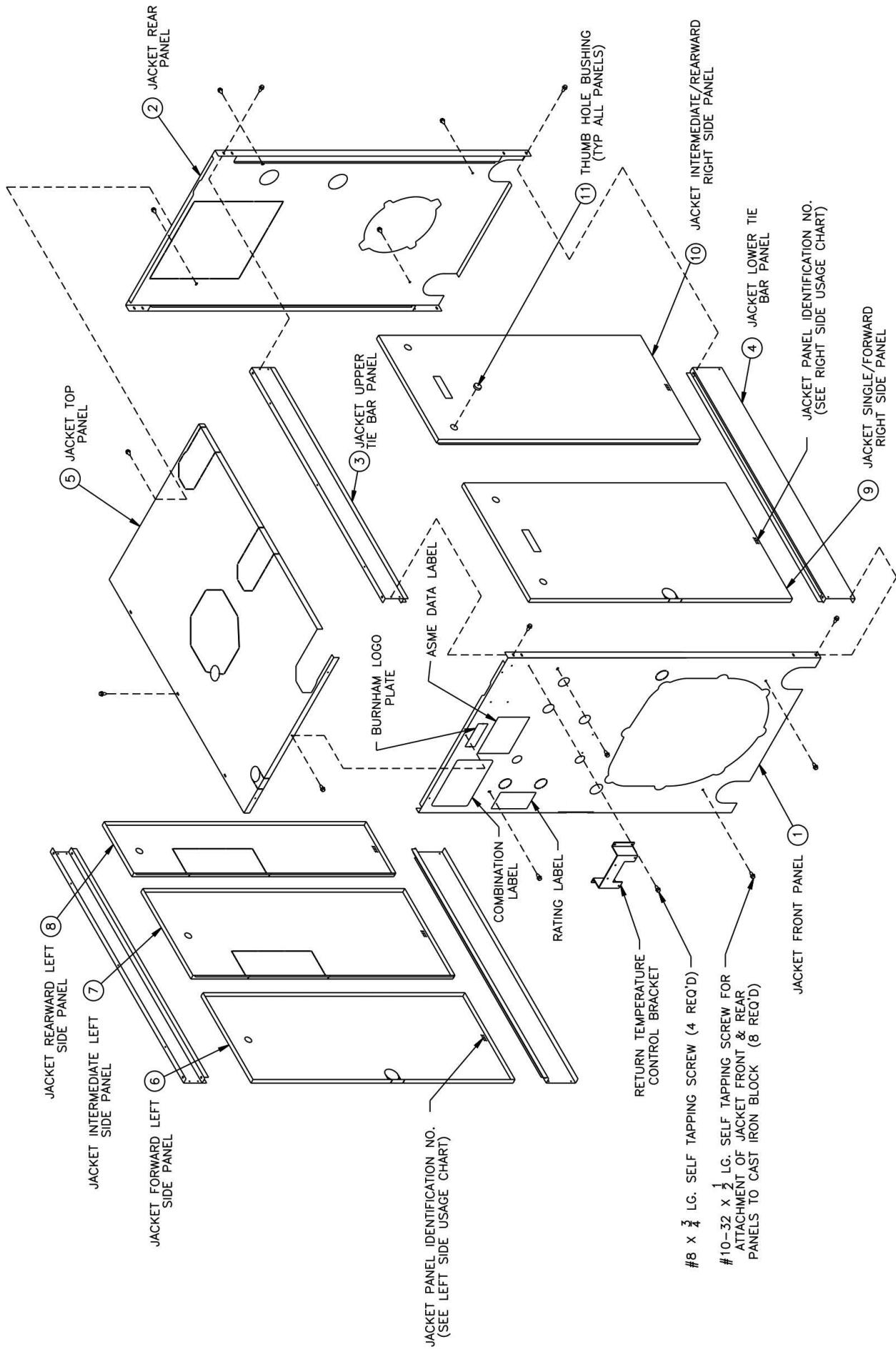


Figure19: V9A Series Jacket Assembly (Boiler Models V903A thru V912A)

- b. Use the left side panel and right side panel usage charts to determine correct positions of side panels. The three (3) digit panel identification numbers shown in the charts are also stamped along the bottom edge of each panel. Refer to Figures 17 and 18.
- c. Rearward and Intermediate panels have reverse bend flanges on one side of panel. These panels must be installed prior to forward panels.

## NOTICE

To install multiple side panels, start at the rear of boiler and work forward. To remove panels, reverse order of assembly.

## AVIS

Pour installer plusieurs panneaux latéraux, commencez par l'arrière de la chaudière et avancez. Pour retirer les panneaux, inversez l'ordre d'assemblage.

- d. If boiler is equipped with tankless heaters they should be installed at this time if they were not installed for hydrostatic test outlined on Page 24.
- e. Install right side panels into position by inserting top of panel into 'U' shaped channel, pushing bottom of panel in toward boiler, and sliding panel down into 'J' shaped channel. Repeat procedure until all right side panels are in place.

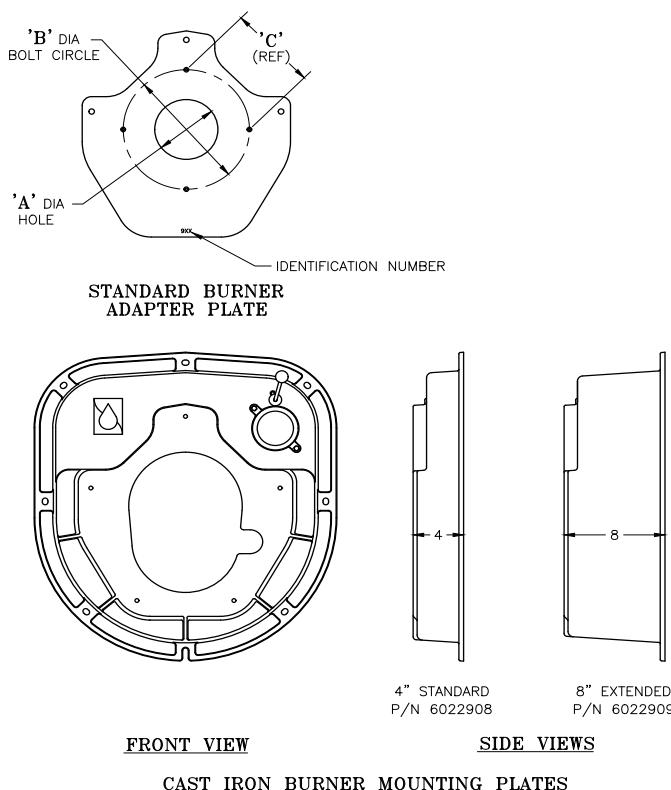
- f. Remove the knockouts necessary for tankless heater operation on left side panels.
- g. Install left side panels, using the same procedure used to install the right side panels.
- 8. Combination Label and Burnham Logo Plate were attached to jacket front panel at time of manufacture. If loose or peeling, apply pressure to reset adhesive.
- 9. Tighten all sheet metal screws to complete jacket assembly.

## F. BURNER MOUNTING PLATE - Refer to Figures 13 and 20.

1. Using silastic sealant, secure the 3/16" diameter rope gasket to the groove along the mounting plate opening in the front section.
2. Install 5/16" x 1" lg. cap screw in lower tapping on front section to carry weight of burner mounting plate.
3. Engage bottom slot on burner mounting plate with matching bolt in bottom tapping of front section. Align mounting holes and fasten the mounting plate to the boiler sections with seven (7) remaining 5/16" cap screws and washers. Fully tighten all bolts.

## G. MOUNT BURNER ADAPTER PLATE TO BURNER MOUNTING PLATE.

Refer to Figures 13 and 20. ALSO, REFER TO BURNER INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTRUCTIONS SPECIFIC TO EACH BURNER.



BECKETT ("CF" SERIES) BURNER ADAPTER PLATE

BOILER MODEL	PART NO.	I.D. NO.	'A' DIA.	'B' DIA.	'C' REF.	BMP
V903A & V904A	602292201	920	4 $\frac{3}{8}$	10	7 $\frac{1}{16}$	8
V905A & V906A	602292211	921	6 $\frac{1}{8}$	10	7 $\frac{1}{16}$	4
V907A THRU 910A	602292221	922	6 $\frac{3}{4}$	10	7 $\frac{1}{16}$	4

BECKETT ("CG" SERIES) BURNER ADAPTER PLATE

BOILER MODEL	PART NO.	I.D. NO.	'A' DIA.	'B' DIA.	'C' REF.	BMP
V903A THRU 906A	602292201	920	4 $\frac{3}{8}$	10	7 $\frac{1}{16}$	8
V907A	602292211	921	6 $\frac{1}{8}$	10	7 $\frac{1}{16}$	4
V908A THRU 911A	602292231	923	7 $\frac{1}{8}$	10	7 $\frac{1}{16}$	4
V912A	602292241	924	8 $\frac{1}{8}$	10	7 $\frac{1}{16}$	4

POWER FLAME ("C" SERIES) BURNER ADAPTER PLATE

BOILER MODEL	PART NO.	I.D. NO.	'A' DIA.	'B' DIA.	'C' REF.	BMP
V903A THRU 906A	602292401	940	7 $\frac{1}{2}$	10 $\frac{1}{4}$	7 $\frac{1}{4}$	[2]
V907A THRU 912A	602292411	941	9	12 $\frac{1}{32}$	8 $\frac{1}{2}$	4

POWER FLAME ("JR" SERIES) BURNER ADAPTER PLATE

BOILER MODEL	PART NO.	I.D. NO.	'A' DIA.	'B' DIA.	'C' REF.	BMP
V903A THRU 906A	602292451	945	6 $\frac{1}{8}$	10 $\frac{1}{4}$	7 $\frac{1}{4}$	[2]
V907A THRU 909A	602292461	946	8 $\frac{3}{8}$	11 $\frac{1}{32}$	8 $\frac{1}{2}$	4

WEBSTER ("JB/EJB" SERIES) BURNER ADAPTER PLATE

BOILER MODEL	PART NO.	I.D. NO.	'A' DIA.	'B' DIA.	'C' REF.	BMP
V904A THRU 912A	602292601	960	7 $\frac{1}{8}$	10 $\frac{1}{4}$	7 $\frac{1}{16}$	4

Figure 20: Burner Mounting Plate/Burner Adapter Plate Options

1. In all cases, the burner adapter plate carton for the specified burner will be provided by Burnham.
2. Open Adapter Plate carton and remove contents. Apply four (4) small dabs of + on rear surface of adapter plate to temporarily hold gasket in place. Hold adapter plate in position against burner mounting plate, align holes and secure with five (5) 3/8" lock washers and 3/8" x 7/8" lg. cap screws.
3. USE A HOLE SAW OR KNIFE TO CUT BURNER MOUNTING PLATE INSULATION TO MATCH HOLE SIZE ON BURNER ADAPTER PLATE. After cutting, remove any and all loose pieces of insulation which may become lodged or interfere with the head of a burner air tube after insertion.
4. Confirm that hole in insulation fits snugly around burner blast tube. If hole is oversized, remove burner mounting plate (with burner attached) from boiler. Use additional fiberglass rope gasket provided with burner to fill in any space between insulation and blast tube. If additional rope gasket is not provided with the burner, use 3/8" fiberglass rope rated for 2300°F (provided by others). Reinstall burner mounting plate when finished.

## **▲ CAUTION**

Failure to properly fill all gaps between the insulation and burner blast tube may result in damage to the burner.

## **▲ ATTENTION**

Le fait de ne pas remplir correctement tous les espaces entre l'isolation et le tube de soufflage du brûleur peut endommager le brûleur.

5. For boilers without tankless heaters, proceed to Paragraph I (Install Water Trim).
6. For boilers with tankless heaters, install the tankless heater manifolds according to Figure 31.

## **H. WATER BOILERS - INSTALL WATER TRIM**

Items for water trim are located in the water trim carton (except for the separately ordered low water cutoff and tankless heater control). Figure 21 shows the proper tappings for each item.

1. Install the temperature pressure gauge.
2. Install the low water cutoff. Follow manufacturer's instructions furnished with control.
3. Install the immersion well and mount the aquastat (limit control) onto the well.
4. Install the safety relief valve as shown in Figure 32b. Relief valve must be installed in vertical position.
5. Plug extra boiler tappings.
6. Install required bottom blowoff/drain valve (supplied by others) per minimum piping requirements for water boilers, see Figure 23.

## **⚠ WARNING**

Relief valve discharge piping must be piped to within six (6) inches of floor, or to floor drain to eliminate potential of severe burns. Do not pipe in any area where freezing could occur. Do not install any shut-off valves, plugs or caps in discharge piping.

## **⚠ ADVERTISSEMENT**

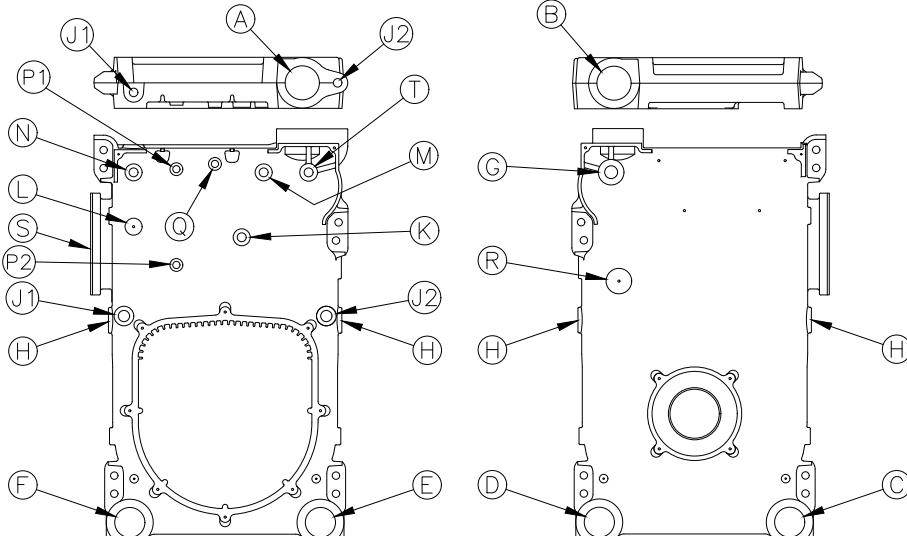
La tuyauterie de décharge de la soupape de décharge doit être raccordée à moins de six (6) pouces du sol, ou au drain de plancher pour éliminer le potentiel de brûlures graves. Ne pas installer de tuyaux dans des zones où le gel pourrait se produire. N'installez pas de vannes d'arrêt, de bouchons ou de capuchons dans la tuyauterie de refoulement.

## **I. BURNER INSTALLATION**

Refer to burner manufacturer's installation manual for proper installation, fuel piping, wiring, burner adjustment, burner start-up and service instructions. Also refer to burner specifications and settings sheet in burner adapter plate carton if provided.

## **J. PACKAGED BOILER**

1. The packaged boiler comes on its own shipping skid (see Figure 22) and the assembled block is hydrostatically tested at the factory. Once the boiler is in its final position, perform another hydrostatic test at 1½ times the working pressure of the boiler. Before boiler is put into service, all draw up rod nuts should be loosened and then retighten to finger tight plus 1/2 turn. The shipping skid can be used as a housekeeping pad unless local codes say otherwise. All controls are pre-wired down to the burner. If burner is equipped with a lead lag panel, lead lag controls will be shipped loose for header mounting. The power can be supplied to the burner if equipped with a control panel. If burner has no panel, the power is supplied to the J-box on the front jacket.
2. SUPPLY CONNECTIONS - Removal of top jacket is not required to connect the supply riser(s), however one may find it easier. Refer to Figure 23 or 24.
3. RETURN CONNECTIONS - The boiler is secured to the shipping skid with U bolts and 3" shipping nipples. Remove the bolts and nipples. Using 3" plugs and an appropriate pipe sealant, plug the unused return connections according to the minimum piping recommendations. Refer to Figure 23 or 24.
4. If the boiler burner unit was factory fire tested, the burner was adjusted to approximately 10% CO<sub>2</sub> (gas) or 12% CO<sub>2</sub> (oil). Final adjustments should be made once the unit is installed and adjusted.



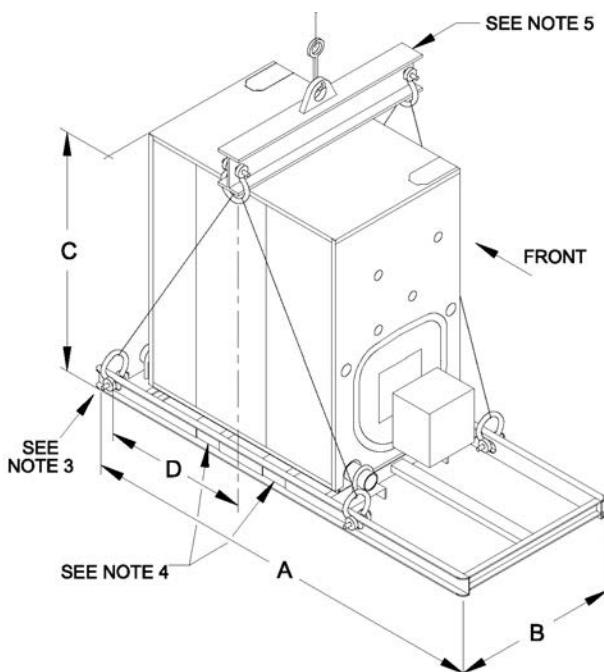
FRONT VIEW

BACK VIEW

TAPPING LOCATION	SIZE (INCHES)	DESCRIPTION
A	4	SUPPLY
B	4	PLUG
C	3	RETURN
D	3	PLUG (903A THRU 911A) RETURN (912A)
E	3	BLOW-OFF / DRAIN VALVE
F	3	PLUG
G	1 1/2	RELIEF VALVE
H	1 1/2	CROWN INSPECTION/WASHOUT (SPECIAL ORDER ONLY)
J1	1	FLOAT L.W.C.O.
J2	1	FLOAT L.W.C.O.

TAPPING LOCATION	SIZE (INCHES)	DESCRIPTION
K	3/4	PROBE L.W.C.O.
L	3/4	AUXILIARY PROBE L.W.C.O. (SPECIAL ORDER ONLY)
M	3/4	OPERATING TEMPERATURE LIMIT CONTROL
N	3/4	HIGH TEMPERATURE LIMIT CONTROL/MANUAL RESET
P1	1/2	LOW FIRE HOLD CONTROL
P2	1/2	NOT USED - PLUG
Q	1/2	TEMPERATURE/PRESSURE GAUGE
R	1 1/2	—
S	3/4	TANKLESS HEATER CONTROL
T	3/4	FIRING RATE TEMPERATURE CONTROL

Figure 21: Purpose of Tappings



Boiler Model	Number of Sections	Length A	Width B*	Height C**	Approx. Center of Gravity D***	Approx. Shipping Weight LBS***
V903A	3	63-5/8	34-1/2	61	17-1/2	1478
V904A	4	69-5/8	34-1/2	61	20-1/2	1790
V905A	5	75-5/8	34-1/2	61	23-1/2	2102
V906A	6	81-5/8	34-1/2	61	27-1/2	2418
V907A	7	87-5/8	34-1/2	61	30-1/2	2734
V908A	8	93-5/8	34-1/2	61	33-1/2	3071
V909A	9	105-5/8	34-1/2	61	37-1/2	3452
V910A	10	111-5/8	34-1/2	61	40-1/2	3809
V911A	11	117-5/8	34-1/2	61	43-1/2	4120
V912A	12	123-5/8	34-1/2	61	46-1/2	4447

\* Width can vary with gas train configuration.

If the V9A packaged boiler must pass through a 36" doorway, please specify.

\*\* Add 6-1/2" to dimension C when equipped with optional top outlet.

\*\*\* Varies slightly with burner and gas train configuration.

1. Do not tilt. Exercise caution when lifting to avoid damage.
2. This boiler can be lifted by fork truck. Do not truck from front.
3. When lifting from rear, forks must extend beyond center of gravity and second skid cross bar.
4. When lifting from side, forks must extend to opposite skid rail and straddle center of gravity.
5. Cable spreader is to prevent jacket damage. Spreader width should equal B (width of skid) + 12". Adjust cable lengths to lift at approximate center of gravity per chart.

Figure 22: Shipping Information

## K. BOILER PIPING - HEATING APPLICATIONS CONNECT SUPPLY AND RETURN PIPING TO HEATING SYSTEM

Connect supply and return piping to heating system (see Figures 23 through 28). Flow direction for hot water boilers must be from the rear return out through the top front supply. Some boiler sizes may require the use of additional supply and return tappings. Check Figure 21 and applicable piping diagram for the boiler size you are installing.

### ⚠️ WARNING

Failure to properly pipe boiler may result in improper, unsafe system operation and void manufacturer's warranty.  
**DO NOT improperly pipe boiler.**

### ⚠️ ADVERTISSEMENT

Le fait de ne pas raccorder correctement la chaudière peut entraîner un fonctionnement incorrect et dangereux du système et annuler la garantie du fabricant. NE PAS canaliser la chaudière de manière incorrecte.

### ⚠️ WARNING

All hot water pipes must have clearances of at least 1/2" from all combustible construction.

### ⚠️ ADVERTISSEMENT

Tous les tuyaux de chaude doivent avoir un dégagement d'au moins 1/2 po de toute construction combustible.

### ⚠️ WARNING

A hot water boiler installed above radiation level must be provided with a low water cutoff device as part of the installation.

### ⚠️ ADVERTISSEMENT

Une chaudière à eau chaude installée au-dessus du niveau de rayonnement doit être équipée d'un dispositif de coupure de bas niveau d'eau dans le cadre de l'installation.

1. HOT WATER HEATING - This boiler must be installed in strict accordance with this installation manual. Deviations from these installation instructions may void manufacturer's warranty.

### ⚠️ WARNING

Continued boiler operation for prolonged periods of time under conditions when temperature differential across the system exceeds 40°F and/or, return water temperature stays below 135°F, may result in premature boiler failure due to flue gas condensation and/or thermal shock.

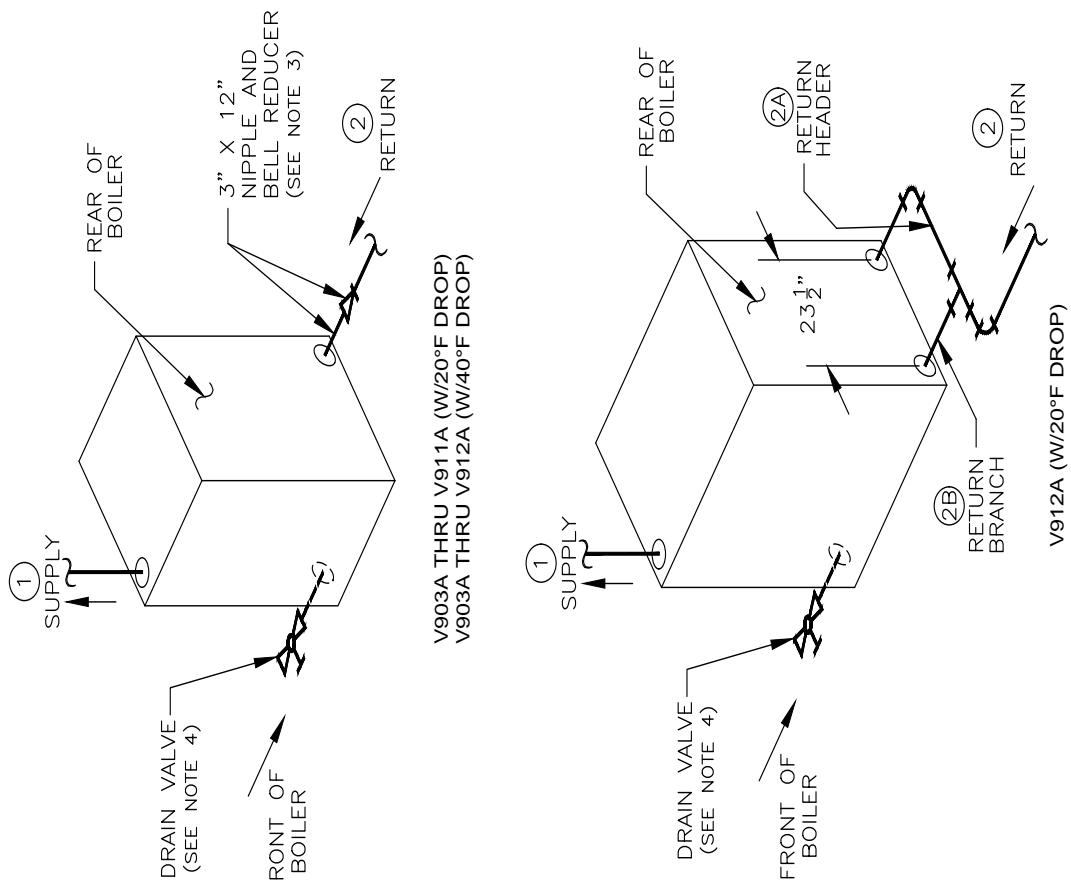
### ⚠️ ADVERTISSEMENT

Le fonctionnement continu de la chaudière pendant des périodes prolongées dans des conditions où la différence de température dans le système dépasse 40 ° F et / ou, la température de l'eau de retour reste inférieure à 135 ° F, peut entraîner une défaillance prématuée de la chaudière en raison de la condensation des gaz de combustion et / ou d'un choc thermique.

- a. If the boiler is used in connection with refrigeration systems, boiler must be installed with chilled medium piped in parallel with heating boiler using appropriate valves to prevent chilled medium from entering boiler. See Figure 30.
- b. If the boiler is connected to heating coils located in air handling units where they may be exposed to refrigerated air, boiler piping must be equipped with flow control valves to prevent gravity circulation of boiler water during cooling system operation.
- c. Burnham Commercial recommends maintaining temperature differential (drop) across the system at 40°F or less, and return water temperature at minimum of 135°F for optimum operation and long-term reliability.
  - i. If minimum return water temperature can be maintained at 135°F and temperature differential across the system is at 40°F or less, refer to Figure 26 or 27 for recommended minimum boiler piping details.
  - ii. If minimum return water temperature cannot be maintained at 135°F or the temperature differential across the system varies, a blend pump is recommended as a minimum to help protect the boiler from flue gas condensation and/or thermal shock. See piping details in Figure 25. Primary secondary piping with a by-pass is an alternate to the blend pump method and is shown in Figure 26.
- d. If conditions exist where the boiler is subjected to prolonged periods of operating conditions below 135°F, other mixing methods such as three or four way valves or variable speed injection should be used.
- e. Multiple Boilers - Recommended minimum multiple boiler piping is shown in Figure 27 as primary secondary with a by-pass. The boiler circulator will maintain a constant flow through the boiler during every heat demand while the by-pass diverts a portion of hot water back to the return. Alternate minimum multiple boiler piping is shown in Figure 28. The blend pump will maintain constant flow through the boiler during every heat demand and provide a hot water blend back to the return.

f. Glycol Antifreeze Solutions - Many systems today use ethylene or propylene glycol antifreeze solutions as a measure for freeze protection, as well as a pump lubricator and corrosion inhibitor. The properties of the glycol mixture have an impact on valve and pump sizing. All glycol solutions have a lower specific heat than water. This means that the glycol solution cannot transfer heat as well as pure water, resulting in the need for higher flow rates. In addition, the viscosity of the glycol solution is usually higher than water, requiring a higher pump head for the same given flow. Consult factory for specific applications, pump selection and flow rate.

BOILER MODEL	FUEL TYPE	GROSS OUTPUT (MBH)	FLOW AT 20°F ΔT (GPM)	FLOW AT 40°F ΔT (GPM) SEE NOTE 2	SUPPLY PIPING SIZE (1)			RETURN PIPING SIZE		
					20°F DROP	40°F DROP	20°F DROP	40°F DROP	20°F DROP	40°F DROP
V903A	GAS	336	3.4	17	2"	1 1/2"	2"	1 1/2"	2"	—
	OIL	336	3.4	17	26	2"	1 1/2"	2"	1 1/2"	—
V904A	GAS	509	5.1	27	53	27	34	2"	1 1/2"	—
	OIL	527	5.3	27	52	35	35	2"	1 1/2"	—
V905A	GAS	679	6.8	34	85	43	43	2 1/2"	2 1/2"	—
	OIL	703	70	35	104	52	52	2 1/2"	2 1/2"	—
V906A	GAS	848	85	43	879	44	44	2 1/2"	1 1/2"	1 1/2"
	OIL	906	1006	101	1164	51	51	2 1/2"	2"	—
V907A	GAS	1006	1042	104	1042	52	52	2 1/2"	2"	—
	OIL	1057	1164	116	1206	61	61	2 1/2"	2"	—
V908A	GAS	1164	116	58	1406	71	71	3"	2"	—
	OIL	1206	121	61	1456	73	73	3"	2"	—
V909A	GAS	1406	141	71	1600	80	80	3"	2 1/2"	—
	OIL	1456	146	73	1657	83	83	3"	2 1/2"	—
V910A	GAS	1600	160	80	1794	90	90	3"	2 1/2"	—
	OIL	1657	166	83	1858	93	93	3"	2 1/2"	—
V911A	GAS	1794	179	90	1888	100	100	4"	2 1/2"	—
	OIL	1858	186	93	2059	103	103	4"	2 1/2"	—
V912A	GAS	1888	199	100	2059	103	103	3"	2 1/2"	—
	OIL	2059	206	103	(2) 3"	(2) 3"	(2) 3"	(2) 3"	(2) 3"	—



NOTES:

1. ALL PIPING IS SCHEDULE 40.
2. PIPE SIZES LISTED ARE BASED ON A 20°F OR 40°F DIFFERENTIAL (TEMPERATURE DROP). SELECT ONE TO MATCH APPLICATION.
3. WHEN SPECIFIED RETURN PIPING SIZE IS LESS THAN 3", INSTALL 3" X 12" NIPPLE AND APPROPRIATE SIZE BELL REDUCER DIRECTLY INTO BOILER RETURN TAPPING AS SHOWN.
4. BALL VALVE PREFERABLE, GATE VALVE ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATIVE (SUPPLIED BY OTHERS).
  - MINIMUM VALVE SIZE PER ASME CODE:  $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT.

Figure 23: V9A Series Minimum Piping - Parallel - Water Boiler

BOILER MODEL	FUEL TYPE	GROSS OUTPUT (MBH)	FLOW AT 20°F ΔT (GPM)	FLOW AT 40°F ΔT (GPM)	SEE NOTE 2 SEE NOTE 2	SUPPLY PIPING SIZE		RETURN PIPING SIZE	
						② RETURN	②A RETURN HEADER	②B RETURN BRANCH (QTY) SIZE	
V903A	GAS	336	34	17	2"	1½"	2"	1½"	—
	OIL	336	34	17	2"	1½"	2"	1½"	—
V904A	GAS	509	51	26	2"	1½"	2"	1½"	—
	OIL	527	53	27	2"	1½"	2"	1½"	—
V905A	GAS	679	68	34	2"	1½"	2"	1½"	—
	OIL	703	70	35	2"	1½"	2"	1½"	—
V906A	GAS	848	85	43	2½"	1½"	2½"	1½"	—
	OIL	879	88	44	2½"	1½"	2½"	1½"	—
V907A	GAS	1006	101	51	2½"	2"	2½"	2"	—
	OIL	1042	104	52	2½"	2"	2½"	2"	—
V908A	GAS	1164	116	58	2½"	2"	2½"	2"	—
	OIL	1206	121	61	2½"	2"	2½"	2"	—
V909A	GAS	1406	141	71	3"	2"	3"	2"	—
	OIL	1456	146	73	3"	2"	3"	2"	—
V910A	GAS	1600	160	80	3"	2½"	3"	2½"	—
	OIL	1657	166	83	3"	2½"	3"	2½"	—
V911A	GAS	1794	179	90	3"	2½"	3"	2½"	—
	OIL	1858	186	93	3"	2½"	3"	2½"	—
V912A	GAS	1988	199	100	4"	2½"	4"	2½"	3"
	OIL	2059	206	103	4"	2½"	4"	2½"	(2) 3"

- NOTES:
1. ALL PIPING IS SCHEDULE 40.
  2. PIPE SIZES LISTED ARE BASED ON A 20°F OR 40°F DIFFERENTIAL (TEMPERATURE DROP). SELECT ONE TO MATCH APPLICATION.
  3. WHEN SPECIFIED RETURN PIPING SIZE IS LESS THAN 3", INSTALL 3" X 12" NIPPLE AND APPROPRIATE SIZE BELL REDUCER DIRECTLY INTO BOILER RETURN TAPPING AS SHOWN.
  4. BALL VALVE PREFERABLE, GATE VALVE ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATIVE (SUPPLIED BY OTHERS).
    - MINIMUM VALVE SIZE PER ASME CODE:  $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT.

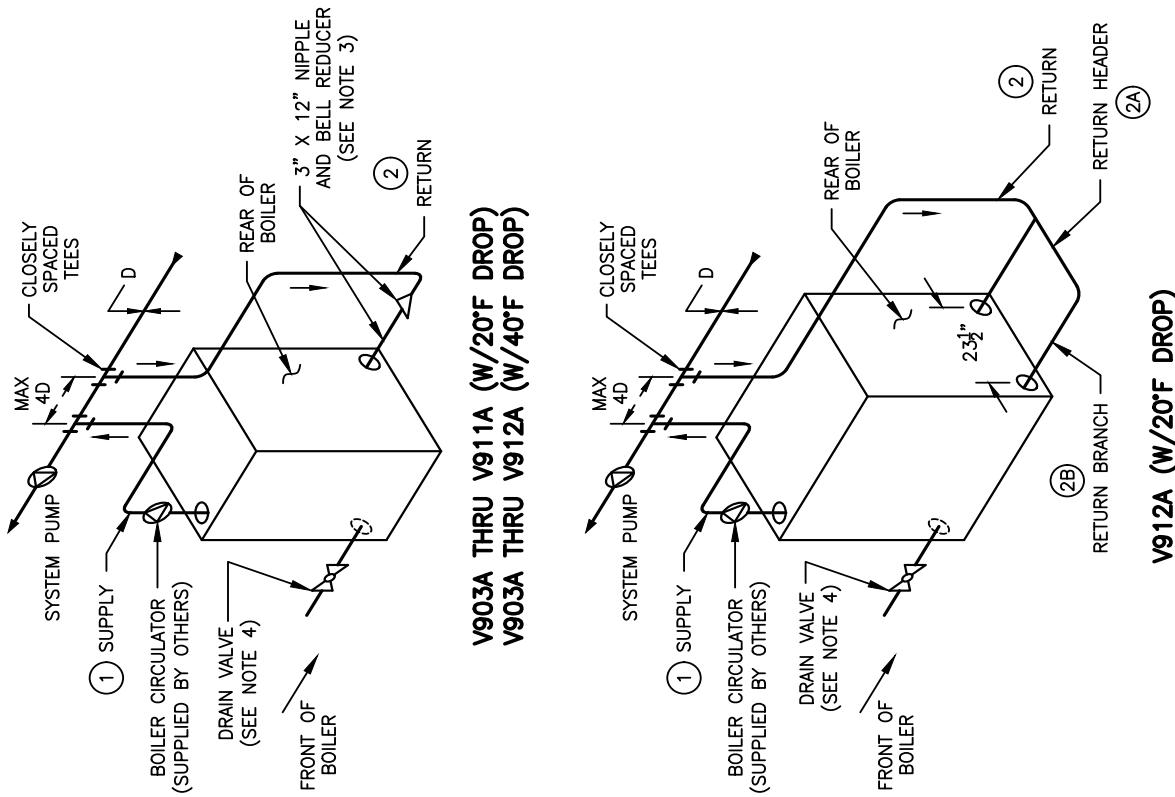


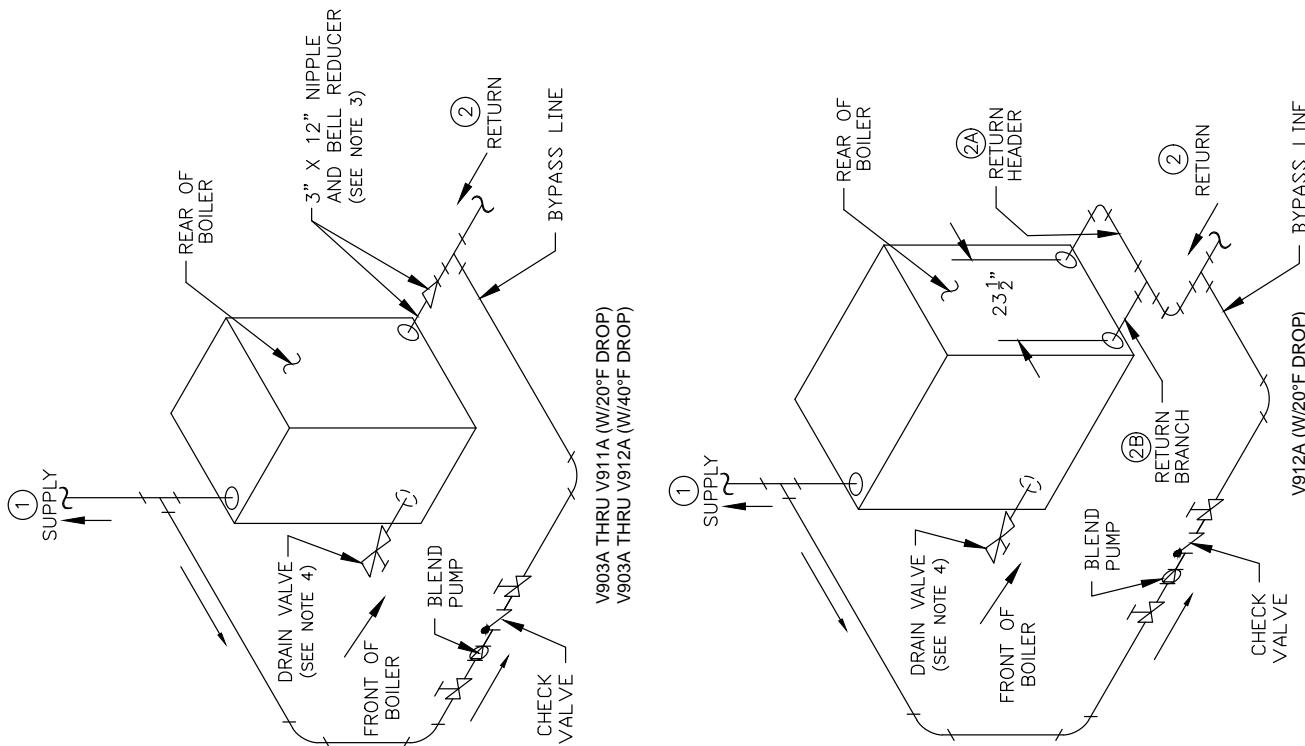
Figure 24: V9A Series Minimum Piping - Primary Secondary - Water Boiler

BOILER MODEL	FUEL TYPE	BOILER HP	GROSS OUTPUT (MBH)	BLEND PUMP GPM 	BLEND PUMP LINE SIZE	SUPPLY PIPING SIZE 				RETURN PIPING SIZE			
						① DROP	20°F DROP	40°F DROP	20°F DROP	② DROP	20°F DROP	40°F DROP	20°F DROP
V903A	GAS	10.0	336	5.0	1"	2"	1 1/2"	2"	1 1/2"	—	—	—	—
	OIL	10.0	336	5.0	7.6	1"	2"	1 1/2"	2"	1 1/2"	—	—	—
V904A	GAS	15.2	509	7.6	1"	2"	1 1/2"	2"	1 1/2"	—	—	—	—
	OIL	15.7	527	7.9	10.2	1 1/4"	2"	1 1/2"	2"	1 1/2"	—	—	—
V905A	GAS	20.3	679	10.2	10.5	1 1/4"	2"	1 1/2"	2"	1 1/2"	—	—	—
	OIL	21.0	703	10.5	12.7	1 1/4"	2"	1 1/2"	2"	1 1/2"	—	—	—
V906A	GAS	25.3	848	10.6	15.1	1 1/4"	2"	1 1/2"	2"	1 1/2"	—	—	—
	OIL	26.2	879	13.1	15.6	1 1/4"	2 1/2"	2"	2 1/2"	2"	—	—	—
V907A	GAS	30.1	1006	15.1	15.6	1 1/4"	2 1/2"	2"	2 1/2"	2"	—	—	—
	OIL	31.1	1042	15.6	17.4	1 1/4"	2 1/2"	2"	2 1/2"	2"	—	—	—
V908A	GAS	34.8	1164	17.4	17.4	1 1/4"	2 1/2"	2"	2 1/2"	2"	—	—	—
	OIL	36.0	1206	18.0	18.0	1 1/4"	2 1/2"	2"	2 1/2"	2"	—	—	—
V909A	GAS	42.0	1406	21.0	21.0	1 1/2"	3"	2"	3"	2"	—	—	—
	OIL	43.5	1456	21.8	23.9	1 1/2"	3"	2"	3"	2"	—	—	—
V910A	GAS	47.8	1600	23.9	23.9	1 1/2"	3"	2 1/2"	3"	2 1/2"	—	—	—
	OIL	49.5	1657	24.8	24.8	1 1/2"	3"	2 1/2"	3"	2 1/2"	—	—	—
V911A	GAS	53.6	1794	26.8	26.8	1 1/2"	3"	2 1/2"	3"	2 1/2"	—	—	—
	OIL	55.5	1858	27.8	27.8	1 1/2"	3"	2 1/2"	3"	2 1/2"	—	—	—
V912A	GAS	59.4	1988	29.7	29.7	2"	4"	2 1/2"	4"	2 1/2"	3"	3"	(2) 3"
	OIL	61.5	2059	30.8	30.8	2"	4"	2 1/2"	4"	2 1/2"	3"	3"	(2) 3"

 USE 3 FT OF HEAD FOR PUMP SIZE SELECTION.

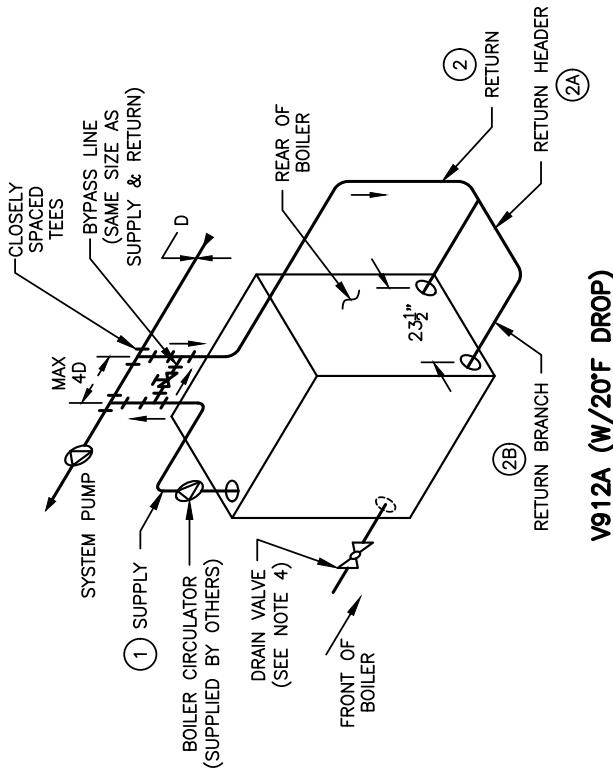
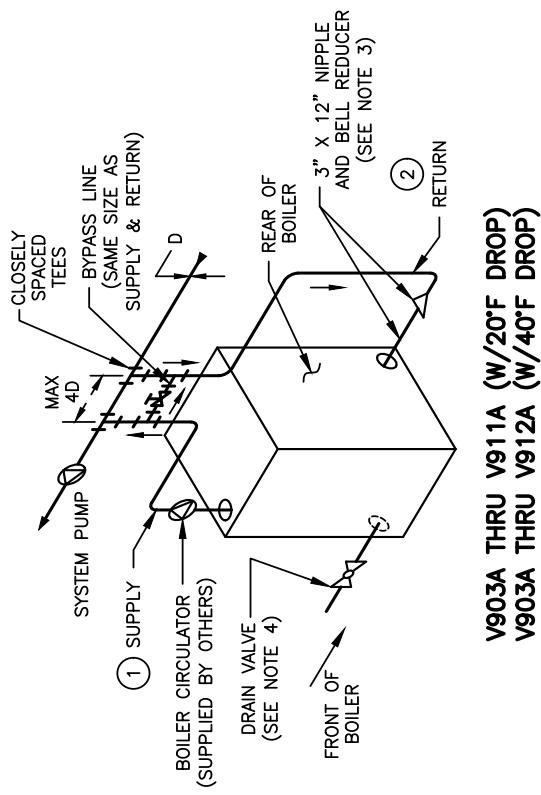
NOTES.

2. PIPE SIZES LISTED ARE BASED ON A 20°F OR 40°F DIFFERENTIAL (TEMPERATURE DROP). SELECT ONE TO MATCH APPLICATION.
  3. WHEN SPECIFIED RETURN PIPING SIZE IS LESS THAN 3", INSTALL 3" X 12" NIPPLE AND APPROPRIATE SIZE BELL REDUCER DIRECTLY INTO BOILER RETURN TAPPING AS SHOWN.
  4. BALL VALVE PREFERABLE, GATE VALVE ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATIVE (SUPPLIED BY OTHERS).
  - MINIMUM VALVE SIZE PER ASME CODE:  $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT



**Figure 25:** V9A Series Minimum Piping Details, Bypass with Blend Pump - Water Boiler

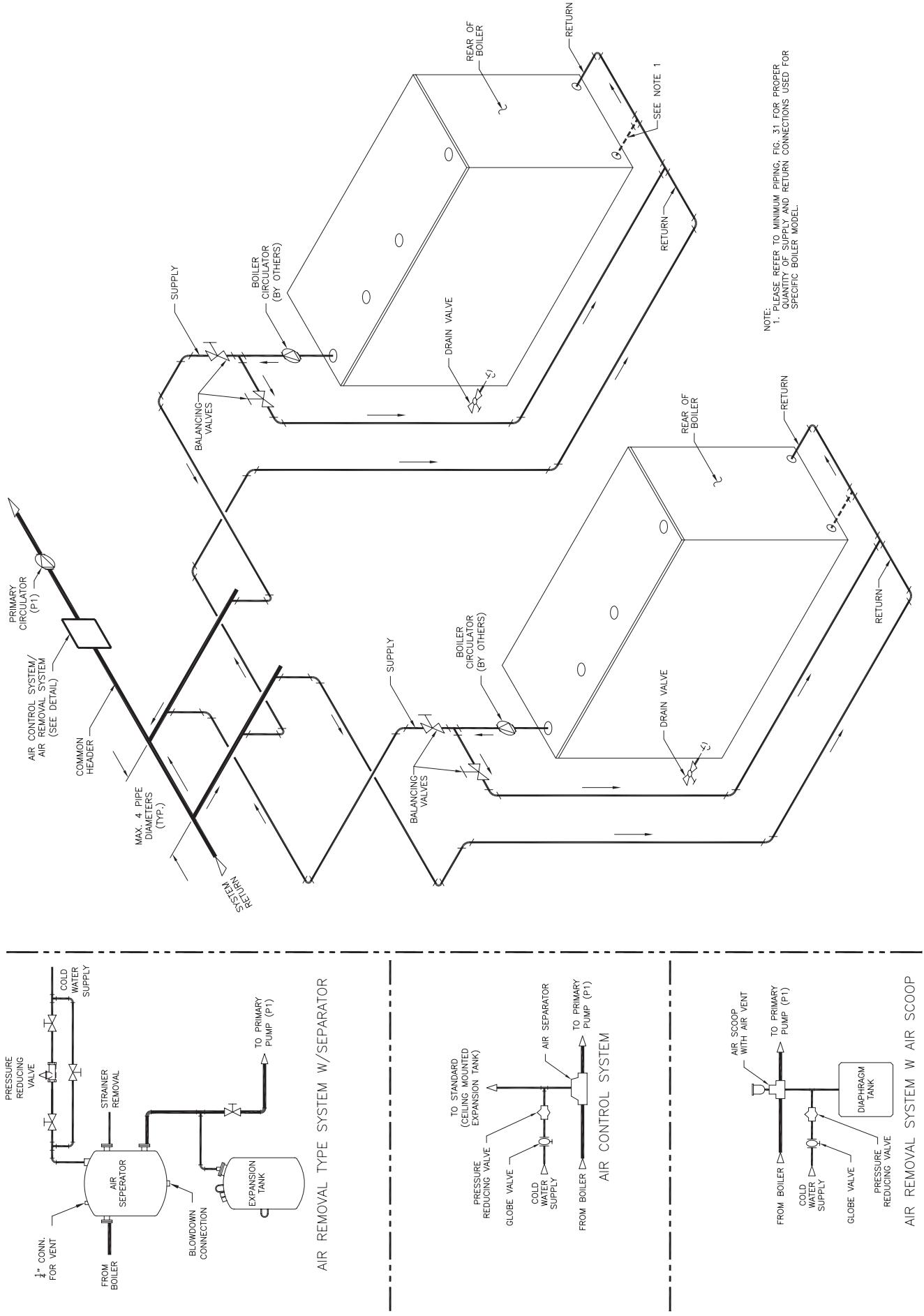
BOILER MODEL	FUEL TYPE	GROSS OUTPUT (MBH)	FLOW AT 20°F ΔT (GPM)	FLOW AT 40°F ΔT (GPM)	SUPPLY PIPING SIZE (1)		RETURN PIPING SIZE (2)		RETURN BRANCH (QTY)SIZE
					SEE NOTE 2	SEE NOTE 2	20°F DROP	40°F DROP	
V903A	GAS	336	34	17	2"	1½"	2"	1½"	(2B)
	OIL	336	34	17					
V904A	GAS	509	51	26	2"	1½"	2"	1½"	(2A)
	OIL	527	53	27					
V905A	GAS	679	68	34	2"	1½"	2"	1½"	(2)
	OIL	703	70	35					
V906A	GAS	848	85	43	2½"	1½"	2½"	1½"	(2)
	OIL	879	88	44					
V907A	GAS	1006	101	51	2½"	2"	2½"	2"	(2)
	OIL	1042	104	52					
V908A	GAS	1164	116	58	2½"	2"	2½"	2"	(2)
	OIL	1206	121	61					
V909A	GAS	1406	141	71	3"	2"	3"	2"	(2)
	OIL	1456	146	73					
V910A	GAS	1600	160	80	3"	2½"	3"	2½"	(2)
	OIL	1657	166	83					
V911A	GAS	1794	179	90	3"	2½"	3"	2½"	(2)
	OIL	1858	186	93					
V912A	GAS	1988	199	100	4"	2½"	4"	2½"	(2)
	OIL	2059	206	103					3"



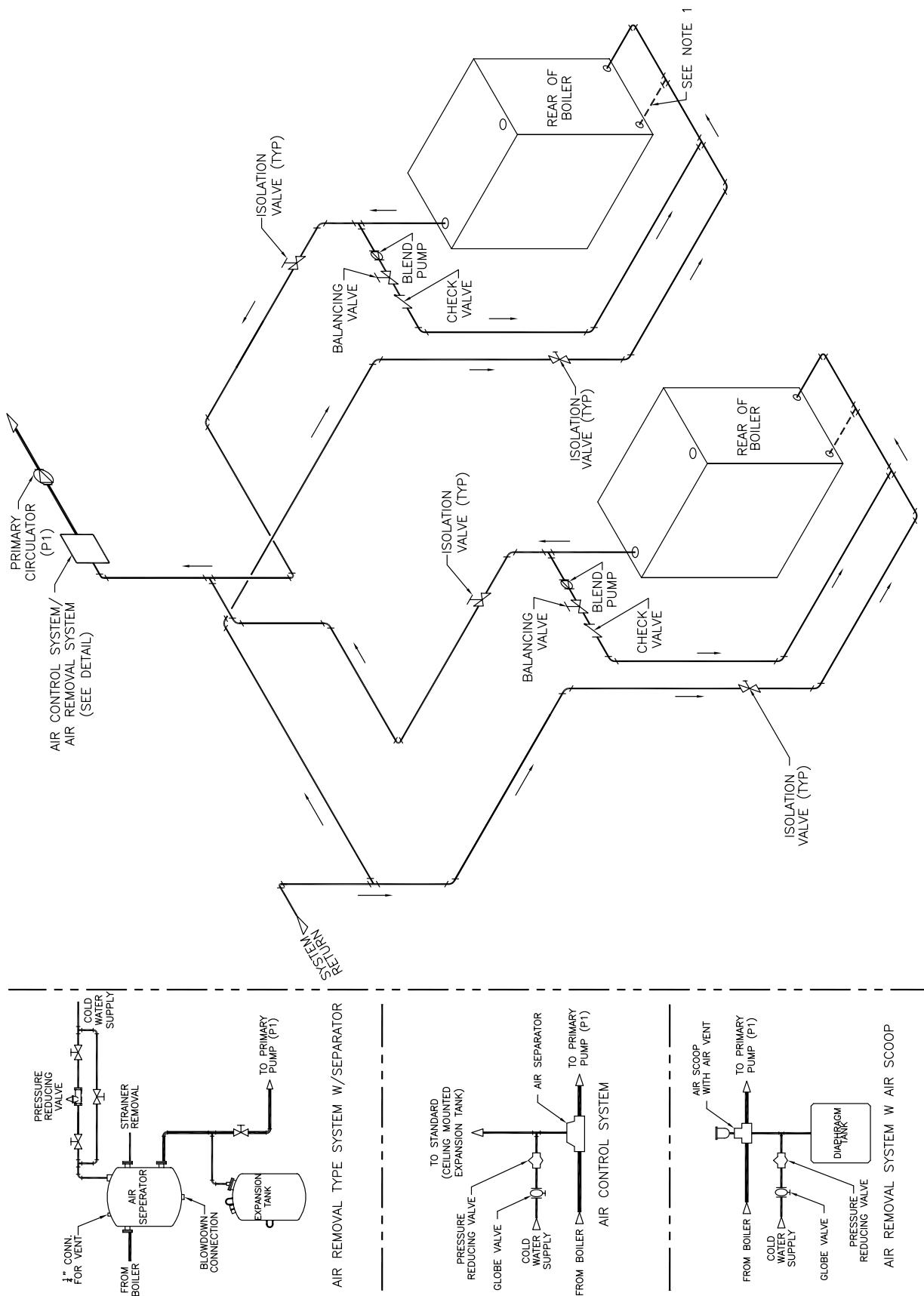
NOTES:

1. ALL PIPING IS SCHEDULE 40.
  2. PIPE SIZES LISTED ARE BASED ON A 20°F OR 40°F DIFFERENTIAL (TEMPERATURE DROP). SELECT ONE TO MATCH APPLICATION.
  3. WHEN SPECIFIED RETURN PIPING SIZE IS LESS THAN 3", INSTALL 3" X 1½" NIPPLE AND APPROPRIATE SIZE BELL REDUCER DIRECTLY INTO BOILER RETURN TAPPING AS SHOWN.
  4. BALL VALVE PREFERABLE, GATE VALVE ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATIVE (SUPPLIED BY OTHERS).
- MINIMUM VALVE SIZE PER ASME CODE:  $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT.

Figure 26: V9A Series Minimum Piping - Primary Secondary/with Bypass - Water Boiler



**Figure 27: Minimum Piping Details - Multiple Boiler Application, Primary/Secondary Piping With Bypass**



**Figure 28: Minimum Piping Details - Multiple Boiler Application, Parallel Piping With Blend Pump**

## L. BOILER PIPING, DOMESTIC HOT WATER

**(DHW) APPLICATION** – The V9A boiler can be used in many different piping applications to produce Domestic Hot Water (DHW). In some applications, depending on the control strategy (outdoor reset, setpoint operation, etc.) and size of boiler, it is recommended to isolate the space heating load from the DHW load. For example, if the domestic load is more than the space heating load, it is beneficial to dedicate one or more boilers solely to DHW production and one or more other boilers to solely space heating, since during mild weather conditions, the boiler(s) will have more capacity than is required. Piped in the recommended manner, the space heating boiler(s) can be shut down during the summer months to conserve energy and to avoid short cycling. This section will address four methods of piping and controlling domestic hot water generation.

1. Hot Water Boiler/Tankless Coil(s) - Tankless coils, mounted into the side of the boiler, have been used successfully for many years and may be used in single and multiple boiler applications. When a boiler is arranged with tankless coils, it is not recommended that outdoor reset be used, unless there are control systems in place to prevent overheating of the space heating zones.

Figure 32a depicts the addition of an automatic mixing valve to the tankless heater piping to obtain a dual temperature domestic system. The mixing valve provides tempered water to the fixtures, while the branch prior to the valve provides high temperature water for dishwashing, washing machines and other appliances.

2. Hot Water Boiler/Tankless Coils/Storage Tank - This application involves the use of several tankless coils piped in parallel, emptying into a large storage tank, and is typically used in larger DHW production applications, such as hotel showers and laundries.

See Figure 32b for recommended piping and wiring details for this type of application. The tempering valve and recirculation loop are advantageous in these applications, because they provide both high temperature and tempered domestic hot water to the system, eliminating the need to purge and waste water until it reaches the desired temperature. In the case where the boiler is used for domestic production only, and there is no space heating involved, a destratification pump is utilized to provide flow within the boiler. This flow acts as a means of preventing the hot water from stratifying at the top of the boiler. Destratification pump flow rates are given in the table in Figure 32b.

3. Hot Water Boiler/Indirect Water Heater - The use of indirect water heaters for domestic hot water generation is common and somewhat advantageous over tankless coils alone, since they also provide DHW storage. A tempering valve and recirculating pump are again recommended for a dual temperature system, to provide a constant temperature to the fixtures without waiting for cooler water to warm up. Figure 32c shows a typical indirect heater piping application with no space heating. Indirect pump flow rates are calculated based on a 20°F ΔT.

### NOTICE

**DO NOT use the boiler circulator as an indirect domestic hot water system circulator.**

### AVIS

**NE PAS utiliser le circulateur de la chaudière comme circulateur indirect du système d'eau chaude sanitaire.**

### NOTICE

**When possible, domestic hot water production should utilize a dedicated boiler(s). This will allow the other boiler(s) to be shut down and isolated during the summer months. If the boiler load is shared between heating and domestic hot water, then one needs to determine if a hot water priority is required. If a priority is not selected, erratic domestic hot water production may result during the beginning and end of every heating season. Conversely, a priority for domestic hot water production may cause a significant heating zone activation delay, in an improperly balanced system. Parallel piping conversions may require isolation from the heating system to prevent system flow influence on DHW performance. Consult a qualified system heating professional to design for the proper application.**

### AVIS

**Lorsque cela est possible, la production d'eau chaude sanitaire doit utiliser une ou plusieurs chaudières dédiées. Cela permettra aux autres chaudières d'être arrêtées et isolées pendant les mois d'été. Si la charge de la chaudière est partagée entre le chauffage et l'eau chaude sanitaire, il faut alors déterminer si une priorité d'eau chaude est requise. Si une priorité n'est pas sélectionnée, une production d'eau chaude sanitaire irrégulière peut se produire au début et à la fin de chaque saison de chauffage. À l'inverse, une priorité pour la production d'eau chaude sanitaire peut entraîner un retard d'activation de la zone de chauffage important, dans un système mal équilibré. Les conversions de tuyauteries parallèles peuvent nécessiter une isolation du système de chauffage pour éviter toute influence du débit du système sur les performances d'ECS. Consultez un professionnel qualifié en chauffage de système pour concevoir l'application appropriée.**

## M. CONNECT TANKLESS HEATER PIPING

as shown in Figure 32a. See Table IX for Tankless Heater Ratings.

### NOTICE

The following guidelines should be followed when piping the tankless heater:

### AVIS

Les directives suivantes doivent être suivies lors de la tuyauterie du chauffe-eau sans réservoir:

1. Install Flow Regulator

If flow through the heater is greater than its rating, the supply of adequate hot water may not be able to keep up with the demand. For this reason a FLOW REGULATOR matching the heater rating should be installed in the cold water line to the heater. Refer to Figure 32a for piping recommendations. Locate the flow regulator below the inlet (cold water side) of the heater and a minimum of 36" away from the inlet so that the regulator is not subjected to excess temperatures during "off" periods when it is possible for heat to be conducted back through the supply line. The flow regulator will limit the flow of supply water regardless of inlet pressure variations ranging from 20 to 125 psi.

### WARNING

Install a mixing valve at the tankless heater outlet to avoid risk of burns or scalding due to excessively hot water at fixtures. Do not operate the boiler when equipped with a tankless heater unless mixing valve is operating properly.

### ADVERTISSEMENT

Installez un mitigeur à la sortie du chauffe-eau sans réservoir pour éviter les risques de brûlures ou de brûlures dus à une eau trop chaude dans les appareils. Ne pas faire fonctionner la chaudière lorsqu'elle est équipée d'un chauffage sans réservoir à moins que le mitigeur ne fonctionne correctement.

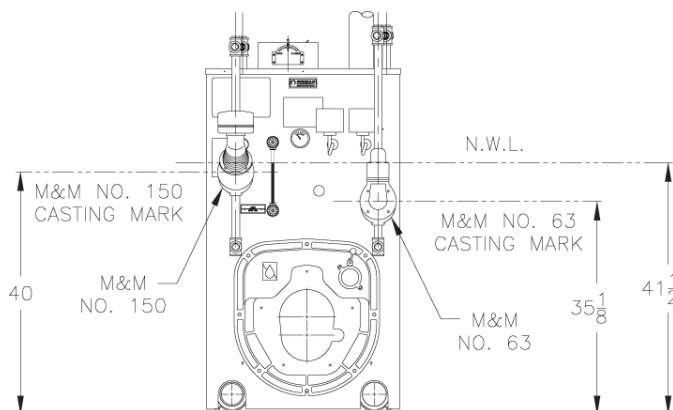


Figure 29: Mounting Elevations of M&M 150 and 63 Float Low Water Cut-Offs

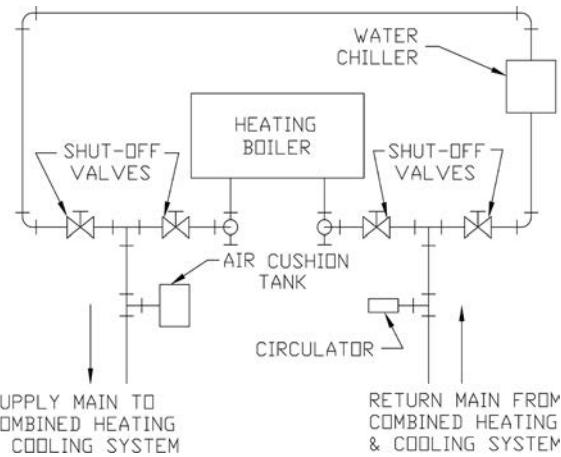


Figure 30: Recommended Piping for Combination Heating & Cooling (Refrigeration) Systems Water Boilers

2. Install Water Temperature Mixing Valve

Refer to Figure 32a for piping recommendations. Adjust and maintain the mixing valve in accordance with manufacturers instructions.

Installation of a mixing valve will also lengthen the delivery of the available hot water by mixing some cold water with the hot. In addition, savings of hot water will be achieved since the user will not waste as much hot water while seeking desired water temperature. Higher temperature hot water required by dishwashers and automatic washers is possible by piping the hot water from the heater prior to entering the mixing valve. An electric hot water booster can also be used. The mixing valve should be "trapped" by installing it below the cold water inlet to heater to prevent lime formation in the valve.

3. Flushing of Heater

All water contains some sediment which settles on the inside of the coil. Consequently, the heater should be periodically backwashed. This is accomplished by installing hose bibs as illustrated in Figure 32a and allowing water at city pressure to run into hose bib A, through the heater, and out hose bib B until the discharge is clear. The tees in which the hose bibs are located should be the same size as heater connections to minimize pressure drop.

4. Hard Water

A water analysis is necessary to determine the hardness of your potable water. This is applicable to some city water and particularly to well water. An appropriate water softener should be installed based on the analysis and dealer's recommendation. This is not only beneficial to the tankless heater but to piping and fixtures plus the many other benefits derived from soft water.

## CAUTION

Do not operate tankless heater with hard water. Tankless failure will result. Install water softener if hard water is present.

## ATTENTION

Ne faites pas fonctionner le chauffe-eau sans réservoir avec de l'eau dure. Une panne sans réservoir en résultera. Installez un adoucisseur d'eau si de l'eau dure est présente.

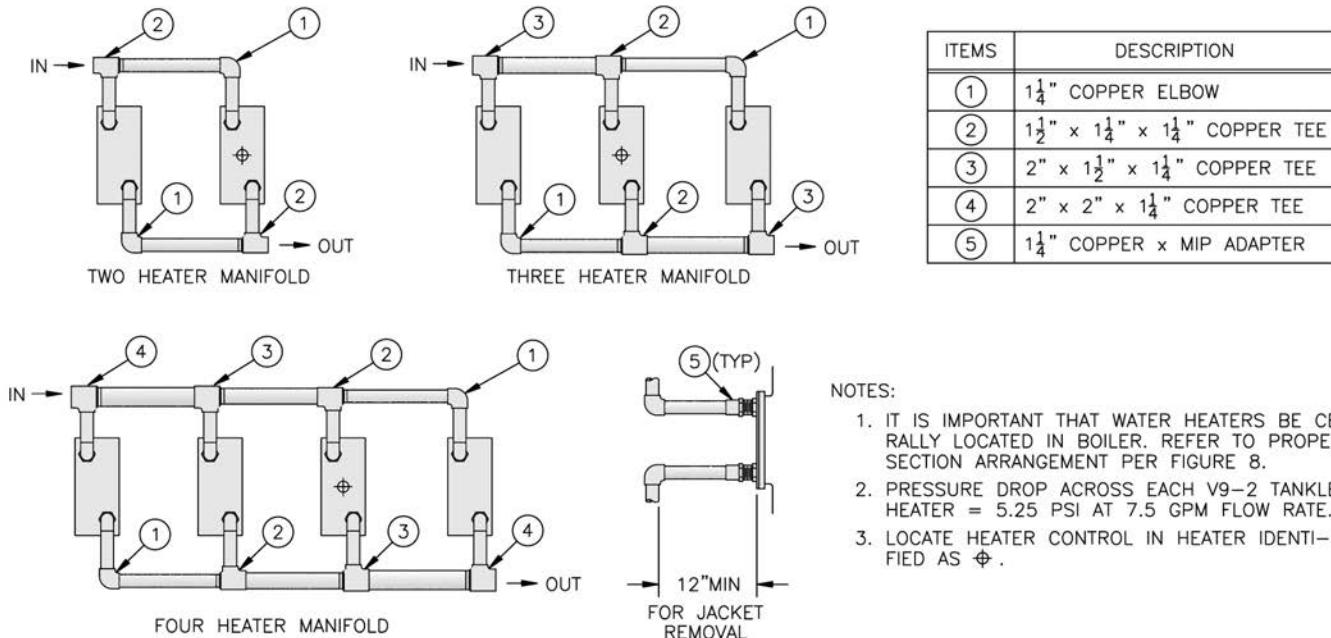


Figure 31: Minimum Piping Requirements for V9A Tankless Heater Manifolds

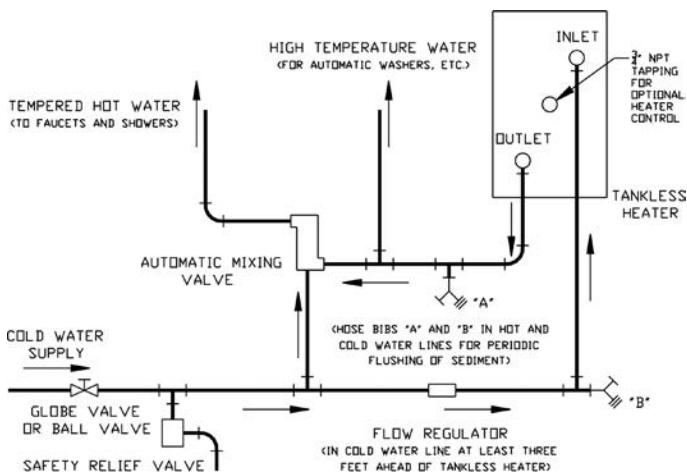


Figure 32a: Schematic Tankless Heater Piping

Table IX: Tankless Heater Ratings

Boiler Model	Number of V9-2 Tankless Heaters Installed			
	1	2	3	4
V903A	6.75	---	---	---
V904A	7.5	---	---	--
V905A	7.5	---	---	---
V906A	7.5	---	---	---
V907A	7.5	15	---	---
V908A	7.5	15	---	---
V909A	7.5	15	22.5	---
V910A	7.5	15	22.5	---
V911A	7.5	15	22.5	---
V912A	7.5	15	22.5	30

### Notes:

1. Ratings are given in gallons per minute continuous flow of water heated from 40°F to 140°F with 200°F boiler water.
2. For tankless heater quantities less than maximum allowable, it is important that water heaters be centrally located in the boiler. See Figure 8 for appropriate locations.
3. Tankless heater pressure drop is 5.5 PSI at 7.5 GPM.

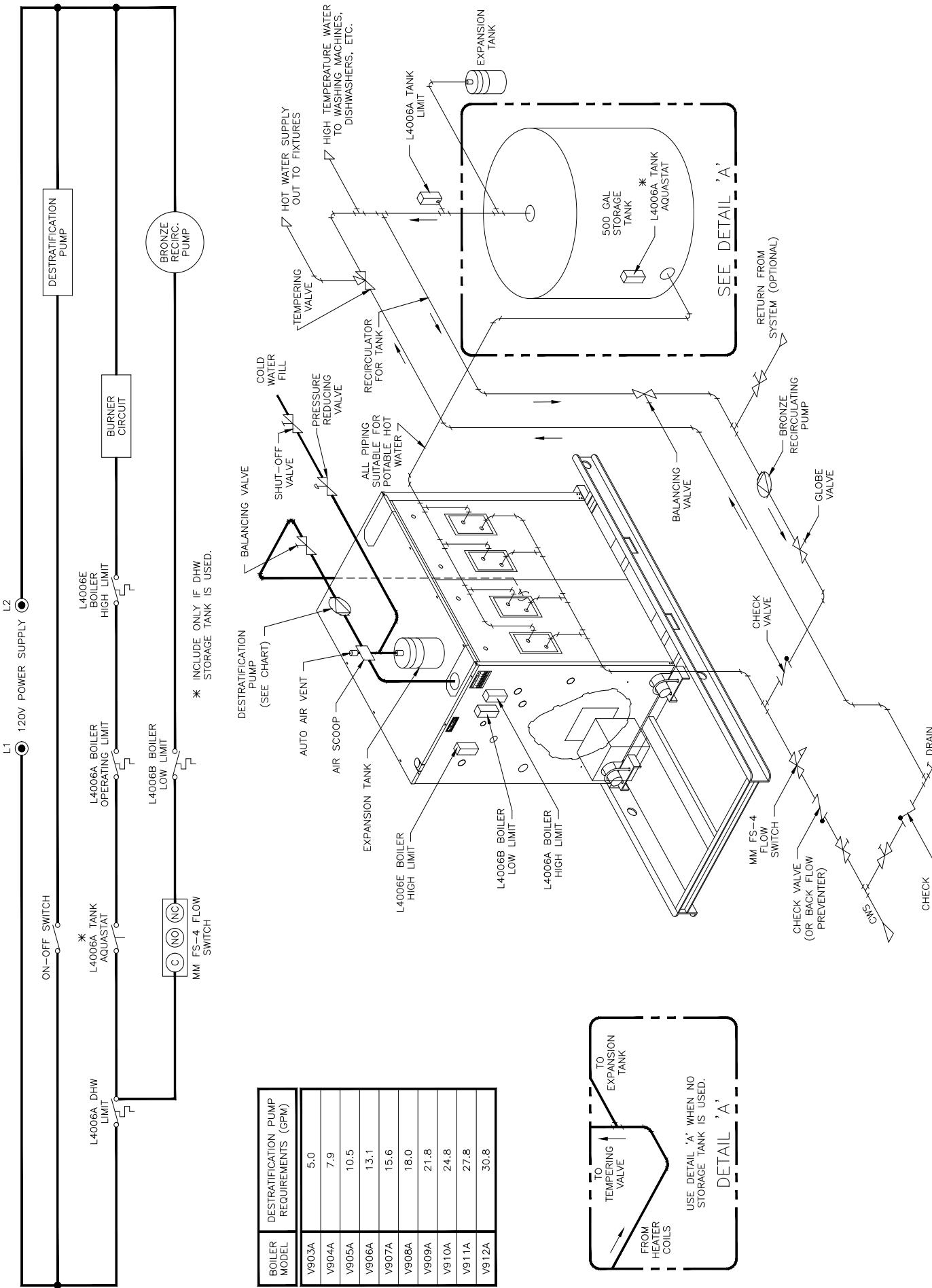


Figure 32b: DHW Generation with Tankless Coils, Storage Tank and Destratification Pump

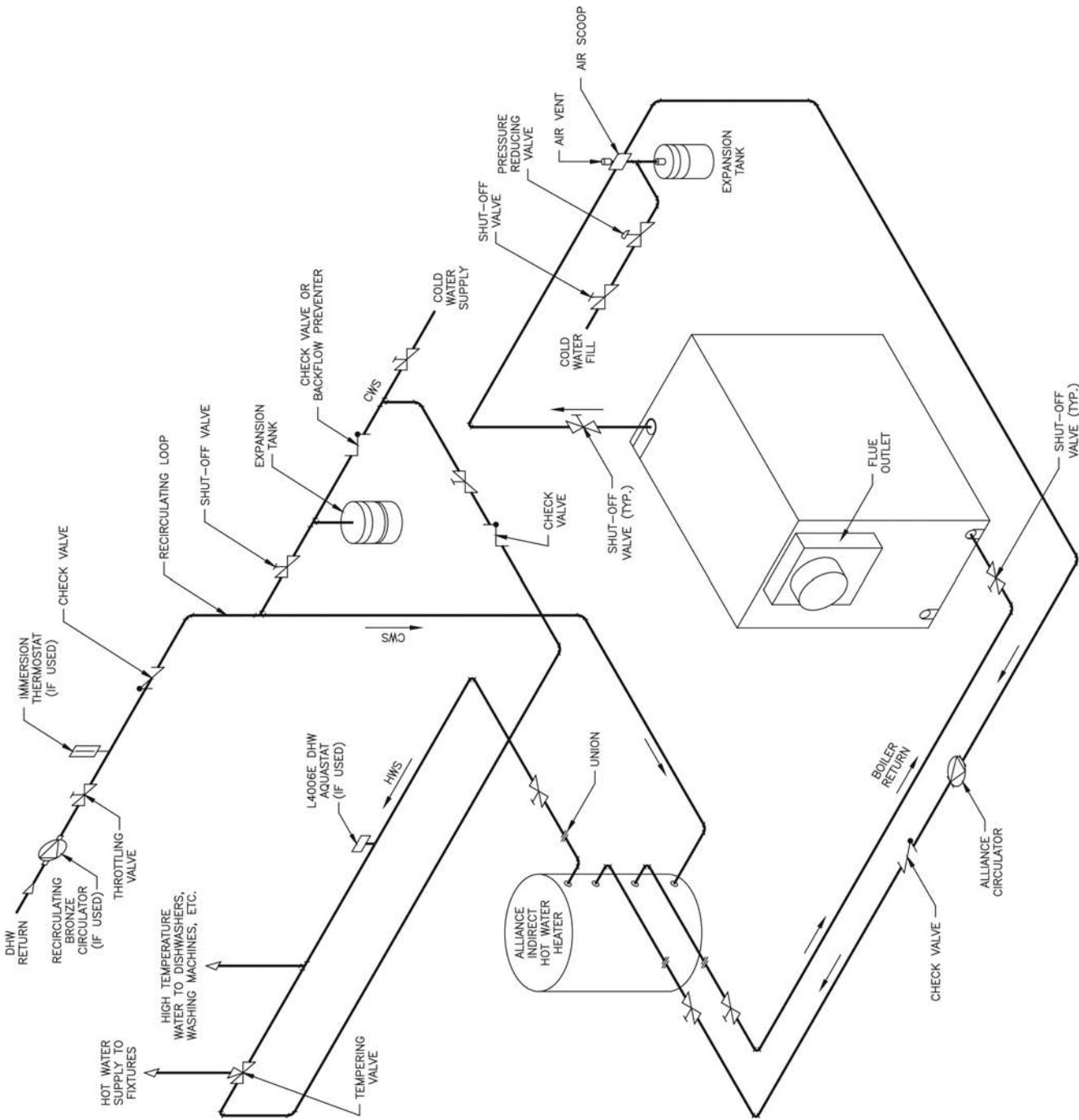


Figure 32c: DHW Generation with Indirect Water Heater

## N. ELECTRIC WIRING

### **⚠WARNING**

Install all field wiring in accordance with the National Electric Code and Local Regulations.

### **⚠ADVERTISSEMENT**

Installez tout le câblage sur place conformément au Code national de l'électricité et aux réglementations locales.

Control voltage and/or 3-phase line voltage must be supplied to the burner panel box through a fused disconnect.

## SECTION IV - OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

### ⚠WARNING

If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage or personal injury.

If any unusual or improper operation or site conditions are observed, turn the boiler off and contact an experienced and skilled service agency.

Follow component manufacturer's instructions. Component manufacturer's instructions were provided with the boiler. Contact component manufacturer for replacement if instructions are missing. Do not install, start up, operate, maintain or service this boiler without reading and understanding all of the component instructions. Do not allow the boiler to operate with altered, disconnected or jumpered components. Only use replacement components identical to those originally supplied with the boiler and burner.

### ⚠ADVERTISSEMENT

Si vous ne suivez pas exactement ces instructions, un incendie ou une explosion peut en résulter et entraîner des dommages matériels ou des blessures corporelles.

Si un fonctionnement inhabituel ou inapproprié ou des conditions du site sont observés, éteignez la chaudière et contactez une agence d'entretien expérimentée et qualifiée.

Suivez les instructions du fabricant du composant. Les instructions du fabricant des composants ont été fournies avec la chaudière. Contactez le fabricant du composant pour le remplacement si les instructions sont manquantes. Ne pas installer, démarrer, faire fonctionner, entretenir ou entretenir cette chaudière sans lire et comprendre toutes les instructions des composants. Ne laissez pas la chaudière fonctionner avec des composants modifiés, déconnectés ou sautés. N'utilisez que des pièces de rechange identiques à celles fournies à l'origine avec la chaudière et le brûleur.

#### A. ALWAYS INSPECT INSTALLATION BEFORE STARTING BURNER.

#### B. FILL HEATING SYSTEM WITH WATER.

Boiler must be cleaned and fully free of oil and dirt.

### NOTICE

Failure to clean the system will result in erratic water lines and surging, and other improper system operations.

### AVIS

Le fait de ne pas nettoyer le système entraînera des conduites d'eau irrégulières, des surtensions et d'autres opérations incorrectes du système.

CLEAN HEATING SYSTEM IF boiler water or condensate return water is dirty or if erratic water lines or surging exist after a few days of boiler operation. Refer to Paragraph (F) for proper cleaning instructions for water boilers.

1. HOT WATER BOILERS - Fill entire Heating System with water and vent air from system. Use the following procedure on a Series Loop or Multi-zoned System to remove air from system when filling:
  - a. Close isolation valve in boiler supply piping.
  - b. Isolate all circuits by closing zone valves or balancing valves.
  - c. Attach a hose to bib cock located just below isolation valve in boiler supply piping.  
(Note - Terminate hose in five gallon bucket at a suitable floor drain or outdoor area).
  - d. Starting with one circuit, open zone valve.
  - e. Open bib cock.
  - f. Open fill valve (Make-up water line should be located directly above isolation valve in boiler supply piping).
  - g. Allow water to overflow from bucket until discharge from hose is bubble free for 30 seconds.
  - h. Open zone valve to the second zone to be purged, then close the first. Repeat this step until all zones have been purged, but always have one zone open. At completion, open all zone valves.
  - i. Close bib cock, continue filling the system until the pressure gauge registers normal system design operating pressure. Close fill valve.  
(Note - If make-up water line is equipped with pressure reducing valve, system will automatically fill to normal system design operating pressure. Leave globe valve open).
  - j. Open isolation valve in boiler supply piping.
  - k. Remove hose from bib cock.

### ⚠DANGER

Do not operate boiler with pressure above maximum allowable working pressure listed on the Boiler Rating Label.

DO NOT draw water from boiler while in use. When adding water while boiler is in operation, do not open supply valve fully but add water slowly.

## **⚠ DANGER**

**Ne pas faire fonctionner la chaudière avec une pression supérieure à la pression de service maximale autorisée indiquée sur l'étiquette de la chaudière.**

**NE PAS aspirer d'eau de la chaudière pendant son utilisation. Lors de l'ajout d'eau pendant que la chaudière est en marche, n'ouvrez pas complètement la vanne d'alimentation mais ajoutez de l'eau lentement.**

**C. SET CONTROLS** with burner service switch turned "OFF."

1. PRESS RESET BUTTON on primary control and release.
2. ON WATER BOILERS WITHOUT TANKLESS HEATERS, set high limit dial on L4006A at 210°F. This temperature may be varied to suit requirements of installation.
3. ON WATER BOILERS WITH TANKLESS HEATERS, set low limit operating control dial at 190°F and high limit dial 210°F. Operating control must be a minimum of 20° below high limit setting. Set differential at 25°.

**D. ADJUST BURNER** according to the Burner Manual.

1. FLAME FAILURE

The V9A boiler controls operate the burner automatically. If for unknown reasons the burner ceases to fire and the reset button on the primary control is tripped, the burner has experienced ignition failure. Before pressing the reset button, call your serviceman immediately.

## **⚠ WARNING**

**Do not attempt to start the burner when excess oil or gas has accumulated in the combustion chamber, when the unit is full of vapor, or when the combustion chamber is very hot.**

## **⚠ ADVERTISSEMENT**

**N'essayez pas de démarrer le brûleur lorsqu'un excès d'huile ou de gaz s'est accumulé dans la chambre de combustion, lorsque l'unité est pleine de vapeur ou lorsque la chambre de combustion est très chaude.**

**E. TEST CONTROLS**

## **⚠ WARNING**

**Before installation of the boiler is considered complete, the operation of the boiler controls should be checked, particularly the low water cutoff and the high limit control.**

## **⚠ ADVERTISSEMENT**

**Avant que l'installation de la chaudière ne soit considérée comme terminée, le fonctionnement des commandes de la chaudière doit être vérifié, en particulier la coupure de bas niveau d'eau et la commande de limite haute.**

All controls must be checked prior to putting the boiler in service.

1. CHECK OPERATING CONTROL OPERATION. Raise and lower operating control setting as required to start and stop burner.
2. CHECK OPERATION OF HIGH LIMIT CONTROL. Jumper Operating Control Terminals. Allow burner to operate until shutdown by limit. Installation is not considered complete until this check has been made. REMOVE JUMPER.
3. CHECK LOW WATER CUTOFF control with water level at normal water line (see Figure 1). Raise operating control setting to allow burner to operate. Open boiler drain to allow water level to drop to bottom of sight glass until burner operation is shut down by low water cutoff. Close boiler drain and refill to normal water line. Burner should automatically restart during fill. RESET OPERATING CONTROL.

## **⚠ CAUTION**

**Probe and float type low water cutoff devices require annual inspection and maintenance.**

## **⚠ ATTENTION**

**Les dispositifs de coupure de bas niveau d'eau de type sonde et flotteur nécessitent une inspection et un entretien annuels.**

4. CHECK OPERATING CONTROL on boiler equipped with tankless heaters. With burner off, draw hot water until burner starts, then turn off hot water and check burner shutdown.

## F. BOILER AND SYSTEM CLEANING - WATER BOILERS

1. Filling of Boiler and System --- General --- In a hot water heating system, the boiler and entire system (other than the expansion tank) must be full of water for satisfactory operation. Water should be added to the system until the boiler pressure gauge registers normal system design operating pressure. To insure that the system is full, water should come out of all air vents when opened.
2. Boiling Out of Boiler and System. The oil and grease which accumulate in a new hot water boiler can be washed out in the following manner.
  - a. Remove safety relief valve using extreme care to avoid damaging it.
  - b. Add an appropriate amount of recommended boilout compound.
  - c. Reinstall safety relief valve.
  - d. Fill the entire system with water.
  - e. Start firing the boiler.
  - f. Circulate the water through the entire system.
  - g. Vent the system, including the radiation.
  - h. Allow boiler water to reach operating temperature, if possible.
  - i. Continue to circulate the water for a few hours.
  - j. Stop firing the boiler.
  - k. Drain the system in a manner and to a location that hot water can be discharged with safety.
  - l. Remove plugs from all available returns and wash the water side of the boiler as thoroughly as possible, using a high-pressure water stream.
  - m. Refill the system with fresh water.
3. Add appropriate boiler water treatment compounds as recommended by your local qualified water treatment company.
4. Make pH or Alkalinity Test.  
After boiler and system have been cleaned and refilled as previously described, test the pH of the water in the system. This can easily be done by drawing a small sample of boiler water and testing with hydrion paper which is used in the same manner as litmus paper, except it gives specific readings. A color chart on the side of the small hydrion dispenser gives the reading in pH. Hydrion paper is inexpensive and obtainable from any chemical supply house or thru your local druggist. The pH should be higher than 8.3 but lower than 10.5. Add some appropriate water treatment chemicals, if necessary to bring the pH within the specified range. With this lower level of protection, care must be exercised to eliminate all of the free oxygen in the system.
5. Boiler is now ready to be put into service.

## NOTICE

**IF, DURING NORMAL OPERATION, IT IS NECESSARY TO ADD MORE WATER PER MONTH THAN INDICATED BELOW, CONSULT A QUALIFIED SERVICE TECHNICIAN TO CHECK YOUR SYSTEM FOR LEAKS.**

### EXCESSIVE WATER ADDITION: (Gal/Month)

<b>V903A</b>	<b>16½</b>	<b>V908A</b>	<b>44</b>
<b>V904A</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>V909A</b>	<b>49½</b>
<b>V905A</b>	<b>27½</b>	<b>V910A</b>	<b>55</b>
<b>V906A</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>V911A</b>	<b>60½</b>
<b>V907A</b>	<b>38½</b>	<b>V912A</b>	<b>66</b>

## AVIS

**SI, PENDANT LE FONCTIONNEMENT NORMAL, IL EST NÉCESSAIRE D'AJOUTER PLUS D'EAU PAR MOIS QUE CE QUI EST INDIQUÉ CI-DESSOUS, CONSULTEZ UN TECHNICIEN DE SERVICE QUALIFIÉ POUR VÉRIFIER L'ÉTABLISSEMENT DES FUITES DE VOTRE SYSTÈME.**

### AJOUT D'EAU EXCESSIF: (Gal / Mois)

<b>V903A</b>	<b>16½</b>	<b>V908A</b>	<b>44</b>
<b>V904A</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>V909A</b>	<b>49½</b>
<b>V905A</b>	<b>27½</b>	<b>V910A</b>	<b>55</b>
<b>V906A</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>V911A</b>	<b>60½</b>
<b>V907A</b>	<b>38½</b>	<b>V912A</b>	<b>66</b>

## H. FREQUENT WATER ADDITION

A leaky system will increase the volume of make-up water supplied to the boiler which can significantly shorten the life of the boiler. Entrained in make-up water are dissolved minerals and oxygen. When the fresh, cool make-up water is heated in the boiler the minerals fall out as sediment and the oxygen escapes as a gas. Both can result in reduced boiler life. The accumulation of sediment can eventually isolate the water from contacting the cast iron. When this happens the cast iron in that area gets extremely hot and eventually cracks. The presence of free oxygen in the boiler creates a corrosive atmosphere which, if the concentration becomes high enough, can corrode the cast iron through from the inside. Since neither of these failure types are the result of a casting defect, the warranty does not apply. The maintenance of system integrity is the best method to prevent these types of failure.

## I. OXYGEN CORROSION:

### **⚠️WARNING**

Oxygen contamination of the boiler water will cause corrosion of iron and steel boiler components, and can lead to boiler failure. Burnham's standard warranty does not cover problems caused by oxygen contamination of boiler water or scale (lime) build-up caused by frequent addition of water.

### **⚠️ADVERTISSEMENT**

La contamination par l'oxygène de l'eau de la chaudière entraînera la corrosion des composants de la chaudière en fer et en acier et peut entraîner une panne de la chaudière. La garantie standard de Burnham ne couvre pas les problèmes causés par la contamination par l'oxygène de l'eau de la chaudière ou par l'accumulation de tartre (calcaire) causée par l'addition fréquente d'eau.

There are many possible causes of oxygen contamination such as:

- a. Addition of excessive make-up water as a result of system leaks.
- b. Absorption through open tanks and fittings.
- c. Oxygen permeable materials in the distribution system.

In order to insure long product life, oxygen sources must be eliminated. This can be accomplished by taking the following measures:

- a. Repairing system leaks to eliminate the need for addition of make-up water.
- b. Eliminating open tanks from the system.
- c. Eliminating and/or repairing fittings which allow oxygen absorption.
- d. Use of non-permeable materials in the distribution system.
- e. Consult your local water treatment specialist for specific recommendations.

### **Recommended Water Quality Requirements**

pH - 8.3 - 10.5

TDS - 3500 ppm (Max)

Total alkalinity ppm as CaCO<sub>3</sub> - 1200 (Max)

Total copper ppm - .05

Oily matter ppm -1

total harness ppm -3

chlorides - < 50 ppm

## **SECTION V - SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS**

### **⚠ DANGER**

This boiler uses flammable gas, high voltage electricity, moving parts, and very hot water under high pressure. Assure that all gas and electric power supplies are off and that the water temperature is cool before attempting any disassembly or service.

More than one gas shut-off valve and electrical disconnect switch are used on the boiler. Assure that all gas valves and electrical disconnect switches are off before attempting any disassembly or service.

Do not attempt any service work if gas is present in the air in the vicinity of the boiler. Never modify, remove or tamper with any control device.

### **⚠ DANGER**

Cette chaudière utilise du gaz inflammable, de l'électricité haute tension, des pièces mobiles et de l'eau très chaude sous haute pression. Assurez-vous que toutes les alimentations au gaz et électrique sont éteintes et que la température de l'eau est froide avant de tenter tout démontage ou entretien. Plus d'un robinet d'arrêt de gaz et d'un sectionneur électrique sont utilisés sur la chaudière. Assurez-vous que toutes les vannes de gaz et tous les sectionneurs électriques sont fermés avant de tenter tout démontage ou entretien.

Ne tentez aucun travail d'entretien si du gaz est présent dans l'air à proximité de la chaudière. Ne modifiez, ne retirez ou n'altérez jamais un appareil de contrôle.

### **⚠ WARNING**

This boiler must only be serviced and repaired by skilled and experienced service technicians.

If any controls are replaced, they must be replaced with identical models.

Read, understand and follow all the instructions and warnings contained in all the sections of this manual.

If any electrical wires are disconnected during service, clearly label the wires and assure that the wires are reconnected properly.

NEVER operate boiler without all sight glasses and brackets in place and securely fastened and sealed. Very HOT combustion gas may cause burn injury.

Read, understand and follow all the instructions and warnings contained in ALL of the component instruction manuals.

Assure that all safety and operating controls and components are operating properly before placing the boiler back in service.

### **⚠ ADVERTISSEMENT**

Cette chaudière ne doit être entretenue et réparée que par des techniciens de maintenance qualifiés et expérimentés.

Si des commandes sont remplacées, elles doivent être remplacées par des modèles identiques.

Lisez, comprenez et suivez toutes les instructions et avertissements contenus dans toutes les sections de ce manuel.

Si des fils électriques sont déconnectés pendant le service, étiquetez clairement les fils et assurez-vous que les fils sont correctement rebranchés.

NE JAMAIS faire fonctionner la chaudière sans tous les voyants et supports en place et solidement fixés et scellés. Un gaz de combustion très CHAUD peut provoquer des brûlures.

Lisez, comprenez et suivez toutes les instructions et avertissements contenus dans TOUS les manuels d'instructions des composants.

Assurez-vous que toutes les commandes et tous les composants de sécurité et de fonctionnement fonctionnent correctement avant de remettre la chaudière en service.

**A. GENERAL** — Inspection should be conducted annually. Service as frequently as specified in paragraphs below. While service or maintenance is being done, electrical power to the boiler must be “off.”

**B. CLEAN THE BOILER HEATING SURFACES & FLUE** at least once each year, preferably at the end of the heating season.

1. **CLEAN THE VENT SYSTEM** — Vent system should be checked annually for:
  - a. Obstructions.
  - b. Accumulations of soot.
  - c. Deterioration of vent pipe or vent accessories due to condensation or other reasons.
  - d. Proper support — no sags, particularly in horizontal runs.
  - e. Tightness of joints.
  - f. Remove the smoke pipe. Remove all accumulations of soot with wire brush and vacuum. Remove all obstructions. Replace all deteriorated parts and support properly. Seal all joints.

2. **CLEAN THE BOILER FLUEWAYS**

- a. Remove the jacket left side panels.
- b. Loosen nuts securing the flue cleanout plates and remove the plates. The insulation should be removed with the plates taking care not to damage the insulation.
- c. Slide baffles out through flue openings. If necessary, use needle-nose pliers to grasp baffles. Remove any soot buildup on the baffles.
- d. Using a 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " diameter wire or fibre bristle brush (36" handle) clean the flueways. Start at the top of each flueway opening and work down the pin rows using two or three horizontal strokes per row for best results.

3. **CLEAN TOP OF BOILER SECTIONS**

Remove the jacket top panel. Remove the top flue canopy cover or outlet assembly. Use a flashlight to inspect the upper portion of the flueways and top of castings for soot and debris. Heavy accumulations over 1/16" thick must be removed. Remove the canopy being careful not to damage the cerafelt strips. Brush and vacuum the upper flueways and tops of castings.

4. **CLEAN THE FIREBOX**

- a. Disconnect fuel line(s) and remove burner and burner mounting plate.
- b. Using wire or fibre bristle brush clean crown of boiler and inside of water legs.
- c. Inspect target wall (V903A only) for damage or deterioration. If target wall is damaged, replace.

**5. REASSEMBLE BOILER**

**CAUTION**

**Do not start the burner unless canopy, smokepipe, burner mounting plate and all flue plates are secured in place.**

**ATTENTION**

**Ne démarrez pas le brûleur tant que l'avent, le tuyau de fumée, la plaque de montage du brûleur et toutes les plaques de cheminée ne sont pas fixés en place.**

- a. If removed, install the canopy taking care to align the cerafelt strips. If strips are damaged replace as needed.
- b. Reinstall burner mounting plate to front section making sure 3/16" diameter rope gasket is in place and forms gas tight seal. If gasket is damaged, replace.
- c. Bolt burner to burner mounting plate. Inspect gasket to assure adequate seal. Replace if damaged. Connect oil line(s) and/or gas line(s).
- d. Reinstall flue plates making sure gasket on each plate is in place and forms gas tight seal. If damaged, all edges of the cleanout plates should be sealed with silastic sealant when reinstalled until insulation can be replaced.
- e. If removed, reinstall jacket top.
- f. Reinstall left side panels.
- g. Reinstall smokepipe.

**C. MAINTENANCE OF LOW WATER CUTOFF**

**WARNING**

**Probe and float type low water cutoff devices require annual inspection and maintenance.**

**ADVERTISSEMENT**

**Les dispositifs de coupe de bas niveau d'eau de type sonde et flotteur nécessitent une inspection et un entretien annuels.**

**1. PROBE TYPE LOW WATER CUTOFF**

Although these devices are solid state in their operation, the probe is exposed to possible contamination in the boiler water and subject to fouling.

It is important to physically remove the probe from the boiler tapping annually and inspect that probe for accumulation of scale or sediment.

Follow these steps to inspect, clean and/or replace the probe:

- a. Turn off electric service to the boiler.
- b. Drain boiler water to a level below the tapping for the probe.

## **⚠ DANGER**

Assure that the boiler is at zero pressure before removing the LWCO probe. Do not rely on the pressure gauge to indicate that the boiler is at zero pressure. Open the safety valve to relieve all internal pressure prior to proceeding. Safety valve discharge piping must be piped such that the potential for burns is eliminated.

## **⚠ DANGER**

Assurez-vous que la chaudière est à pression nulle avant de retirer la sonde LWCO. Ne vous fiez pas au manomètre pour indiquer que la chaudière est à pression nulle. Ouvrez la soupape de sécurité pour relâcher toute pression interne avant de continuer. La tuyauterie de décharge de la soupape de sécurité doit être raccordée de manière à éliminer tout risque de brûlure.

- c. Disconnect wiring connections between the low water cutoff control and the probe.
- d. Dismount the low water cutoff control from the probe.
- e. Unscrew the probe from the boiler tapping.
- f. Inspect that portion of the probe that is exposed to the boiler water for a scale or sediment buildup.
- g. Light deposits may be removed by wiping the probe with a damp cloth. Wiping the probe with a cloth soaked in vinegar will remove more tenacious lime deposits. The most stubborn deposits may be removed from the probe by using a diluted amount (three 3 parts of water to one (1) part) of phosphoric acid ( $H_2PO_4$ ).

## **⚠ WARNING**

Exercise caution when handling phosphoric acid and follow the instructions on container label. Always use protective clothing and equipment when working with/near chemicals.

## **⚠ ADVERTISSEMENT**

Soyez prudent lors de la manipulation de l'acide phosphorique et suivez les instructions sur l'étiquette du contenant. Utilisez toujours des vêtements et des équipements de protection lorsque vous travaillez avec / à proximité de produits chimiques.

- h. Wire brushing of the probe is not recommended as the soft platinum guard ring sandwiched between the ceramic insulators may be damaged. Care must be taken not to damage this ring in any way or the useful life of the probe may be shortened.
- i. Clean the pipe threads of the probe to remove old, hardened pipe dope and other foreign matter.
- j. Apply a moderate amount of good quality pipe dope to the pipe threads on the probe. Leaving the two end threads bare. Do not use PTFE (Teflon) tape.

- k. Screw the probe into the boiler tapping.
- l. Mount the low water cutoff control on the probe.
- m. Reconnect the control to probe wiring.
- n. Fill the boiler to its normal waterline.
- o. Add boiler water treatment compound as needed.
- p. Restore electric service to the boiler.
- q. Fire burner to bring the water in the boiler to a boil to drive off free oxygen.
- r. BEFORE RETURNING BOILER TO SERVICE Follow the low water cutoff checkout procedure in Section IV, Paragraph E, Step 3.

### **2. FLOAT TYPE LOW WATER CUTOFF**

During the heating season, if an external low water cutoff is on the boiler, the blow off valve should be opened once a month (use greater frequency where conditions warrant), to flush out the sediment chamber so the device will be free to function properly.

Low water cutoffs and water feeders should be dismantled annually by qualified personnel, to the extent necessary to insure freedom from obstructions and proper functioning of the working parts. Inspect connecting lines to boiler for accumulation of mud, scale, etc., and clean as required. Examine all visible wiring for brittle or worn insulation and make sure electrical contacts are clean and that they function properly. Give special attention to solder joints on bellows and float when this type of control is used. Check float for evidence of collapse and check mercury bulb (where applicable) for mercury separation or discoloration. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO REPAIR MECHANISMS IN THE FIELD. Complete replacement mechanisms, including necessary gaskets and installation instructions, are available from the manufacturer.

### **D. CHECK BURNER AND CONTROLS** at least once a year. See Section IV - Operating Instructions, Paragraph E for control checks. See Burner Manual for burner tests and adjustments.

### **E. LUBRICATE BOILER COMPONENTS** according to manufacturer's instructions. Generally, this involves the oil burner and circulator. This includes the type of lubricant to use, frequency of lubrication, and points to lubricate.

### **F. INSPECT VENT PIPING** and combustion air openings monthly to ensure they are unobstructed and free from leakage and deterioration. Also verify vent terminal is unobstructed.

### **G. INSPECT CONDENSATE DRAIN SYSTEM** monthly to verify it is water-tight and unobstructed.

## **⚠WARNING**

Periodically inspect all condensate traps in venting system to ensure they are full of water and in good condition to maintain a gas-tight seal. Repair, replace and/or refill traps with water if necessary. Failure to do so could cause products of combustion and/or carbon monoxide to enter living space, resulting in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

## **⚠ADVERTISSEMENT**

Inspecter l'ensemble des collecteur de condensats du circuit d'évacuation de manière régulière, pour vous assurer qu'ils soient en bon état et remplis d'eau afin de pouvoir correctement sceller les gaz. Réparer, remplacer et/ou réalimenter les collecteurs en eau si nécessaire. Le non-respect des présentes instructions peut provoquer une fuite de produits combustibles et/ou de monoxyde de carbone et entraîner des dommages corporels et matériels sévères, voire la mort.

## **I. ATTENTION TO BOILER WHILE NOT IN OPERATION**

### **⚠WARNING**

If boiler and system is not used during winter time, it must be fully drained to prevent freeze damage.

### **⚠ADVERTISSEMENT**

Si la chaudière et système n'est pas utilisée pendant l'hiver, elle doit être entièrement vidangée pour éviter les dommages causés par le gel.

1. Spray inside surfaces with light lubricating or crankcase oil using gun with extended stem so as to reach all corners.
2. Always keep the manual fuel supply valve shut off when the burner is shut down for an extended period of time.
3. To recondition the heating system in the fall season after a prolonged shut down, follow the instructions outlined in Section IV - Operating Instructions, Paragraphs B through G.

## **H. GENERAL MAINTENANCE CONSIDERATIONS**

1. Keep radiators and convectors clean.
2. If a hot water radiator is hot at the bottom but not at the top, it indicates that air has accumulated inside and should be vented. To vent radiator, hold small cup under air vent (located near top of radiator), open vent until water escapes and then close.
3. If much water is added to system, it is advisable to heat system to a high temperature and vent again. This will make less venting necessary during the winter.
4. Where an expansion tank is used, make sure that neither the tank nor its drain pipe is exposed to freezing temperatures. Never place valves in piping leading to or from expansion tank.
5. Boiler and system cleaning will help assure trouble free operation. See Section IV - Operating Instructions, Paragraphs F or G for procedure.

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## **SECTION VI - REPAIR PARTS**

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For service or repairs to boiler, call your heating contractor. When seeking information on boiler, provide Boiler Model Number and Serial Number as shown on Rating Label.

Boiler Model Number _V9_ _ A	Boiler Serial Number 6_____	Installation Date
Heating Contractor	Type of Fuel	
Address	Phone Number	

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All V9A Series Repair Parts may be obtained through your local Burnham Wholesale distributor. Should you require assistance in locating a Burnham Distributor in your area, or have questions regarding the availability of Burnham products or repair parts, please contact Burnham Customer Service at 888-791-3790 or Fax (717) 293-5803.

## SECTION VI - REPAIR PARTS (CONTINUED)

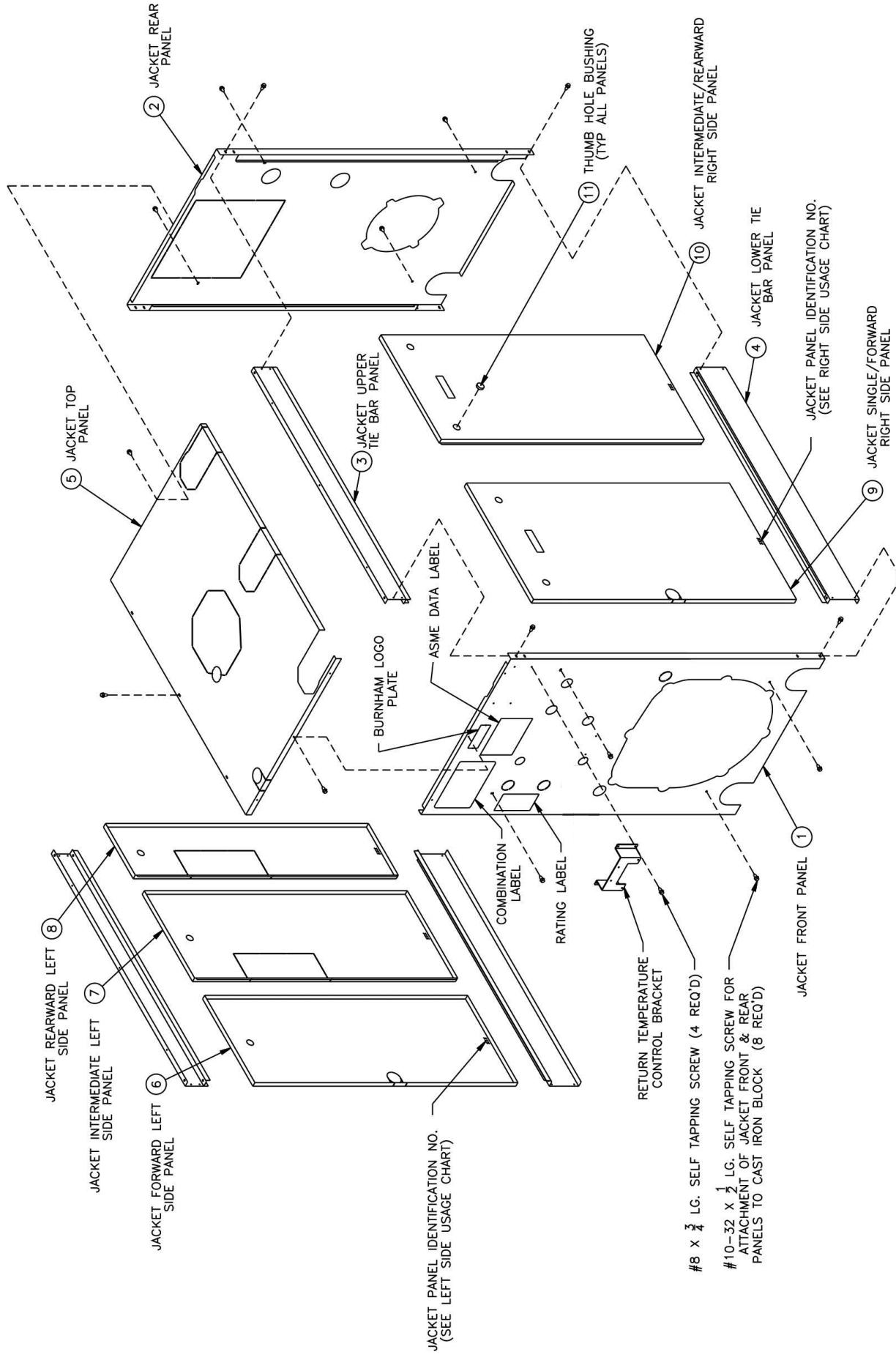
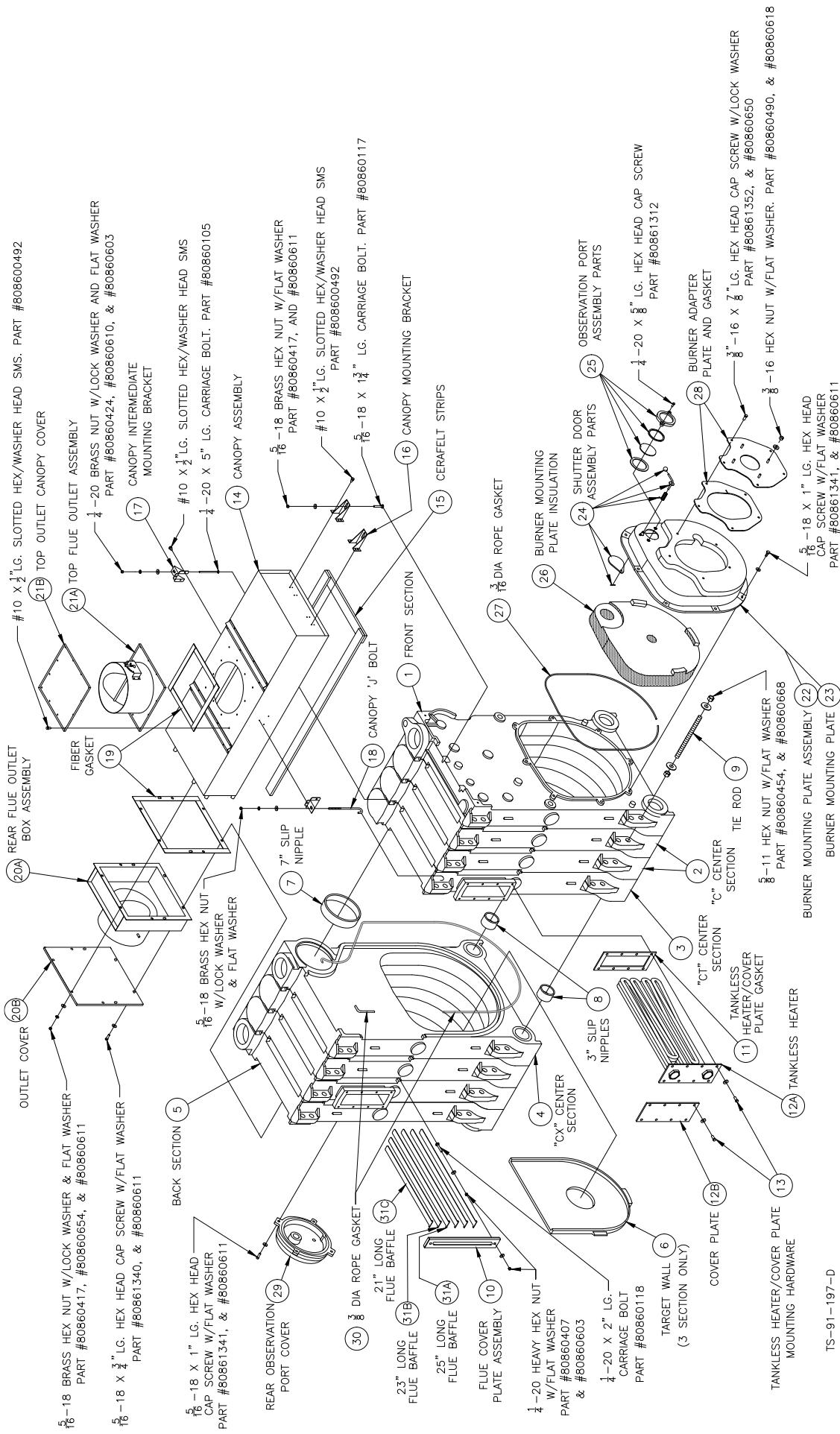


Figure 33: V9A Series Jacket Assembly (Boiler Models V903A thru V912A)

## JACKET REPAIR PARTS (Models V903A Thru V912A)

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	BOILER SIZE / QUANTITY										PART NO.
		V903A	V904A	V905A	V906A	V907A	V908A	V909A	V910A	V911A	V912A	
1	Jacket Front Panel Assembly	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	6042926
2	Jacket Rear Panel Assembly	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	6042927
3	Jacket Upper Tie Bar Panel Assemblies:											
3A	Jacket Upper Tie Bar Panel Assy., V903A											60429037
3B	Jacket Upper Tie Bar Panel Assy., V904A											60429047
3C	Jacket Upper Tie Bar Panel Assy., V905A											60429057
3D	Jacket Upper Tie Bar Panel Assy., V906A											60429067
3E	Jacket Upper Tie Bar Panel Assy., V907A											60429077
3F	Jacket Upper Tie Bar Panel Assy., V908A											60429087
3G	Jacket Upper Tie Bar Panel Assy., V909A											60429097
3H	Jacket Upper Tie Bar Panel Assy., V910A											60429107
3I	Jacket Upper Tie Bar Panel Assy., V911A											60429117
3J	Jacket Upper Tie Bar Panel Assy., V912A											60429127
4	Jacket Lower Tie Bar Panel Assemblies:											
4A	Jacket Lower Tie Bar Panel Assy., V903A											60429038
4B	Jacket Lower Tie Bar Panel Assy., V904A											60429048
4C	Jacket Lower Tie Bar Panel Assy., V905A											60429058
4D	Jacket Lower Tie Bar Panel Assy., V906A											60429068
4E	Jacket Lower Tie Bar Panel Assy., V907A											60429078
4F	Jacket Lower Tie Bar Panel Assy., V908A											60429088
4G	Jacket Lower Tie Bar Panel Assy., V909A											60429098
4H	Jacket Lower Tie Bar Panel Assy., V910A											60429108
4I	Jacket Lower Tie Bar Panel Assy., V911A											60429118
4J	Jacket Lower Tie Bar Panel Assy., V912A											60429128
5	Jacket Top Panel Assemblies:											
5A	Jacket Top Panel Assembly, V903A											604290331
5B	Jacket Top Panel Assembly, V904A											604290431
5C	Jacket Top Panel Assembly, V905A											604290531
5D	Jacket Top Panel Assembly, V906A											604290631
5E	Jacket Top Panel Assembly, V907A											604290731
5F	Jacket Top Panel Assembly, V908A											604290831
5G	Jacket Top Panel Assembly, V909A											604290931
5H	Jacket Top Panel Assembly, V910A											604291031
5I	Jacket Top Panel Assembly, V911A											604291131
5J	Jacket Top Panel Assembly, V912A											604291231
6	Jacket Forward Left Side Panel Assemblies:											
6A	Jacket Forward L.S. Pnl. Assy., No L5											6042914
6B	Jacket Forward L.S. Pnl. Assy., No L11											6042915
6C	Jacket Forward L.S. Pnl. Assy., No L17											6042917
7	Jacket Intermediate Left Side Panel Assy., No. L18											6042918
8	Jacket Rearward Left Side Panel Assembly, No. L10											6042913
9	Jacket Single/Forward Right Side Panel Assemblies:											
9A	Jacket Single/Forward R.S. Pnl. Assy., No. R15											6042919
9B	Jacket Single/Forward R.S. Pnl. Assy., No. R21											6042920
9C	Jacket Single/Forward R.S. Pnl. Assy., No. R27											6042921
9D	Jacket Single/Forward R.S. Pnl. Assy., No. R33											6042922
10	Jacket Intermediate/Rearward Right Side Panel											
10A	Jacket Intermed/Rward R.S. Pnl. Assy., No. R24											6042923
10B	Jacket Intermed/Rward R.S. Pnl. Assy., No. R30											6042924
11	Thumb Hole Bushing, Heyco SB-1093-15, #2166 Black	3	4	4	5	6	7	8	8	8	11	8136257



**Figure 34:** Bare Boiler Assembly

## REPAIR PARTS FOR BARE BOILER ASSEMBLY

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	BOILER SIZE / QUANTITY										PART NO.
		V903A	V904A	V905A	V906A	V907A	V908A	V909A	V910A	V911A	V912A	
1	Front Section	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7172936
2	"C" Center Section	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	7172940
3	Optional - "CT" Center Section w/Tankless Heater Opening - Max. No. of Heaters - ("CT" Replaces "C" Center Section)	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	7172941
4	"CX" Center Section with 4" Supply Tapping - Steam Boiler Only										1	7172942
5	Back Section	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7172938
6	Target Wall (V903A only)	1										6202901
	Silastic, 500°F, 10 oz. Tube	2	3	3	4	5	6	6	7	8	9	9056060
7	7" Cast Iron Slip Nipple	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	7066004
8	3" Cast Iron Slip Nipple	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	7066002
	Nipple Lubricant, Loctite® #592, 50 ml	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6	8056254
	Nipple Gauge, 3" & 7"	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	806600023
9	5/8" - 11 x 9-3/4"" Lg. Tie Rod	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	80861101
10	Formed Steel Flue Cover Plate (with insulation)	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	6112901
11	Tankless Heater/Cover Plate Gasket											8036058
12A	V9-2 Tankless Heater Assembly (Includes gasket & mounting hdwe)											6032901
	- OR -											60429048
12B	Blank Heater Cover Plate											7036020
13	Tankless Heater /Cover Plate Mounting Hardware, 3/8" -17-7/8" Lg.											80361337
	Cap Screw, SA-307B (ASME Code Mat'l)	1										6112903001
		1										6112904001
			1									6112905001
				1								6112906001
					1							6112907001
						1						6112908001
							1					6112909001
								1				6112910001
									1			6112911001
										1		6112912001
14	Canopy Assemblies	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	9206003
		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	71129002
						2	2	2	4	4	4	71129007
							1	1	2	2	2	80861679
								10.5	10.5	10.5	11	9206032
20A	Rear Flue Outlet Assembly, 7" Dia. Collar	10	10	10	10	10	10.5	10.5	10.5	11	11	
	Rear Flue Outlet Assembly, 8" Dia. Collar	1	1									61129003
	Rear Flue Outlet Assembly, 10" Dia. Collar											61129042
	Rear Flue Outlet Assembly, 12" Dia. Collar											61129062
	- OR -											61129092
20B	Rear Flue Outlet Cover	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	61129001
21A	Top Flue Outlet Assembly, 7" Dia. Collar	1	1									6112627
	Top Flue Outlet Assembly, 8" Dia. Collar											6112628
	Top Flue Outlet Assembly, 10" Dia. Collar											6112629
	Top Flue Outlet Assembly, 12" Dia. Collar											
	- OR -											

## REPAIR PARTS FOR BARE BOILER ASSEMBLY (Continued)

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	BOILER SIZE / QUANTITY									PART NO.	
		V903A	V904A	V905A	V906A	V907A	V908A	V909A	V910A	V911A		
21B	Top Outlet Canopy Cover, 7 & 8" Dia. Opening	1	1	1	1	1					7112638	
	Top Outlet Canopy Cover, 10" Dia. Opening						1	1	1		7112639	
	Top Outlet Canopy Cover, 12" Dia. Opening								1	1	7112640	
22	Burner Mounting Plate Assemblies (Incl. Items 23-27 & Mtg. Hdwe)											
	8" Extended Burner Mounting Plate Assembly	1	1	1							6022909	
	- OR -											
	4" Standard Burner Mounting Plate Assembly				1	1	1	1	1	1	6022908	
23	Burner Mounting Plate:											
	8" Extended C.I. Burner Mounting Plate (Machined & Painted)	1	1	1							7172913	
	- OR -						1	1	1	1		
	4" Extended C.I. Burner Mounting Plate (Machined & Painted)						1	1	1	1	7172912	
24	Shutter Door Assembly Parts:											
	Handle Knob	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8026036	
	Shutter Handle	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8026033	
	Shutter Spring	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8026034	
	Observation Port Shutter (Machined & Painted)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	70260051	
	Spring Pin	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8026035	
25	Observation Port Assembly Parts:											
	Observation Port Cover (Machined & Painted)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	70260041	
	Observation Port Outer Gasket	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8206001	
	Observation Port Glass	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8026032	
	Observation Port Inner Gasket	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8206002	
26	8" Extended Burner Mounting Plate Insulation	1	1	1							8202905	
	-OR -				1	1	1	1	1	1		
	4" Standard Burner Mounting Plate Insulation					1	1	1	1	1	8202904	
27	3/16" Dia. Rope Gasket	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	72026021	
28	Burner Adapter Plate Assembly w/Gasket and Hardware:											
	Beckett ("CF") BAP No. 920, 4-3/4" Dia. Hole	1	1								602292201	
	Beckett ("CF") BAP No. 921, 6-1/8" Dia. Hole			1	1						602292211	
	Beckett ("CF") BAP No. 922, 6-3/4" Dia. Hole				1	1	1	1	1	1	602292221	
	- OR -											
	Power Flame ("C") BAP No. 940 , 7-1/2" Dia. Hole	1	1	1	1						602292401	
	Power Flame ("C") BAP No. 941 , 9" Dia. Hole					1	1	1	1	1	602292411	
	- OR -											
	Power Flame ("JR") BAP No. 945 , 6-3/8" Dia. Hole	1	1	1	1						602292451	
	Power Flame ("JR") BAP No. 946 , 8-3/8" Dia. Hole					1	1	1			602292461	
	- OR -											
	Webster BAP No. 960, 6-5/8" Dia. Hole	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	60229260	
	Burner Adapter Plate Gasket Only	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8202906	
	Rear Observation Port Cover Assembly (Incl. Gasket & Mtg. Hdwe)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	609600011	
29	Gasket Only	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9206060	
30	3/8" Diameter Rope Gasket	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	7202948	
	Press Relief Door Assembly (not shown)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	61125251	
	Press Relief Door Gasket (not shown)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8206003	
31A	25" Long Flue Baffle	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	111910-01
31B	23" Long Flue Baffle	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	111910-02
31C	21" Long Flue Baffle	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	111910-03

## WATER TRIM

### Item Description

Aquastat Controller: Honeywell L4006A2015 (K.D. & Pkgd. Boilers)  
     Honeywell L4006E1133 (Pkgd. Boiler Only)  
 Immersion Well, Honeywell #123871A,  $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT (K.D. Boiler)  
     (Pkgd. Boiler)  
 Low Water Cutoff, M&M 751P-MT (Pkgd. Boiler Only)  
 Temperature / Pressure Gauge, Ametek #144840,  $\frac{1}{2}$ " NPT  
 Relief Valve Piping:  
 Hex Bushing,  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " NPT x  $\frac{3}{4}$ " FPT, Black  
 Hex Bushing,  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " NPT x 1" FPT, Black  
 Nipple,  $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT x  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " Lg., Black  
 Nipple, 1" NPT x  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " Lg., Black  
 Street Elbow,  $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT x  $90^\circ$ , Malleable  
 Street Elbow, 1" NPT x  $90^\circ$  Malleable  
 Relief Valve, Conbraco #10-102-10,  $\frac{3}{4}$ " x 1" FPT, 50# W.P.  
 Relief Valve, Conbraco #10-605-10, 1" x 1" FPT, 50# W.P.  
 Relief Valve, Conbraco #10-615-10, 1" x  $1\frac{1}{4}$ " FPT, 50# W.P.  
 Plug Extra Tappings:  
 Pipe Plug,  $\frac{1}{2}$ " NPT, Countersunk, Black  
 Pipe Plug,  $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT, Countersunk, Black  
 Pipe Plug, 1" NPT, Countersunk, Black  
 Pipe Plug,  $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT, Square Head, Black  
 Pipe Plug, 1" NPT, Square Head, Black

	BOILER SIZE / QUANTITY			PART NO.
	V903A/ V906A	V907A/V909A	V910A/V912A	
Aquastat Controller: Honeywell L4006A2015 (K.D. & Pkgd. Boilers)	1	1	1	80160400
Honeywell L4006E1133 (Pkgd. Boiler Only)	1	1	1	80160703
Immersion Well, Honeywell #123871A, $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT (K.D. Boiler)	1	1	1	80160452
(Pkgd. Boiler)	2	2	2	80160452
Low Water Cutoff, M&M 751P-MT (Pkgd. Boiler Only)	1	1	1	80160718
Temperature / Pressure Gauge, Ametek #144840, $\frac{1}{2}$ " NPT	1	1	1	8056028
Relief Valve Piping:				
Hex Bushing, $1\frac{1}{2}$ " NPT x $\frac{3}{4}$ " FPT, Black	1			806600507
Hex Bushing, $1\frac{1}{2}$ " NPT x 1" FPT, Black		1	1	806600521
Nipple, $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT x $3\frac{1}{2}$ " Lg., Black	1			806600038
Nipple, 1" NPT x $3\frac{1}{2}$ " Lg., Black		1	1	806600217
Street Elbow, $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT x $90^\circ$ , Malleable	1			806601501
Street Elbow, 1" NPT x $90^\circ$ Malleable		1	1	806601514
Relief Valve, Conbraco #10-102-10, $\frac{3}{4}$ " x 1" FPT, 50# W.P.	1			81660387
Relief Valve, Conbraco #10-605-10, 1" x 1" FPT, 50# W.P.		1		81660805
Relief Valve, Conbraco #10-615-10, 1" x $1\frac{1}{4}$ " FPT, 50# W.P.			1	81660362
Plug Extra Tappings:				
Pipe Plug, $\frac{1}{2}$ " NPT, Countersunk, Black	2	2	2	806603510
Pipe Plug, $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT, Countersunk, Black	1	1	1	806603504
Pipe Plug, 1" NPT, Countersunk, Black	1	1	1	806603517
Pipe Plug, $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT, Square Head, Black	2	2	2	806603512
Pipe Plug, 1" NPT, Square Head, Black	3	3	3	806603501

# SERVICE RECORD

DATE

SERVICE PERFORMED

# Limited Warranty

## For Commercial Grade Boilers

Using Cast Iron, Carbon Steel,  
or Stainless Steel Heat Exchangers  
and Parts/Accessories

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth below, Burnham Commercial, Lancaster, Pennsylvania hereby extends the following limited warranties to the original owner of a commercial grade water or steam boiler or Burnham Commercial supplied parts and/or accessories manufactured and shipped on or after October 1, 2009:

### ONE YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY ON COMMERCIAL GRADE BOILERS AND PARTS / ACCESSORIES SUPPLIED BY BURNHAM COMMERCIAL.

Burnham Commercial warrants to the original owner that its commercial grade water and steam boilers and parts/accessories comply at the time of manufacture with recognized hydronic industry standards and requirements then in effect and will be free of defects in material and workmanship under normal usage for a period of one year from the date of original installation. If any part of a commercial grade boiler or any part or accessory provided by Burnham Commercial is found to be defective in material or workmanship during this one year period, Burnham Commercial will, at its option, repair or replace the defective part (not including labor).

### HEAT EXCHANGER WARRANTIES

Burnham Commercial warrants to the original owner that the heat exchanger of its commercial grade boilers will remain free from defects in material and workmanship under normal usage for the time period specified in the chart below to the original owner at the original place of installation. If a claim is made under this warranty during the "No Charge" period from the date of original installation, Burnham Commercial will, at its option, repair or replace the heat exchanger (not including labor). If a claim is made under this warranty after the expiration of the "No Charge" period from the date of original installation, Burnham Commercial will, at its option and upon payment of the pro-rated service charge set forth below, repair or replace the heat exchanger. The service charge applicable to a heat exchanger warranty claim is based upon the number of years the heat exchanger has been in service and will be determined as a percentage of the retail price of the heat exchanger model involved at the time the warranty claim is made as follows:

Years in Service	Service Charge as a % of Retail Price									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10+
Cast Iron	No Charge									100
Carbon Steel	No Charge						100			
Stainless Steel	No Charge				20	40	60	80	100	

NOTE: If the heat exchanger involved is no longer available due to product obsolescence or redesign, the value used to establish the retail price will be the published price as set forth in Burnham Commercial Repair Parts Pricing where the heat exchanger last appeared or the current retail price of the then nearest equivalent heat exchanger, whichever is greater.

### ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- Applicability: The limited warranties set forth above are extended only to the original owner at the original place of installation within the United States and Canada. These warranties are applicable only to boilers, parts, or accessories designated as commercial grade by Burnham Commercial and installed and used exclusively for purposes of commercial space heating or domestic hot water generation through a heat exchanger (or a combination for such purposes) and do not apply to residential grade products or industrial uses.
- Components Manufactured by Others: Upon expiration of the one year limited warranty on commercial grade boilers, all boiler components other than heat exchangers manufactured by others but furnished by Burnham Commercial (such as oil burner, circulator and controls) will be subject only to the manufacturer's warranty, if any.
- Proper Installation: The warranties extended by Burnham Commercial are conditioned upon the installation of the commercial grade boiler, parts, and accessories in strict compliance with Burnham Commercial installation instructions. Burnham Commercial specifically disclaims liability of any kind caused by or relating to improper installation.
- Proper Use and Maintenance: The warranties extended by Burnham Commercial conditioned upon the use of the commercial grade boiler, parts, and accessories for its intended purposes and its maintenance accordance with Burnham Commercial recommendations and hydronics industry standards. For proper installation, use, and maintenance, see all applicable sections of the Installation and Operating, and Service Instructions Manual furnished with the unit.
- This warranty does not cover the following:
  - Expenses for removal or reinstallation. The owner will be responsible for the cost of removing and reinstalling the alleged defective part or its replacement and all labor and material connected therewith, and transportation to and from Burnham Commercial.
  - Components that are part of the heating system but were not furnished by Burnham Commercial as part of the commercial boiler.
  - Improper burner adjustment, control settings, care or maintenance.
  - This warranty cannot be considered as a guarantee of workmanship of an installer connected with the installation of the Burnham Commercial boiler, or as imposing on Burnham Commercial liability of any nature for unsatisfactory performance as a result of faulty workmanship in the installation, which liability is expressly disclaimed.

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- Boilers, parts, or accessories installed outside the 48 contiguous United States, the State of Alaska and Canada.
  - Damage to the boiler and/or property due to installation or operation of the boiler that is not in accordance with the boiler installation and operating instruction manual.
  - Any damage or failure of the boiler resulting from hard water, scale buildup or corrosion of the heat exchanger.
  - Any damage caused by improper fuels, fuel additives or contaminated combustion air that may cause fireside corrosion and/or clogging of the burner or heat exchanger.
  - Any damage resulting from combustion air contaminated with particulate which cause clogging of the burner or combustion chamber including but not limited to sheetrock or plasterboard particles, dirt, and dust particulate.
  - Any damage, defects or malfunctions resulting from improper operation, maintenance, misuse, abuse, accident, negligence including but not limited to operation with insufficient water flow, improper water level, improper water chemistry, or damage from freezing.
  - Any damage caused by water side clogging due to dirty systems or corrosion products from the system.
  - Any damage resulting from natural disaster.
  - Damage or malfunction due to the lack of required maintenance outlined in the Installation and Operating Manuals furnished with the unit.
6. Exclusive Remedy: Burnham Commercial obligation for any breach of these warranties is limited to the repair or replacement of its parts (not including labor) in accordance with the terms and conditions of these warranties.
7. Limitation of Damages: Under no circumstances shall Burnham Commercial be liable for incidental, indirect, special or consequential damages of any kind whatsoever under these warranties, including, but not limited to, injury or damage to persons or property and damages for loss of use, inconvenience or loss of time. Burnham Commercial liability under these warranties shall under no circumstances exceed the purchase price paid by the owner for the commercial grade boiler involved. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.
8. Limitation of Warranties: These warranties set forth the entire obligation of Burnham Commercial with respect to any defect in a commercial grade boiler, parts, or accessories and Burnham Commercial shall have no express obligations, responsibilities or liabilities of any kind whatsoever other than those set forth herein. These warranties are given in lieu of all other express warranties.

**ALL APPLICABLE IMPLIED WARRANTIES, IF ANY, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE EXPRESSLY LIMITED IN DURATION TO A PERIOD OF ONE YEAR EXCEPT THAT IMPLIED WARRANTIES, IF ANY, APPLICABLE TO THE HEAT EXCHANGER IN A COMMERCIAL GRADE BOILER SHALL EXTEND TO THE ORIGINAL OWNER FOR THE TIME SPECIFIED IN THE HEAT EXCHANGER SECTION SHOWN ABOVE AT THE ORIGINAL PLACE OF INSTALLATION. SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW LIMITATION ON HOW LONG AN IMPLIED WARRANTY LASTS, SO THE ABOVE LIMITATION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU.**

### PROCEDURE FOR OBTAINING WARRANTY SERVICE

In order to assure prompt warranty service, the owner is requested to complete and mail the Warranty Card provided with the product or register product online at [www.burnhamcommercialcastiron.com](http://www.burnhamcommercialcastiron.com) within ten days after the installation of the boiler, although failure to comply with this request will not void the owner's rights under these warranties. Upon discovery of a condition believed to be related to a defect in material or workmanship covered by these warranties, the owner should notify the installer, who will in turn notify the distributor. If this action is not possible or does not produce a prompt response, the owner should write to Burnham Commercial, P.O. Box 3939, Lancaster, PA 17604, giving full particulars in support of the claim. The owner is required to make available for inspection by Burnham Commercial or its representative the parts claimed to be defective and, if requested by Burnham Commercial to ship these parts prepaid to Burnham Commercial at the above address for inspection or repair. In addition, the owner agrees to make all reasonable efforts to settle any disagreement arising in connection with a claim before resorting to legal remedies in the courts.

**THIS WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS AND YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER RIGHTS WHICH VARY FROM STATE TO STATE.**



Burnham Commercial, P.O. Box 3939, Lancaster, PA 17604

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